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The Washington Post

The Weather

Today—Increasing cloudiness followed by snow and colder at night and tomorrow. Yesterday—High, 40; low, 17. Details on page 21.

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THREE CENTS

Browder Guilty, Gets 4 Years And \$2,000 Fine

Judge Tells Jury
Verdict Was Only
One Possible in
Passport Fraud

By William S. White
Associated Press Staff Writer
New York, Jan. 22.—Earl Russell Browder, Kansas-born Communist leader, was convicted of passport fraud in Federal Court today and sentenced to 4 years in prison and fined \$2,000. The jury of 11 men and a young woman deliberated only 45 minutes on the verdict after hearing Browder himself in a singular summation plead for his freedom for more than an hour. No other defense was offered. He was accused specifically of borrowing the names of three other men and affixing them to passport applications, later denying he had done this.

Brushing aside his attorney, George Gordon Battle, Browder took the floor with the statement that he was a correspondence school lawyer.

Candidate For Congress

The sentence was pronounced immediately after the jury was polled and a defense motion for delay was denied. It specified that 2-year sentences on each of two counts must be served consecutively. The maximum prison sentence would have been 10 years.

In the momentary quiet that followed the verdict, Judge Alfred Cox turned to the jury and said:

"I am not in the habit of thanking juries, but I must say that the verdict was the only possible one that could have been returned."

Browder, a perennial candidate for political office, was the Communist candidate for President in 1936 and now is a candidate for the seat in Congress vacated by the recent death of Representative Stovich (Democrat), New York.

Calls Sentence an Honor

Tonight, standing before some 20,000 persons at a Communist demonstration in Madison Square Garden, the 48-year-old convicted party head made it clear his Congressional candidacy would go on, and asserted he considered his sentence "a great honor."

"Today," he added, "I received in your behalf a sentence against our movement. At the same time, carrying our appeal from the court of the ruling class of America to the people of America, the verdict is but one movement in the drive toward war."

"In this court today, I was prohibited from speaking except within the limits laid down by the judge."

This apparently was in reference to the fact that, in presenting a case that was defenseless save for his appeal to the jury, he was several times admonished by the Court to discuss only the evidence.

"Above all," Browder asserted, "I was prohibited from discussing the motives of the prosecution."

"It is not enough to say that the motives of the prosecution lie in the general campaign of the ruling class to prepare this country for war."

The trial today is the opening gun to curb the labor movement.

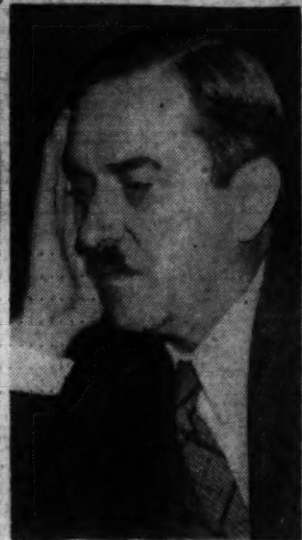
Jailed as Draft Evader

"It belongs with the war and hunger budget—the campaign against labor leaders."

Browder acknowledged at the outset that he had traveled incognito to and from conferences with Soviet leaders in Moscow.

This was done, his attorney explained, because as a Communist Browder's travels through Europe

See BROWDER, Page 3, Column 1.



EARL BROWDER
"A Great Honor"

D.C. Symphony Imperiled by Union Impasse

Association Calls
Off Drive for Funds,
Due to Start Feb. 5

The Capital was faced with the loss of its symphony orchestra last night as the National Symphony Orchestra Association and the Musicians' Protective Union became deadlocked over wages in negotiations for a 1940-41 contract.

With revelation of the stalemate, the association's board of directors announced that it had called off its fund drive, scheduled to open February 5, since it was unable to prepare a budget or data necessary for the campaign. Steps were taken to notify 700 solicitors the drive was cancelled.

Since at least one-half of the money necessary to maintain the 80-piece orchestra must be raised through public subscription, cancellation of the drive in effect would prevent a return of the 9-year-old musical institution next summer and fall.

Le Corbin Strong, president of the orchestra association, informed the board of directors last night that it would be impossible to meet the musicians' requests for a longer season and increase in base pay, since they would increase operating costs by \$27,000.

"Last winter," said Strong, "we raised \$109,000 through public subscription for the current 23-week season, which ends April 14. Although we had agreed to give the musicians a 25-week season, lack of funds prevented us from doing so. It would be impossible to raise \$130,000 in the campaign."

He pointed out that only about \$100,000 was raised through gate receipts, and that the rest of the

See SYMPHONY, Page 3, Column 1.

Abe Lincoln Show Draws First Lady And D. C. Society

Through the glare of movie floodlights, social, political, official and diplomatic Washington turned out last night to see the premiere of "Abe Lincoln in Illinois" at RKO-Kelley's.

Police locked hands and forced a path through the crowd for Mrs. Roosevelt. Everybody cheered.

"I'm sorry I have to go through a picket line," she said.

The theater was picketed by men and women protesting exclusion of colored people. (See Pages 10 and 15.)

Hook's Charges Link Dies To Christian Front Activity

By John B. Oakes

On the eve of House action continuing the Dies committee for another year, a New Deal Representative from Michigan yesterday alleged that Chairman Dies himself was "in active association with a prominent collaborator of the Christian Front."

Presented to the House by Representative Hook, the charges were characterized by the acting chairman of the Dies committee, Representative Starnes, of Alabama, as "a work of desperation in a last-minute attempt to smear" Dies and the committee.

In Orange, Tex., where he is lying ill, Dies said Hook's accusation was "too ridiculous to justify serious

Notables Bow In Sorrow at Borah's Bier

President, Congress,
Diplomats, Court,
Cabinet Attend
State Funeral

By Edward T. Follard.
Post Staff Writer
(Pictures on Page 12.)

Senator William E. Borah, of Idaho, so often a lonely political figure in life, received in death yesterday the homage of the Nation and the world.

No such throng was ever before seen in the Senate chamber as assembled for the state funeral of the venerated "Lone Rider."

President Franklin D. Roosevelt and the other mighty of the land were there, and also the diplomats of 43 foreign countries—more than had ever before turned out for such a ceremony. Their presence in such numbers was a token of Borah's world-wide fame.

Public Galleries Filled

In the public galleries of the dimly lighted chamber the crowds were jammed against the walls, and scores were turned away.

The poignancy of the scene and the service was too much for Carter Glass. The 82-year-old Senator from Virginia, dean of the Senate in age, saw the empty desk of Borah, a spray of red roses across its top. He saw the casket of his old friend with its blanket of lilies.

He heard the sweet strains of "Lead Kindly Light," the comforting words of the Episcopal funeral service—and he wept openly, dabbing his eyes with a handkerchief.

Gore Pays Tribute

Former Senator Thomas P. Gore, of Oklahoma, heard but did not see the funeral service. He is blind. He was blind when he served with Borah, but he well sensed the Idahoan's innate kindness and sincerity. When the others had filed out of the chamber yesterday, Gore had an attendant take him forward. He placed a hand on the casket and stroked it reverently.

The Senate chamber, small compared with that of the House, had a cathedral-like air during the funeral. Palms had been placed in niches on the walls. A mound of flowers loomed behind the casket. Two huge wreaths leaned against it, one bearing a ribbon inscribed "U. S. Senate," and another the inscription, "To a True American—The Americans of German Descent of Chicago."

There were other floral tributes from the White House and from the Diplomatic Corps.

Mrs. Borah Retires

Mrs. Borah, widow of the great statesman, entered the chamber before the services began, on the arm of the Rev. Dr. ZeBarney Phillips, chaplain of the Senate. She looked at the casket and the flowers and then took a seat in the lobby behind the Vice President's dais. It had been planned that she would sit up front during the service, but she chose to remain out of sight, fearful she might give way to her emotions in public.

The Senators came in first and gathered close together in extra chairs on the Democratic side making room for other guests. Many former Senators were there, including Watson of Indiana and Brookhart of Iowa.

Senator Hiram Johnson, of California, Borah's old companion-in-arms in the League of Nations battle, plainly showed his grief as he came in.

Diplomats En Masse

Led by George T. Summerlin, the State Department's protocol chief, the Diplomatic Corps filed in, with the dean, Ambassador, Don Manuel de Freyre, of Peru, in the van. The Russian Ambassador, Constantine Oumansky, took a seat not far

See BORAH, Page 4, Column 4.

Armed Nazis Reach Border Of Rumania

Germans to Police
Railroads in Soviet
Territory After
Rebellion of Crews

By Edward Kennedy
Associated Press Staff Writer
Bucharest, Jan. 22.—Rebello-

liousness of train crews on the line linking Germany with Rumanian wheat and oil has forced the Reich to send an armed force to police the railway through Russian Poland and the first troops already have reached the Rumanian border.

Russia agreed to the occupation of more than 200 miles of the line by German troops, according to official information from Berlin and Moscow.

Russia also was reported to have agreed to let German technicians supervise operation of oil fields in Russian-occupied Poland in order to speed up production of much-needed oil for the Reich's army and air corps.

Red Troops Withdrawn

The use of a German military force to act as railway police, which it was understood already has resulted in withdrawal of some Red army troops, was reported agreed upon after Berlin complained that shipments were slow and sometimes lost, and that the crews were rebellious and inefficient.

It is understood here Rumania has been assured the new agreements do not mean a big concentration of German troops near her borders.

Some diplomats pointed out, however, that the presence of German soldiers, even as railway police, might be used to bring pressure on Rumania.

The line occupied by the Germans runs from Cernauti, in Bukovina, Rumania's northern province adjoining Russia, through Lwow and Jaroslavl in former Poland to German Silesia.

Hops to Ease Production

Arrival of the military police and rail crews at Lwow gave rise to rumors here last week of a new territorial division of Poland between the Reich and the Soviet, with Germany occupying a section up to the Rumanian frontier in which Polish oil wells are located.

Officials here said these reports were groundless and that the new agreement affected only the railway and the technical supervision of the oil fields.

The German technical crews are being brought in, it was reported, with a view to increasing production of oil.

Shipments Below Promise

Bucharest, Jan. 22.—Well-informed petroleum circles said today that oil shipments to Germany amount to only a third of the volume promised in the Rumanian-German agreement of December 21.

Instead of 300 tank cars daily, as established by the agreement, See BALKAN, Page 5, Column 2.

Kind Words and Coffee Revive Mr. Hornblow's Faith in Self

Old-Timers Cheer
Him Through Ordeal
Of Inspection Bureau

As you may recall, Homer Hornblow was assigned to interview a one-time District voter—

Editor's note.

By Homer Hornblow
Post Staff Writer.

District Automobile Inspection Station No. 2, Jan. 22.—The tide has turned!

For five days success eluded me. For five days I fought against despair while misfortune dogged my every step. But now all that has changed.

And if tonight the world is bright and my incentive to carry on has been restored, I owe it all to that unknown officer who sent me to this forgotten outpost where life is genuine.

The day began inauspiciously enough. At daybreak I was torn from slumber by a symphony of unfamiliar sounds, and, struggling upright, I found myself in what at first glance seemed a world composed of poultry trucks and sweating laborers.

It was a noisy, bustling world and not at all the sort of thing one likes to see upon awakening. Silently, I cursed my fate and courageously awaited the next

U. S. Calls on Britain to Stop 'Discriminatory' Ship Delays; Japan Protests Arrests at Sea

Tokyo Declares
Prestige Injured
By Capture of
Asama Passengers

By Hugh Byas
Copyright by New York Times
Tokyo, Jan. 22.—The Japanese government regards the British seizure of 21 German seamen from the Japanese liner Asama Maru, as a "serious unfriendly act" for which it requires a "full valid explanation promptly."

A note containing this emphatic protest was handed to British Ambassador Sir Robert Leslie Craigie tonight by Vice Foreign Minister Masayuki Tanii.

Its terms were decided upon this afternoon in a conference between foreign office, navy and army officials. The note recapitulated the circumstances wherein the Germans were captured.

Position Made Clear

It was declared that the British government must know that Japan adheres to the principle that only nationals actually embodied in the armed forces could be seized aboard neutral vessels on the high seas.

Nevertheless, a British warship took forcible measures against a Japanese ship in waters near Japan, it was claimed in the note. The Japanese government regarded such action as a "serious unfriendly act, and therefore attach the greatest of importance to the affair. The Japanese government cannot acquiesce with the measure taken by the British navy, regarding which they demand that the British government give them a full valid explanation promptly."

The note expressly reserves Japan's right to demand the delivery of the detained Germans, and concludes with a warning regarding Japanese-British relations.

It declares that British action has given a great shock to Japanese public opinion, and its repetition will further aggravate sentiment of the Japanese nation against Great Britain.

Serious Study Is Asked

"From a broad viewpoint in respect to future relations between the Japanese and the British governments, the Japanese government requests the British government to give serious consideration to the matter," the note concluded.

The removal of the German seamen from a Japanese liner by a British cruiser aroused an outburst of resentment in Japan. International law and precedents count for less than patriotic indignation against foreign interference with a Japanese ship near the Japanese fleet's own home waters.

The legal issue between the Japanese and British governments

See JAPAN, Page 4, Column 2.

Confession of Farnsworth Tells How He Sold U. S. Secrets To Japanese Attaches Here

By Dillard Stokes.
Post Staff Writer.
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The amazing confession of John S. Farnsworth, cashiered Navy officer, that he stole vital American defense secrets for officers of the Japanese imperial navy was revealed yesterday.

Farnsworth is serving 4 to 12 years in prison for conspiracy to violate the espionage act. His confession became known while a hearing was in progress here on his third effort to obtain release by a writ of habeas corpus.

The former officer has been in Atlanta Penitentiary three years, but this is the first time his own, written, detailed account of his years in the Japanese spy service has reached the public.

Farnsworth claimed his real aim was to study the Japanese navy "from the inside for the benefit of the United States."

However, in his confession, Farnsworth said that:

He procured Navy Department offices "borrowing" important

documents, including the latest issue of the official War College manual, "Service of Information and Security," which were photostated for his Japanese employers.

He pilfered from the Philadelphia Navy Yard plans, operating instructions, test results and photos of the Model D-4 bomb sight and turned them over to Lieut. Comdr. Akira Yamaki, of the Japanese Imperial Navy.

While lounging in the Navy Department Bureau of Construction and Repair he asked for and got test data on the new aircraft carrier Ranger and complete performance data for all Navy aircraft.

He bluffed his way aboard the destroyer Babbitt and got from the signal officer the highly confidential target practice records and complete engineering performance records for all vessels of the Navy. "This was a prize," he comments, and the Japanese Embassy promptly See CONFESION, Page 6, Col. 1.



FARNSWORTH

Russians Claim Nazi Help, but Are Repulsed

Loudspeakers Say
Germans Are on Way
To 'Kill All Finns'

By Harold Denny
Copyright by New York Times

Helsinki, Jan. 22.—Snow and high winds in the last two days have hampered Russia's aerial campaign against Finnish cities, towns and villages, but sharp fighting has stirred up again on the Karelian Isthmus and the eastern frontier.

The most active operations have occurred at Taipale on Lake Ladoga, where the Russians apparently are trying to turn the left flank of the Mannerheim Line. Here, according to tonight's communiqué of the Finnish general staff, the Russians tried to break the Finnish morale by broadcasting appeals to surrender from loud speakers mounted in their front line.

"Virpuri will be taken within 48 hours," said the Russian broadcast. "The Germans are coming to help us and all Finns will be killed."

The attack at Taipale was launched late yesterday afternoon, but was smashed before it really got under way, according to tonight's communiqué.

The Finns say that 120 Soviet dead were found in the Finnish positions into which the Russians evidently had penetrated, and the bodies of several hundred others lay in front of the Finnish lines. The Finns also claim they destroyed two

See FINN, Page 7, Column 6.

Edison Urges Reorganization Of Navy Units

Detail Makes Clerks
Of Policy Makers,
Secretary Contends

By John G. Norris
Post Staff Writer

Reorganization of the Navy Department to correct "a state of affairs that has needed improvement for many years" has been proposed to Congress by Secretary Edison.

Calling for creation of a new office of Shore Operations, having general charge over all naval land facilities and work, consolidation of all shipbuilding functions into a Bureau of Ships, and more flexibility in the Navy's administrative set-up, Edison asked that another high ranking naval post be created.

He said that under the present set-up, the Navy high command is swamped with details, official mail and "a stream of emergency jobs that must be settled promptly."

"They are fast losing their character of policy-makers and are taking on that of clerks and pinch-hitters," he stated. "There is need for another high ranking official who can share the load and relieve the pressure."

These proposals, he said, in a report to the House Naval Committee, would soon be submitted to Congress either as a bill or an executive order under the reorganization act. Further changes in the administrative set-up of the Navy, he proposed, should be worked out by naval officials, under flexible authority.

See DEFENSE, Page 7, Column 1.

70 Missing Off Burned Liner; All But 2 Lifeboats Destroyed

By the Associated Press

Marseille, France, Jan. 22.—Survivors of the burning Italian liner Orazio told tales of escape in borrowed lifeboats on a stormy sea when 48 were landed here today.

The ship was a gigantic torch on the Mediterranean 38 miles off here yesterday morning after a mysterious pre-dawn explosion. The fire burned all but two of the vessel's lifeboats.

But rescue vessels which speedily answered distress calls sent over their own lifeboats and Italian line officials said all 412 passengers were believed saved with most of the crew of 231.

The Orazio, it was disclosed, was shaken by an explosion in the

engine room at 5 a. m. and then almost instantly was in flames from bow to stern.

Engineers who best might have helped explain whether the explosion was due to engine trouble or possibly to sabotage were reported killed by the blast.

"I think four or five were trapped in the engine room," said Second Officer Giorello.

In Paris, an official statement indignantly denied what was termed a German insinuation that a French contraband control party, which boarded the Orazio before the fire, was responsible for sabotage. The statement was issued in response to a dispatch by D. N. B., official German news agency.

See STEAMER, Page 7, Column 6.

Aide-Memoire
Given Lothian
Charges Italian
Craft Are Favored

By William V. Nesley
Post Staff Writer

The United States has demanded that Great Britain put an end immediately to "discriminatory" interference with American shipping in the Mediterranean.

Fresh friction between the two governments over British war measures that encroach on this country's rights as a neutral was disclosed last night in release of an aide-memoire handed to Lord Lothian, the British Ambassador, at the State Department on Saturday.

Charging that American ships have been detained three times as long as Italian ships by the British contraband control authorities in the Gibraltar area, and that some have been forced to violate the American laws against entering a combat zone, the aide-memoire says sharply:

Correction Is Demanded

"This Government must expect that the British government will at least take suitable and prompt measures to bring about an immediate correction of this situation. It will appreciate receiving advice that the situation has been corrected."

Delivery and publication of the formal communication came when relations between the two governments were already in a state of serious irritation over other steps taken by Britain in her determination to strangle German foreign trade and otherwise wage her war against the Reich.

Other points of issue, which have brought formal protests or informal complaints from the United States include:

British interference with United States mail aboard neutral ships and on transatlantic clippers stopping at Bermuda.

Forcing of American ships into waters from which they are barred under the American neutrality act to examine cargoes.

Blockading of German exports to this and other neutral countries on neutral vessels.

Tobacco Closure Included
Cessation of British purchases of American tobacco, while increasing purchases from Turkey for political reasons, and virtual cessation or sharp curtailment of buying of American apples, pears, wheat and other products.

In such an atmosphere, reminiscent of the numerous British-American disputes in the early years of the World War, Secretary of State Hull yesterday called in Lord Lothian for a discussion of

See STATE, Page 5, Column 1.

Dutch Protest British and Nazi Plane Flights

Amsterdam, (Tuesday) Jan. 23 (AP). The Netherlands protested early today to Great Britain against a neutrality violation by a British plane which flew yesterday afternoon over Gorkum, near Rotterdam.

The protest to Britain followed by a few hours a similar representation in Berlin against the flight of a Nazi plane. Netherlands anti-aircraft batteries and pursuit planes went into action when the lone Nazi plane was seen.

One unexploded shell fell on a building at Katwijk, North Sea coast resort, but damage was slight.

London, Jan. 22 (AP).—The Air Ministry denied that a Royal Air Force plane had flown over southern Holland today.

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Farewell to Cunningham

When the curtain rings down on the 1940 sports season it will also end the career of one of America's great champions—Glenn Cunningham. If you have ever seen Glenn's barrel chest break the tape or have read about his record-breaking stretch sprints, be sure to read Bob Considine's column in the sports section of today's Post.

Over the Coffee

By Harlan Miller

GUNPOWDER PLOT.

Some of the more desperate characters in my neighborhood, when I was a boy out in Iowa, used to hang around the alleyway at night under the arc light behind old lady Rasmussen's woodshed to read dime novels. I examined anatomy charts, smoke cubes and otherwise pursue researches forbidden at home.

Old Lady Rasmussen thought there were men lurking behind her woodshed. She had some drag at the city hall through her sons, and so got the light installed. We were always grateful to her in a roundabout way for helping our literary pursuits.

Our gang ranged from 9 to 13 years in age. We got tired of having our paper-backed libraries burned up at home, so we cached 'em in the abandoned milk wagon that stood behind the sheds.

They weren't really dime novels. Dime novels were both too high-brow and too sissy. What we read were the nickel thrillers, "Young Wild West," "Frank Merriwell," "Buffalo Bill" and so on. We bought 'em used, at three for a dime, at Fike & Fike's bookstore, down where they later built the Princess Theater, now used by the itinerant evangelists.

Most of the boys grew up to be solid citizens, realtors, Rotarians, executives, New Dealers, good credit risks, worried renters, Republicans, cops in the scheme of things. But some of them in their thinking never got far away from that alley and that literature. They grew up to be dreamy, cruel, unrealistic bigots like the New York gunpowder plotters.

I never agreed with my mother that boys who read paper-backed novels come to no good end. The only boy in our neighborhood who went bad, the one who was sent to reform school for fracturing another boy's skull with a baseball bat, had never joined our reading circle. He didn't like to read.

Most of us went on from the nickel dreadfuls upward through Algie, Henry, Kipling and Conrad, into literature itself, perhaps to daily even with Dreiser and Proust, Malraux and Remains. But for a few even Young Wild West was strong drink.

There was the one, for example, who later got expelled from college for operating a corn liquor still in the basement of his fraternity house. If he hadn't become a super-patriot and a red-hunter he might have become one of the gunpowder plotters. On the lunatic fringe the ragged edges come close together.

It's easy to laugh at thwarted young men whose boyish romanticism gets steeled into queer channels. It was easy to laugh at Hitler's bravos when they were putting around in 1933. But in a screwy world the screwballs may become the men of destiny. At least they think so.

Where do the screwballs get shunted off from the rest who are willing to trudge the slow onward pace of progress? What provides the critical filter? First it's despair, perhaps, and then rage.

But there's always a payoff. In analyzing any scheme the question must be asked, "Who does what to whom, and who pays?" The \$25,000 which has been traced by our counter-espionage agents to a foreign embassy, which shelled it out for just such screwy activities as the New York gunpowder plot ("We'll assassinate 12 Congressmen to teach 'em a lesson") is just a drop in the bucket. The trail will lead to more screwballs in dozens of American cities.

SPECIAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING. The annual meeting of the Stockholders and the Trustees of the District of Columbia, a corporation created under the laws of the District of Columbia, will be held at the office of the company, 600 New York Avenue Northwest, in the City of Washington, D. C., on the FIFTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1940, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing Trustees and Officers for the coming year and for the transaction of such other business as may deem proper.

ANNUAL REPORT. Washington, D. C., January 20, 1940. The undersigned, being the President and a majority of the Board of Trustees of the District of Columbia, do hereby certify that the annual report and certificate of the District of Columbia, a corporation, is one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars, all of which is fully paid, and that there are no debts of said company except current expenses. (Signed) J. S. JACOBSEN, President. (Signed) J. S. JACOBSEN, Vice President. DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, SS: I, J. S. JACOBSEN, President of the District of Columbia, do make oath that the matters and facts stated in the foregoing annual report and certificate of the District of Columbia, a corporation, are true, subscribed and sworn to before me this 20th day of January, 1940. (Signed) J. S. JACOBSEN, Notary Public, Washington, D. C. My commission expires Sept. 17, 1942.

Donahey Bloc Bars 'Strings' To Candidacy

Ohioan Held Willing To Be 'Favorite Son' On Own Terms Only

Senator Donahey (Democrat), of Ohio, last night was reported willing to seek the Buckeye State's favorite son designation for the Democratic Presidential nomination "only on his own terms."

Three Democratic factions—the Roosevelt third term drafters, Garner backers and boosters for the candidacy of Paul V. McNutt—waited on Donahey's decision before shaping plans for participation in Ohio's May primary.

Donahey, who must give his written consent before delegates may file in his name, volunteered nothing and withheld a decision even on whether he will seek reelection to the Senate.

But friends of the Ohio Senator said in no event will he take a favorite son candidacy with any strings attached such as State Democratic Chairman Arthur L. Limbach's advance announcement that Ohio's 52 delegates will solidly cast third-term ballots if a Roosevelt movement develops.

Donahey was reported not willing to be a "stalking horse" for any other person, the President included, and determined, if he runs, to state his own conditions of candidacy. It was pointed out that Donahey would be in a position virtually to pick his own delegates, as each must have his consent to file in his name.

Two of these, it was indicated, may be former Govs. Martin Davey and George White, out of favor with the Administration and unlikely to cast Roosevelt ballots. Their votes alone could bar the "solid" Roosevelt delegation pledged by Limbach.

Garner, McNutt Wait. Neither Garner nor McNutt forces are expected to enter Ohio if Donahey seeks the favorite son spot, but if the reticent Ohio Democrat withdraws from the race both Garner and McNutt managers probably will fight for the State's delegation.

In Jefferson City, Mo., Gov. Lloyd C. Stark, demanding "continuance of President Roosevelt's policies," announced he will seek the senatorial seat of Senator Truman, also a Roosevelt supporter.

Stark signed declarations of candidacy for the Senate seat Senator Truman will seek for another term. Missouri's Governor declared he would not attack "any other Democrat" in order to win the nomination.

Wheeler Gets Support. In Cleveland, Ohio, President D.B. Robertson of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers, said he would support Senator Wheeler (Democrat), of Montana, for President.

Robertson said he immensely admired the President, but "I think we may take it for granted he will not be a candidate for a third term." He said "the American people will advance their own best interests if they elect Senator Wheeler as the next President."

John L. Lewis, C. I. O. chief, has invited Wheeler to address the United Mine Workers convention at Columbus, Ohio, this week.

McNutt Support Ready. Other developments: Representative Johnson (Democrat), of Oklahoma, told the Indiana Women's Club in Indianapolis that if the President "can be persuaded to carry the ball the other players might as well forget about it." He said "there is no faster open field runner in America than McNutt if the President merely 'calls the signals.'"

Gene Autry Lets Public Know He Can't Ride Some Horses



Gene Autry, the singing cowboy, packs a six-gun and a lot of songs. You'll see him at the President's Birthday Dances

Packing a Six-Gun and Plunking Guitar, Actor Gives Pointers to Equestrians; Here to Make Round of Birthday Balls

Well, children (and all you grown-ups), the fact may be disillusioning, but there are horses Gene Autry can't ride.

Autry would be the first to tell you so. "Well now, pardner, you got to look at it like this, see? There's some pretty tough hosses out on those plains," he'd probably say to the children.

In a room full of adults here yesterday, Autry admitted his feet were not necessarily glue in a stirrup. There are some horses he can ride today and can't ride tomorrow. And, of course, there are many bad horses he can ride any day. The point is, he doesn't minimize a bad horse.

The Western star, here to do his part for the President's birthday celebration, was at the moment packing a beautifully engraved six-gun, plunking "South of the Border" on a frilly guitar while his legs dangled the sides of a French period chair, the nearest thing the Carlton Hotel could offer in way of a corral fence.

"Washington is a horse-riding town, too," someone was saying. "Tell 'em to keep shy of horses with white around the eyes . . . a good chunky horse is best . . . Don't ever get on a horse and start whooping him up; don't start to running him immediately; take him easy . . . And if the bad horse starts running away, don't turn the reins loose whatever you do; don't start grabbing at the saddle and turning loose the reins . . . Balance yourself, holding the reins. Hold with them . . . said Autry, the words trailing off on the last "hy-yi-yi-yi" of the song he had let his advice trail along with.

Tyrone Power

To Join Stars Here

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Woman Suicide Is Unidentified. Police last night were seeking to identify a 30-year-old woman who plunged to her death yesterday from an eight-floor room at the Bellevue Hotel, 15 E street northwest, after leaving \$2.75 for room rent and a tip for the chambermaid.

The woman, well dressed and quiet, registered at the hotel Friday as Mrs. Mary Louise Meabon, of Rochester, N. Y. However, Rochester police reported relatives could not be found there.

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Inquiry Scans Labor Policies Of Chambers

NLRB Investigators Hear How Cohen's Nephew Got Job

The connection between holding an office in the Chamber of Commerce and having antiunion views was explored yesterday by the Smith committee investigating the National Labor Relations Board.

Harry A. Selery, Jr., 23-year-old review attorney for the NLRB, admitted that he had made efforts to find out if an officer of a Kansas City, Mo., company with a case before the board had also been an officer of the Kansas City Chamber of Commerce.

Committee Counsel Edmund M. Toland brought out that when Selery undertook the inquiry, hearings in a case involving the Kansas City Power & Light Co. had already been closed—and thus, counsel contended, Selery had obtained the information "outside the record."

With members of the committee apparently at a loss to understand why Chamber of Commerce affiliations should be considered by the NLRB, Representative Hallett (Republican), of Indiana, asked: "If an officer of an industrial concern is a member of the chamber of commerce, does that mean he's anti-union?"

"No, I wouldn't subscribe to that view," replied Selery. "Your interest was just idle curiosity?" Hallett asked. "I think it may have been," was the response. "I don't recall whether I thought it might have been significant."

Selery added that he was "merely trying to clear up an obscure point in the record" involving the chamber of commerce connection of Alton E. Bettis, vice president of the power company. Bettis was at one time vice president of the chamber.

The committee yesterday also heard that 27-year-old Bernard Williams, Fred Selery's nephew, had been hired by the NLRB at \$2,600 a year, although a board official had said he "wouldn't be worth more than what he has been earning during the last year which is approximately \$50 a month."

The adverse report on Freund was given May 24, 1937, by Towne Nylander, at that time San Francisco regional director. He termed Freund "inexperienced," and said the applicant's "absence of convictions" on labor questions was due to "complete absence of knowledge of labor matters." He advised against hiring Freund.

However, Ralph Seward, NLRB attorney, also reported on Freund and found him an "apparently competent" young man, who, with six months' training, "would make a good assistant attorney."

On Seward's report Charles Fahy, NLRB general counsel, had penciled: "Ben Cohen's nephew." Freund was given a job with the board in November, 1937, and is now earning \$2,800 per annum.

Sra. de Turbay Dies; Ambassador's Mother. Senora Barbara de Turbay, mother of Dr. Gabriel Turbay, Ambassador of Colombia, died Sunday at Bucaramanga, the Associated Press reported yesterday. She was 61 years old.

Having received no official report of the death, the ambassador last night declined comment and has made no plans with regard to attending the funeral, his secretary said.

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Maloney Sees Security Self-Rule as a Test

Senator Maloney (Democrat), of Connecticut, said last night that the self-regulatory organization set up by over-the-counter security dealers was being "watched" by other lines of business to see whether similar self-regulatory plans might work in their cases.

Maloney spoke at a dinner at the Carlton Hotel given by the boards of governors of the National Association of Security Dealers, Inc., and predecessor organizations.

The association was formed under authority of the act to police over-the-counter markets. The act, sponsored in the Senate by Maloney, was drawn through the cooperation of the Securities and Exchange Commission and over-the-counter dealers.

Responsibility Stressed. Chairman Jerome Frank, of the SEC, in a letter to B. Howell Griswold, chairman of the association, emphasized that the association's primary purpose is "the protection and welfare of investors."

It differs, he said, from the ordinary trade association, whose primary objective is the protection of various members of an industry from unfair and unethical practices within the industry.

Congress would have never granted the power, contained in the Maloney act, to discriminate against nonmembers as a means of compelling enrollment in the association, he declared, unless it had felt this power was to be used to protect investors.

"The SEC cannot forget that fact," he added. "Your association should never forget it."

Maloney referred to the association as an example of "pioneering" in the field of cooperation between business and the Government. Its success, he declared, "will give rise to a new technique." He told those present that they were, therefore, "on the threshold of a great undertaking, one that can be of untold value to the public, to business and to the Government."

SEC Members Guests. The dinner was given in honor of Griswold, who was chairman of the investment bankers' code committee under the NRA and held that position through successor organizations down to the time of the present association.

Among guests were Frank, SEC members, George C. Mathews, Robert E. Healy and Leon Henderson, other SEC officials and E. F. Connelley, Detroit, president of the Investment Bankers Association of America. The meeting here, which will continue through today, is the first of the new self-regulatory association. Previous associations were voluntary and had no police power. Griswold, in opening the meeting yesterday morning, said rules of fair practice would attain their greatest success through the process of "educating" security dealers.

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Semi-Annual SALE

An opportunity for men who appreciate fine clothes to purchase them at reduced prices during this mid-winter clearance sale.

SUITS AND COATS

CUSTOMIZED BY Hickey-Freeman

\$55	Now \$44
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\$75	Now \$60
\$85	Now \$68
\$95	Now \$76
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225 BROADLOOM YARDS OF CARPETING

In Five Beautiful Colors: PEACH, JADE GREEN, BURGUNDY BLUE, ANTIQUE MAHOGANY.

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\$2.75 SQUARE YARD

REDUCED FROM \$3.95!

MANNING & CO.
FLOOR COVERINGS—ORIENTAL RUGS—FABRICS
1315 G ST. N.W. Convenient Budget Plan REPUBLIC 4884

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MEN OTHER MEN Depend Upon

WHEN YOU NEED ROAD SERVICE

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Betsy Ross Spinet . . \$215	Mahogany, 73 note, Formerly \$245
Betsy Ross Spinet . . \$225	Mahogany, 73 note, Formerly \$265
Betsy Ross Spinet . . \$245	Mahogany, 73 note, Formerly \$285
Betsy Ross Spinet . . \$260	Mahogany, 73 note, Formerly \$305
Betsy Ross Spinet . . \$325	Mahogany, 73 note, Formerly \$365
Lester Grand Piano . \$325	Mahogany, 4 ft. 6 in., Formerly \$350
Lester Grand Piano . \$395	Mahogany, 4 ft. 7 in., Formerly \$405
Lester Grand Piano . \$400	Mahogany, 4 ft. 8 in., Formerly \$415
Lester Grand Piano . \$425	Mahogany, 4 ft. 9 in., Formerly \$445
Lester Grand Piano . \$495	Mahogany, 4 ft. 11 in., Formerly \$525
Lester Grand Piano . \$575	Mahogany, 5 ft. 6 in., Formerly \$585

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Regularly \$10 and \$12.00 (Borsalino)..... \$6.95
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Plunge to 20 Today Forecast For District

Mercury Ascends
To 42 as Skaters
Throng to Pool

Wintry blasts continued to keep the Capital and the Nation on the cold standard yesterday as ice choked the Potomac and icebreakers fought to open channels through Chesapeake Bay.

Yesterday's brief respite from biting cold was but a prelude to another overcast of winter, the Weather Man predicted last night. Today, he said, will be cold and increasingly cloudy, with snow late tonight and tomorrow. Cold will increase tomorrow and continue through Thursday, with northeast winds shifting to northwest and freshening. A low of 20 was expected this morning.

The mercury, which sank to 17 degrees at 8 a. m. yesterday, climbed under a bright sky to 42 at 3:15 p. m. Skaters flocked to the Reflecting Pool and, despite discouragement of Park Police, to Rock Creek Park, Little River and the Potomac above Key Bridge.

Although many areas enjoyed moderation, subzero readings were recorded in a dozen States, subfreezing lows were reported in 29 others and subnormal temperatures were registered at a number of points outside the normally cold zones, the Associated Press reported.

A recapitulation of deaths attributed to the severe weather since waves of cold moved East and South from the Northwest ten days ago showed 287 had perished in 32 States.

The heaviest snow in a decade swept across most of Texas, it ranged from 3 to 7 inches. It was the first fall in ten years at San Antonio and Houston. An inch an hour piled up in Texarkana. The storm reached Little Rock, Ark., on its eastward fling.

Freezing conditions, tempered somewhat by rain, chilled the citrus fruit groves in the lower Rio Grande Valley for the fifth consecutive day. Crop damage in Texas was reported to be extensive, particularly to fruits, vegetables and small grains, but I. R. Castleman, plant supervisor for the Rio Grande Citrus Exchange, predicted the citrus damage would be slight.

27 Above in Florida

Clouds and wind saved most of Florida's citrus crop from destruction, but J. W. Milligan, of the Federal-State frost protection service, estimated that about half the beans, peas and tomatoes in the Lake Okechobee sector would be lost as a result of heavy frost and, in a few districts, ice. The minimum temperature in that region was 27.8 above zero.

Schools in Miami and West Palm Beach were closed because they had no heating systems.

Snow fell on Louisiana and Mississippi and three States reported that bane of the Southerner's winter, frozen water pipes. Severe loss to vegetation was feared and eight deaths in Mississippi and Louisiana were attributed indirectly to the cold wave.

Sleet fell at Hammond, La., 50 miles from New Orleans, and at Vicksburg, Miss., 2 inches of snow covered the streets, causing suspension of bus service. New Orleans and Baton Rouge were visited by heavy wet snow and bartenders turned from their customary juleps and gin fizzes to supply an overwhelming demand for hot toddies and Tom and Jerries.

Temperatures rose during the day in most of the East, New England and the Midwest, but earmuffs were still in vogue. Magistrate A. P. Savarese adjourned 804 cases in New York City because his courtroom was too chilly.

Deadlock Perils Capital Orchestra

SYMPHONY, from Page 1

budget had to be solicited from the District's music lovers.

The union and association have been unable to reach an agreement on the musicians' request for a \$10 increase in base weekly pay, and an increase in the season from 23 to 27 weeks. Negotiations have been carried on since November 1.

The directors, Strong said, have offered a compromise in the way of a 25-week season. He explained that the extra two weeks would be made up through tour-concerts, which actually lose less money than those given at home.

Musician's Rejection Offer

Charles R. Brinton, secretary of the union, an A. F. of L. member, said last night that the musicians twice have rejected the offer made by the association.

"It is just a case of disagreement," said Brinton. The men in the orchestra would like a raise, and the orchestra officials say they can't raise the money. Of course, they haven't tried yet, but they are basing their conclusion on results in the past.

The contract must be signed before the campaign is made, but if enough money is not raised, why then the contract is no good."

Brinton added that as soon as he received official notification that the campaign was cancelled, a meeting of the musicians would be called to discuss the situation. The orchestra is in West Virginia, having left last night on a nine-day tour.

Brinton and Strong emphasized that the disagreement was an amicable one and that negotiations had been carried on in a cordial manner. A letter explaining the association's stand, together with developments of the negotiations, has been sent to each of the 80 musicians, Strong said.

Watergate Concerts Peril

"An experience of eight years warns us that the public will not subscribe enough to meet the increase in pay demanded," the letter stated. "The administration committee reminds the board that the orchestra association must continue to be assured of its estimated operating deficit in advance by actual subscriptions. The alternative would be insolvency which we all believe would be the end of the association and its orchestra."

Thus, not only is Washington's winter concert season periled, but also the Watergate summer concert. Even should the association and union come to terms shortly, the funds campaign will have to overcome the difficulties involved in keeping its volunteer organization from disintegrating and in finding a two weeks period which has not already been allotted to another money-raising cause.

Berenice Merchant Opens Fight To Break Will of Col. E. L. Bull

Estate Estimated
At \$1,000,000
At Stake in Suit

Special Dispatch to The Post

Winchester, Va., Jan. 22.—Miss Berenice Merchant, pretty 19-year-old daughter of Col. and Mrs. Berkeley T. Merchant, of Kensington, Md., was the central figure today in a Clarke County Circuit Court contest over the fortune of the late Col. E. L. Bull.

Col. Bull's estate has an estimated value of nearly \$1,000,000.

Miss Merchant, who made her debut in Washington last November 30, was in court when Judge Philip Williams issued an order granting her attorneys 30 days in which to show cause why the will of Col. Bull, her foster father, should not be admitted to probate.

Background for battle over Col. Bull's fortune, according to J. F. Moore, of Berryville, Miss. Merchant's attorney, is the divorce of Col. Bull's first wife, the present Mrs. Merchant, and his subsequent marriage to the widow of the late Graham F. Blandy. The larger portion of the fortune at issue today was inherited by Col. Bull from his second wife, who died July 26.

Col. Bull died last November 8. His will, according to Moore, left all of his inheritance, estimated at \$700,000, to members of his wife's family. Miss Merchant, whom the first Mrs. Bull and Col. Bull adopted years ago and whose custody was awarded to the foster mother in the divorce proceedings, was bequeathed one-tenth of her father's residuary estate, Moore stated.

Miss Merchant's inheritance under the will was not to have been more than \$10,000, the attorney said. Moore estimated the value of that portion of the estate not represented by Col. Bull's inheritance at about \$200,000.

The Blandy estate, inherited by Mrs. Blandy from her first husband, includes the Tuleyries, one of the show places of Clarke County and noted for its beautiful gardens.

Blandy, at his death, left part of it to the University of Virginia for experimental purposes.

New Guardian Named

George H. Burwell, of Clarke County, and Mrs. Merchant brought the action for Miss Merchant as guardian. The court today named Garland Williams, Berryville attorney, guardian ad litem for Miss Merchant, but denied a motion that a curator be named to look after assets until an executor can be appointed.

Miss Merchant was in the news last week when she pleaded guilty in Police Court to a charge of speeding on Connecticut avenue and paid a \$5 fine.



BERENICE MERCHANT

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Capital Driver, 2 Others Die in Auto Crashes

Truck Spills 500
Cases of Whisky
On Road in Upset

Two residents of the Capital area were killed yesterday in accidents on Maryland and Virginia highways and a third man was killed when his car collided with a truck on the Washington-Baltimore boulevard.

The truck upset and spilled 500 cases of whisky on the highway.

Charles Beck, 32, meat salesman, 3479 Holmead place northwest, was found dead beneath his car near Wersaw, Va. He was en route to visit his wife, Mrs. Maggie B. Beck, who was staying with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Belfield, in Farmers Fork, Va.

Police were unable to ascertain the cause of the accident, but said Beck was alone.

Hanover Man Killed

Harry E. Young, 37, dental mechanic, of Maryland Park, Md., died when his car crashed into a tree at the intersection of the old Chesapeake Beach Railroad near Chaney's Corner, Md.

Joseph Kittle, 69, of Hanover, Md., was killed in the collision of his automobile with a truck on the Washington-Baltimore boulevard at Silver Spring road. Police worked 10 minutes to extricate Kittle from the wreckage of his car, the Associated Press reported. He was dead on arrival at a Baltimore hospital.

Hearse in Accident

Harry Seyfarth, 21, of 16 Seventeenth street northeast, was treated for face lacerations and loss of blood at Gallinger Hospital after the car in which he was riding collided with a hearse, driven by Harold S. Hollen, of 333 W street northeast, at Seventeenth and E streets southeast.

Besides his wife, Beck leaves two daughters, Mary Louise, 4, and Charlotte, 2.

Funeral services will be held in Menokin Baptist Church, Richmond County, Va., at 2 p. m. Tuesday.

Jean Parker Divorces Newsman



young screen beauty, won an interlocutory divorce decree yesterday from George MacDonald, New York newspaperman, to whom she was married at Las Vegas in March, 1936. She told the court her husband disliked Hollywood, that he had caused her "grievous mental suffering."

William E. Browder, treasurer of the New York State branch of the Communist Party, was questioned for six hours yesterday by the special grand jury investigating activities of foreign agents in the United States.

The Communist official must appear again today, according to Henry G. O'Donnell and Floyd M. Rett, special assistants to the Attorney General, who are in charge of the Justice Department's inquiry.

Browder was accompanied by his attorney, Sol H. Cohen. He is a brother of Earl Browder, general secretary of the American Communist Party.

Also appearing before the grand jury yesterday was David Zalon, of New York City, a director of the corporation which publishes the Daily Worker, official Communist organ.

George Hochberg, business manager of the Morning Freedom, another Communist paper published in New York, also came here but was not called before the jury.

A. F. L. Pushes Union Battle In Court Here

Suit Against NLRB
Seeks to Break Hold
Of Bridges' I. L. W. U.

A feud between Pacific Coast labor groups was carried to District Court here yesterday as the American Federation of Labor filed suit to compel the National Labor Relations Board to withdraw certification from Harry Bridge's International Longshoremen's and Warehousemen's Union as sole collective bargaining agent for West Coast longshoremen.

The A. F. of L. has made four previous efforts to break the NLRB ruling that all Pacific longshoremen constitute a single unit.

The Bridges union, affiliated with the C. I. O., is now threatening to enter closed shop contracts with the Employers' Association, the A. F. of L. contends.

NLRB certification of the I. L. W. U. as bargaining agent means that members of the International Longshoremen's Association, the A. F. of L. group, "are unable to deal with employers through representatives of their own choosing, even though they constitute a majority under individual employers," the suit continues.

William Green, A. F. of L. president, in whose name the suit is filed, asserted that the national labor relations act did not contemplate the grouping of all employees of geographically distant employers as a single bargaining unit.

The suit appeals for certification of the A. F. of L. as bargaining agent wherever it commands a single employer.

Gibraltar Guns
Fire at Strait

Ceuta, Spanish Morocco, Jan. 22 (AP).—Gibraltar's artillery opened up at 11 p. m. (6 p. m. E. S. T.), tonight and fired several shots in the direction of the Strait. Shortly afterward a destroyer dashed to the spot where the shells had been falling. She began circling, while a seaplane flew overhead.

Dr. Ludwig Lewisohn
To Wed in Baltimore

Rochester, N. Y., Jan. 22 (AP).—Dr. Ludwig Lewisohn, the author, and Miss Edna Manley, of Rochester, announced today they would be married in Baltimore, February 2, at services conducted by Rabbi Edward Israel. The pair announced their betrothal six weeks ago. They will live in New York.

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CASH?

Want it in a hurry? Want it without red tape? Confidential loans on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Guns, Cameras, Musical Instruments, etc., at Lowest Rates Possible.

HORNING'S
Opposite Washington Airport
Ample Parking Space
Take any bus from 11th & Pa. Ave.

NYA Orchestra To Play Here Before Tour

Auditions for 50
Local Applicants
To Begin Friday

The All-American Youth Orchestra being organized by Leopold Stokowski will play under the famous symphony conductor's direction at Washington's Watergate on July 4 before embarking for a South American goodwill tour, it was announced yesterday.

The District NYA announced auditions for local applicants for the orchestra would begin Friday. When the musicians have been selected, candidates throughout the country, they will be organized and rehearsed here.

Fifty applicants from the Washington area, between 15 and 25 years of age, will be notified by mail of the time to appear for their auditions at the Washington College of Music, the NYA said.

The audition committee consists of Dr. Glenn Dillard, president of the Ray C. Brown, music critic; Mrs. Fanny Amstutz Roberts, of the College of Music; Edwin N. Waters, of the Library of Congress, music division; and Dr. Edwin N. Barnes, director of music in Washington schools.

Compensation
Granted in Injury
At Lunch Time

The District Court of Appeals yesterday ruled that a worker eating lunch "serves his employer's purposes as well as his own."

Justice Edgerton reversed a District Court decision to allow John W. Garner, of Washington, sightseeing car driver, workmen's compensation for injuries sustained in an accident while driving back to work after his lunch.

Garner had been instructed to pick up a group of passengers at Mount Vernon at noon on July 28, 1938, according to the opinion, and reached Mount Vernon at 11:15 a. m.

He then drove two miles to a luncheon. The car overturned about a quarter of a mile from Mount Vernon as Garner returned after lunch. His left hand was smashed and an amputation was made below the elbow.

Station PDS Presents
Petworth Singer

Miss M. Elma Lank, 3719 New Hampshire avenue northwest, will be the guest on the PDS program this morning over Station WMAL.

Miss Lank is a member of the Petworth Methodist Church and has appeared with the Petworth Kitchen Band. She is in great demand for entertainments given by clubs, organizations and church groups.

"Station PDS Presents" broadcast by Lee Everett from the Peoples Drug Store, 1400 14th street northwest, is broadcast each weekday morning from 7:30 to 8:30 over Station WMAL by Peoples Drug Store in cooperation with The Washington Post.

Anyone over 18 years old may participate in the auditions at 7:30 p. m. Tuesdays at the N. B. C. Studios. Performers are paid \$5 for their appearance on this program.

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COLD
TICKS

Easy to relieve
without
drugs
Rub throat, chest,
and back with...
VAPORUS

Browder Guilty, Gets Four Years

BROWDER, from Page 1

would have been dangerous if his true identity became known. Browder's conviction in Federal Court came only several weeks after Fritz Kuhn was found guilty in a State court and sent to prison for stealing funds from the German-American fund which he headed.

The Communist leader anticipated his conviction in an authorized statement last week in which the Communist Party said he might receive the votes of his followers while languishing in prison, like the late Eugene V. Debs, Socialist leader, who ran for President from an Atlanta prison cell.

Browder served a sentence in Leavenworth Federal Prison after refusing to register for the World War Army draft on the ground that he was a conscientious objector.

At the sentencing today, Browder, whose official position is that of general secretary of the Communist Party, U. S. A., stood mute before the bench, his hands clasped behind his back.

His bail of \$7,500 was continued until Wednesday when he must appear for approval of a new bond which would allow him continued freedom pending appeal.

Dr. H. H. Clegg, replying to "no comment" when asked if he had anything to say.

When the jury filed in to give its verdict—guilty on both counts of the indictment—he sat rocking steadily in his swivel chair and gazing vacantly at the jurors' box.

U. S. Attorney John T. Cahill asked a sentence of five years and the \$5,000 maximum fine.

"It does seem to me," he told the court, "that in addition to the passport charge, the accompanying offenses of perjury and tampering with this country's vital statistics should be taken into consideration."

The four-year sentence could be reduced to three for good behavior. Pleading his own case, Browder pictured himself as the victim of a Federal campaign against "civil rights."

"I am a Communist, I am secretary of the Communist Party (U. S. A.), I am proud of it and I have nothing to apologize for," he said at the end.

Closing for the Government, Cahill accused Browder of "emotional oratory," and denounced him as the "mockery of our most sacred institutions."

Browder Calls Case "Flimsy"

The case went to the jury at 3:09 p. m. (E. S. T.) after a charge from Judge Cox that "matters of public policy or interest" were not to be considered. This was reference to the defendant's "ideology."

Browder, his graying hair slicked down, stood before the jury for an hour and a quarter, moving but little and reading occasionally from a thick manuscript, arguing sometimes with Judge Cox and sometimes with Cahill, and returning over and over again to the claim that the case against him was "flimsy and frivolous."

The charge was that he used a passport obtained by false representations—that having got such documents in 1921, 1927 and 1931 under the names "Nicholas Dozenberg, George Norris and Albert Henry Richards" he swore when he obtained a passport under his own name in 1934 that he never had one before.

With this 1934 passport he re-entered the country in 1937 and in 1938 from his travels to the Soviet Union and elsewhere abroad.

In all his long argument he did not specifically admit or deny that he had at times been "Dozenberg," "Morris" and "Richards." Dozen-

Jury Quizzes W. E. Browder On Activities

Communist Aide
And Leader's Brother
Goes Before Probers

William E. Browder, treasurer of the New York State branch of the Communist Party, was questioned for six hours yesterday by the special grand jury investigating activities of foreign agents in the United States.

The Communist official must appear again today, according to Henry G. O'Donnell and Floyd M. Rett, special assistants to the Attorney General, who are in charge of the Justice Department's inquiry.

Browder was accompanied by his attorney, Sol H. Cohen. He is a brother of Earl Browder, general secretary of the American Communist Party.

Also appearing before the grand jury yesterday was David Zalon, of New York City, a director of the corporation which publishes the Daily Worker, official Communist organ.

George Hochberg, business manager of the Morning Freedom, another Communist paper published in New York, also came here but was not called before the jury.

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A Slip of the Key Causes Lot of Talk

Lancaster, Pa., Jan. 2. (AP).—Norman E. Garber, of Mount Joy, conservationist for the United States Department of Agriculture, is considering canceling his telephone service. The new directory erroneously listed Garber as "Area Conversationist." He says he's been flooded with calls from persons who just wanted to chat.

Formal Requisites
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FOR THE PRESIDENT'S BIRTHDAY BALL
Washington, Tuesday, January 30th



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From W. A. Verhas
1341 Parkwood Pl. N.W.

"You'll have to cancel my ad. The Post found a very satisfactory tenant for me the first day."

Have You a Vacant Room?
Call NA. 4200—the result number!

Hook Charges Link Dies and Christian Front

Starnes Calls Move Attempt at 'Sneak' House to Vote Today

DIES, from Page 1.

(Democrats)—asked that there be included in the continuing resolution, restrictions which were obviously intended to curb Chairman Dies.

Although the Rules group refused the Casey-Voorhis request, Starnes gave assurance that their suggestions would be "carefully and sympathetically considered" within the Dies committee itself.

Hook, who was cut off after he had presented to the Rules Committee only a minute fraction of his charges, inserted in the Record a prepared statement which said Dies had "been taking us for a ride for his own political purposes."

Merwin K. Hart Named

The Michigan Democrat said his Texas colleague had worked "hand-in-glove" with Merwin K. Hart, whom he described as "a whole-hearted participant with the Christian Front in its affairs and purposes." It was this organization to which 18 young men recently arrested in New York for plotting to overthrow the Government were said to belong.

At New York, Hart termed "an unmitigated lie" any assertion that he was a "prominent collaborator" with the Christian Front. He denied he was connected "directly or indirectly" with the organization.

In addition to serving as a "transmission belt" for the Christian Front, Hook alleged that Dies and his committee had failed to investigate the front. The organization was "mentioned briefly by a few witnesses," Hook declared, "but the leads given by these witnesses are never followed up."

"Even the recent Dies committee report barely refers to the Christian Front in passing and does not list it among the organizations it names as those working together in a united front effort to bring about a Fascist rule in this country," Hook charged. "Asserting that the committee has also failed 'to inform the American people of William Dudley Pelley's activities and ambitions,' Hook produced letters allegedly written by the missing Silver Shirt leader to his one-time Washington 'agent,' David D. Mayne."

"Our Friends in Congress"

Hook alleged that in one letter Pelley said he owed Dies "much" and would "take proper steps in Texas . . . to convince him of my appreciation" (July 28, 1939). In another, Pelley allegedly stated he had "our friends in Congress" partially to thank "for my present state of liberty"; and he wanted Mayne to "inform those who should know—that Dies acting as chairman of the committee 'did not violate this promise in any manner—and furthermore had he so desired he could have turned me over to the New Dealers at any stage of the game.'" (Oct. 5, 1939).

In reply to Hook's allegations, Starnes said the committee had made "every possible effort" to apprehend Pelley and had even enlisted the aid of the F. B. I. Charging that Hook's statement "is untrue in the implications," Starnes asserted that "enemies of the Dies Committee . . . have stopped at nothing in their futile determination to block the work of the committee."

At the Rules Committee meeting, Starnes and two other Dies Committee members, Representative Dempsey (Democrat), of New Mexico, and Thomas (Republican), of New Jersey, emphatically denied the allegations which Hook was able to make in the few minutes allotted him.

"There's not a word of truth in it," snapped Dempsey, while Thomas commented: "It's amazing."

Representative Marcantonio (American Labor), of New York, and Keller (Democrat), of Illinois, asked the Rules Committee to grant five hours' debate today, but the most they could win was 120 minutes.

Kind Words and Coffee Revive Mr. Hornblow's Faith in Self

Reporter in Quest for D. C. Voter Finds Samaritans at Inspection Station—Passes Test and Is Raring to Go On

HOMER, from Page 1.

self, an unhurried, cheerful sort of world.

Glancing about me with renewed interest, I could sense the air of easy friendship that prevailed among the members of this little colony, where each man was joined in a common, hopeless cause.

Joins the Coffee

Up ahead, a group of men were gathered about a makeshift campfire. Occasionally they exchanged some pleasantries, and now and then one man, who appeared to be the leader, reached out to stir a pot of coffee, which, brewing above the fire, gave off the aroma which had penetrated to my somewhat distant position in the line.

Smitten by the pangs of hunger, and unable longer to restrain myself, I sauntered up to the group around the fire.

Whatever qualms I might have felt over thus insinuating myself into a gathering of strangers were at once dispelled by the hearty greeting of the patriarch whom I recognized as the leader of the group.

Brushing aside his fine white beard, he ejected a Gargantuan plug of chewing tobacco from his mouth, then threw an arm around my shoulders and led me to a place beside the campfire.

Faces Are Friendly

Dipping a tin cup into the pot of coffee, he handed me a draught of the powerful, invigorating brew. As I drank, the old man talked.

"We seen you-all drive up last night," he said, handing me a chunk of dry, but not distasteful bread. "We aimed to come over and drop in, but we figured you'd be tired, and we didn't want to be disturbin' you."

The other men smiled, and nodded in agreement. Looking around that ring of friendly faces, I was more than touched. Standing there, my faith in human nature, which had been so sorely tried by the buffeting I had received at the hands of fate, was rapidly restored.

Finishing my breakfast, I returned to my machine and spent a pleasant morning reading between brief naps.

But, subconsciously, my mind remained as ever active. There was something about the faces of those men around the campfire that had struck me as important to my mission. Relentlessly I worked to piece together the obscure pattern of my thoughts.

Berates Self as Stupid

And then, with a sudden flash of inspiration, the solution came to me. Among all those men gathered here to have their cars inspected, not a single one was young. Each man was well past middle life, and several, including the spokesman of the group, were far advanced in years. Would not among their number be a former voter?

Berating myself for my stupidity, I hurriedly rejoined the looting group around the fire, and, into the sympathetic ear of their patriarchal leader, poured out my story.

"When I had finished, he sadly shook his head.

"I'm afeared you've gotta keep on lookin', son," he said. "No man among us is old enough for what you want. I'm the oldest here, and though I'm turnin' 60, I was just a lad when I came here with my car. When I drove in they didn't vote in Washington, but I ain't had word from town in quite a spell."

Passes the Test

Thanking him, I turned away dejectedly.

But the old man sensed my disappointment and called me back. Once more he put his arm around my shoulders, and smiled his benign smile.

"Listen, son," he said. "It's got so time don't mean nothin' to us old fogies here. But I know how it is with you writer fellers . . . always a rushin'. So we're-a-going to put your car up at the head of this here line and you'll be out of here afore night falls."

With a lump in my throat, I watched them shift their cars about until my machine led all the rest. Then, with a wave of real regret, I said good-by and drove once more into the inspection station, this time to pass the tests with flying colors.

Notables Bow in Sorrow at Borah's Bier

BORAH, from Page 1.

moved from that of Minister Hjalmar Procopé, of Finland. Behind him was Hans Thomsen, charge d'affaires of the German Embassy.

Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, alone, took a first-row seat in the diplomatic gallery.

Down the middle aisle came the distinguished figure of Chief Justice Charles Evans Hughes, followed by the other black-robed members of the United States Supreme Court.

As President Roosevelt came in, the usual trumpet flourishes were absent. Escorting by his naval and military aides, the President took a seat opposite Chief Justice Hughes, with his Cabinet officers or acting Cabinet officers ranged on his left.

Speaker Bankhead already had led members of the House in, and was now standing alongside Vice President Garner on the dais. The commanding officers of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard took seats to the left of the dais.

As the two chaplains—Dr. Phillips of the Senate and the Rev. Dr. James Shera Montgomery of the House—stood over the bier, Mrs. Henrietta Bagger Plum, of the National Christian Church, sang an old favorite:

"Lead, Kindly Light, amid encircling gloom,
Lead Thou me on . . ."

Dr. Montgomery then recited the ritual: "I am the resurrection and the life. He that believeth on Me, though he die, yet shall he live; and whoever liveth and believeth on Me shall never die."

Then the beautiful Twenty-third Psalm: "The Lord is my shepherd: I shall not want. He maketh me to lie down in green pastures. He leadeth me beside the still waters. Yea, though I walk through the valley of the shadow of death, I will fear no evil: For Thou art with me: Thy rod and Thy staff they comfort me . . ."

As Dr. Montgomery recited Tenneyson's famous "Crossing the Bar," many of Borah's colleagues buried their faces in their hands.

"Sunset and evening star,
And one clear call for me!
And may there be no moaning at the bar,
When I put out to sea."

Dr. Phillips, in opening the Episcopal service, read from the fourteenth chapter of the Gospel according to St. John:

"Let not your heart be troubled: ye believe in God, believe also in Me. In My Father's house are many mansions; if it were not so, I would have told you. I go to prepare a place for you. And if I go and prepare a place for you, I will come again, and receive you unto myself: that where I am, there ye may be also . . ."

Mrs. Plum sang "Abide With Me," and then Dr. Phillips, resuming his service, prayed that Mrs. Borah would be given succor from her sorrow.

"Comfort her," he intoned, "with the blessing from the tender Son of God, Who at the tomb of Lazarus wept, so that men said of Him, 'Behold how He loved him.'"

The solemn benediction over the statesmen, the diplomats and the others stood as President Roosevelt left the chamber.

A few hours later the casket was taken to Union Station. Last night the funeral train, with Mrs. Borah and a Congressional delegation aboard, was bound westward for Boise, Idaho. It was back-tracking over a route William Edgar Borah followed 33 years ago as he headed into immortality.

State Mourning Day Set

Boise, Idaho, Jan. 23 (AP).—Gov. Bottelieff said he would proclaim Thursday, the day of Senator William E. Borah's funeral, a day of

mourning.

The body will lie in state in the Capitol rotunda on Thursday from 10 a. m. until the funeral, at 3 p. m. Services will be simple. The only

speaker will be the Rev. Frank A. Rhea, dean of St. Michael's Episcopal Cathedral, Boise. There will be one musical number, a hymn. Burial will be in Morris Hill Cemetery.

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This is the standard price tag used by General Motors dealers to show what makes up the prices of new cars delivered to customers. "PRICE OF CAR" means the price we charge for the car itself, including reimbursement for Federal Tax and conditioning — "TRANSPORTATION CHARGE" means a charge for transportation from factory to you, based on rail rates — "OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT AND ACCESSORIES" means the charge for any extra equipment or accessories you elect to buy.

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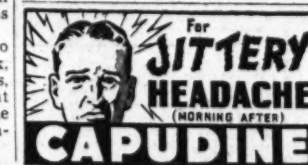
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Compromise Seen in Senate On Finn Aid

Banking Committee Expected to Hear Hull, Vote Tomorrow

By Robert C. Albright
Post Staff Writer

Senate Banking Committee support for a compromise bill on aid to Finland was indicated last night following influential Republican support for the substitute measure.

The committee is expected to vote for "nonmilitary" aid by the Export-Import Bank after hearing Secretary of State Hull in executive session tomorrow.

But the Finnish aid measure faced a less certain fate in the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, which must pass next on the legislation.

A new draft of the bill by Senator Brown (Democrat), of Michigan, was reported to have won the support of Senator Townsend, of Delaware, ranking Republican member of the Banking Committee, and other important G. O. P. figures.

Test in Economy

The Senate meanwhile will face its first economy test today as the \$251,822,588 defense deficiency appropriations bill goes before the chamber, with \$20,176,000 hacked off by the House and the Senate Appropriations Committee.

Senate Minority Leader McNary pledged Republican support in holding the cuts to the committee figure. He reiterated his promise to "co-operate" throughout to avoid passing the legal debt limit and to render new taxes unnecessary.

Byrd Begins Study

Senate Majority Leader Barkley said he was interested primarily in keeping appropriations within the \$8,424,000,000 total set by the President.

Meantime, Senator Byrd (Democrat), of Virginia, instituted a personal study of the \$700,000,000 President Roosevelt proposed to recapture from Government corporations to avoid a break through the debt limit.

Byrd asked the Budget Bureau to state that corporations would supply the \$700,000,000 and in what amounts. He said he did not receive a satisfactory reply. If the information is withheld, the Virginian said, he may call for the data in a Senate resolution.

Byrd said he was studying the "legality" of recapturing the funds, pointing out that agencies were not Federal charter institutions but chartered under laws of the various States.

House to Get Slashes

As the Senate considers its first appropriation bill, the House will receive its third fund bill with low-budget cuts—the Treasury-Postoffice measure, reportedly slashed \$11,500,000 under the President's estimates. The \$95,000,000 trimmed by the House from the independent offices bill at the same time will pass under scrutiny of a Senate Appropriations subcommittee.

Brown's Plan Ready

Senator Brown had ready for submission tomorrow a substitute Finnish aid measure doubling the revolving fund of the Export-Import Bank and tacitly empowering that agency to grant further credits to Finland. Though military loans would not be specifically barred in the bill, it understood credits would be advanced only for purchase here of nonmilitary farm and manufactured products.

An informal banking committee canvassed indications of a majority for the bill, but the line of opposition was more solidly drawn in the Foreign Relations Committee which has "last say."

Indications that Senator Nye (Republican), of North Dakota, will succeed the late Senator Borah on the foreign relations group promised to leave that committee's strong isolationist minority unchanged.

Even more vigorously opposed to so-called foreign "involvement" than Senator Borah, Nye already has announced he will fight any loan to Finland. He joined Borah in the unsuccessful special session battle to prevent repeal of the arms embargo.

Nye Has Seniority

Nye has served 14 years in the Senate and his seniority status, Republican leaders said, will undoubtedly assure him the post. Senator Austin (Republican), of Vermont, who has been in the Senate only nine years, is favored by the Administration for the job. Austin sided with the President in last session's acrid fight and favors swift aid to Finland. Reported a third candidate for Borah's post was Senator Lodge (Republican), of Massachusetts, who has not yet served out his first Senate term.

Senator Nye may step down from his present Military Affairs Committee assignment to fill the Foreign Relations Committee vacancy. Borah's death moves Senator Johnson (Republican), of California, up to the ranking minority position on the Foreign Relations Committee.

Wirephoto: Seaman Jumps From Sinking Grenville



The bow of the British destroyer Grenville, camouflaged with a blending pattern that failed to save her, is shown in this exclusive picture as she slipped helplessly into the deep after being battered by either a mine or torpedo at an undisclosed position while on war duty. A seaman (arrow), apparently the last man off, jumps from the doomed destroyer while another warship stands by in the distance. The admiralty yesterday announced the loss of 81 lives in Grenville's sinking. (Photo cabled from London)

Nazi Rail Police At Rumanian Line

BALKAN, from Page 1.

only 100 railroads are sent to Germany daily. Germany is not able to put more tanks at the disposal of Rumanian railways and the Rumanian government gave its consent only for 300 tanks to be sent abroad.

It is not yet known how Germany will solve this question and this is one of the main points of the negotiations, being carried on by Dr. Karl Clodius, the German economic mission.

Rumanian railways need all the available tanks owned by them, as the petroleum supplies of the railways have decreased considerably in the last few weeks and the railways are now obliged to withdraw their rolling stocks. An ordinance by the state railway management forbids the use of state-owned tank cars for private petroleum transport.

Besides, Germany cannot get the 130,000 tons monthly and the 60,000 supplementary quota on the Rumanian market, which had been foreseen in the Clodius arrangement of December 21. The concerns which until now have sold petroleum to Germany cannot ship more than 60,000 to 70,000 tons monthly, which is only half the established quota.

Shipment of the remainder causes great difficulty as the Rumanian government, for a period of one year, April, 1939, to April, 1940, has sold to France all the so-called redeventza.

This redeventza amounts to some 500,000 to 600,000 tons a year. Even after April, 1940, when the government will reserve for the German needs the redeventza, about a half-million tons must be procured from private companies belonging to French and English capitalists. One of the duties of the petroleum dictator will be to force these firms to sell petroleum to Germany.

Well-informed circles say Germany is proposing to Rumania that refining of Russian petroleum be done by Rumanian refineries. Russian oil could come by sea to Constantza on the Black Sea or to the Danube ports. The only difficulty would be the re-exportation of the refined product to Germany. This question is also being discussed in the present German-Russian negotiations.

Belgium Rents Cars to Nazis

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Paris, Jan. 22.—The Belgian government, it was learned here today, is renting Germany 150 freight cars a day, owing to a German shortage of rolling stock. Under this arrangement it is stipulated that the rented cars can only be used for transporting German coal to Belgium.

This question figures prominently in discussions which have been going on recently for a Belgo-German trade agreement.

The Germans ask that in return for German coal and coke the Belgians should deliver 1,000 freight cars and that they should rent to Germany a much larger number.

The Belgians have begun by renting a certain number of cars for transport of coal to Belgium only, and claim they are unable to deliver the number of cars Germany wants.

Similar German efforts to acquire rolling stock in Rumania and Yugoslavia also failed, French quarters said. The German plight was described here as acute since the freezing over of the Danube virtually has paralyzed the Reich's imports of contracted oil and grain.

According to French Intelligence reports, Germany is 50,000 freight cars short of the minimum necessary to meet wartime requirements.

U. S. Demands British Stop Delaying Ships

STATE, from Page 1.

the present increasingly unsatisfactory relations.

While it was understood the two officials discussed especially the cessation of tobacco buying here, with Hull picturing the plight in which American growers were left, it was believed they covered the whole field of conflict of interests due to the war, with particular reference to evidences of growing American hostility toward British acts.

In Saturday's aide memoire the State Department said this Government "feels constrained to express its serious concern" at the treatment of American shipping at Gibraltar.

"Interference" Is Reviewed

It said the United States "has already made clear its position as regards the legality of interference by the British government with cargoes moving from one neutral country to another, in its Ambassador's note No. 1,569 of November 20, 1939." It was a reference to a note not previously mentioned publicly by the department and no further information on it was obtainable last night.

Continuing, the aide memoire said that "British interference in the Mediterranean area 'has worked a wholly unalterable delay on American shipping' there and 'the effect of such action appears to be discriminatory.'"

It attached a list of nine American ships stopped at Gibraltar between November 15 and December 15, and pointed out that the average period of detention of the ships was 12.4 days. On the other hand, he said, "it is established that Italian vessels detained during the same period were held for an average delay of only 4 days."

Efficiency Is Challenged

"Since ample time has elapsed," Hull wrote, "to permit the setting up of an efficient system of control, it would seem that the present situation can no longer be ascribed to the confusion attendant on early organization difficulties."

"From information reaching this Government it appears that Ameri-

can vessels proceeding to neutral ports en route to or from ports of the United States have been detained at Gibraltar for periods varying from 9 to 18 days; that cargoes and mail have been removed from such ships; that official mail for American missions in Europe has been greatly delayed; that in some instances American vessels have been ordered to proceed, in violation of American law, to the belligerent port of Marseilles to unload cargoes, and there to experience further delays.

"It is further reported that cargoes on Italian vessels receive more favorable consideration than similar or equivalent cargoes carried by American ships, and that Italian vessels are permitted to pass through the control with far less inconvenience and delay."

Shippers Are Listed

After calling for "immediate correction" of this situation, the Secretary listed these American ships as having been detained: Lykes Brothers' ship Nishmaha, and eight operated by the American Export Line, the Express, Examiner, Escambion, Exmouth, Estavia, Exochorda, Exmore and Explorer.

Shippers Denied Navicerts

A London dispatch last night said British officials were of the opinion the apparent discrimination may have been due to Italian ships more fully complying with

the British navicert system, under which shippers file in advance copies of manifests of cargoes to expedite examination at contraband control stations.

It was reported here that Britain already has been asked to explain a number of rejections of navicerts without explanation to the American shippers.

When Britain announced the navicert system this Government took a passive attitude but said it did not recognize the right of interference with American trade.

Treasurer Is Arbiter

The present "situation," Morgenthau declared, is the same as that which he outlined to the committee.

The part the Treasury is playing, however, it was disclosed, is to act as arbiter in the demands made on American airplane manufacturing plants. This is being done through the procurement division.

Problem involved, it is explained, include avoidance of price competition, which might conceivably find the Allies bidding higher for planes than the American Army and Navy. Another problem is to prevent the demand for planes from causing an unhealthy expansion of manufacturing facilities.

Lisbon, Jan. 22 (AP).—The Greek freighter Ekatonarchos Dracoulis, 5,329 tons, tonight was reported torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine 150 miles off the Peniche coast of Portugal yesterday. It was believed six of the crew of 28 were killed.

An Italian ship rescued 12 in one lifeboat and a Spanish freighter picked up ten others in a second lifeboat. The Greek ship was en route to Rotterdam.

Treasury Acts As Arbiter in Plane Buying

Putting U. S. Needs Ahead of Allies, Morgenthau Says

By Felix Cotten
Post Staff Writer

Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau indicated yesterday that, at President Roosevelt's request, he had undertaken to coordinate Allied and Army and Navy airplane purchases in this country.

He said, in response to a question, that it was a problem for Great Britain to obtain dollar exchange with which to make purchases to carry on the war.

Commenting that the some could be said of France, Sweden or any other country, he refused to say whether a special problem existed with respect to Great Britain.

Loan Plan Unknown to Him

He denied knowledge of reported attempts to work out a loan program to aid the British in making purchases.

Morgenthau was asked at his press conference to clear up various reports as to the activity of the Treasury in the matter of Allied purchases. He referred reporters to his testimony before the Senate Military Affairs Committee in January, 1939, concerning the aid which he was giving a French mission seeking to arrange a deal for the purchase of \$65,000,000 worth of airplanes.

He was called before the committee to explain how it happened that Paul Chemidlin, an official of the French air ministry, was aboard a new Douglas attack bomber which had crashed in California a few days before. The question was raised as to whether the French were being given access to military secrets. This the War Department emphatically denied.

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Soviet Press Denounces Pope, Roosevelt for Peace Efforts

Pontiff Is Tool of Britain and France, Says Izvestia; Taylor Called 'Most Worldly Person Interested in War Orders'

By the United Press

Moscow, Jan. 22.—The government newspaper Izvestia today denounced Pope Pius XII and President Roosevelt for their "peace efforts" and described the pontiff as a tool of Great Britain and France. The President was denounced for his appointment of Myron C. Taylor as special peace ambassador to the Holy See which, according to Izvestia, broke "an American tradition established in 1867."

"American authorities endeavor to explain that Taylor's appointment does not signify recognition of the Vatican's secular power but only Roosevelt's intention to use the Vatican for peace efforts," said the government organ.

Taylor Called Worldly

"It is curious that Roosevelt has appointed a former president of a steel corporation, the most worldly person interested in war orders. This was done in spite of the fact that the majority of Americans regard the Catholic Church as the greatest danger to American culture."

Izvestia alleged that the Catholic Church, through the agency of its cardinals and bishops in the United States, influences the Irish, Italian and Polish people of New York to "vote for the reactionary candidates of the notorious Tammany Hall."

Izvestia called the Holy See a dead institution making a last effort to recoup its secular power by means of pro-Ally and anti-German and anti-Soviet intrigues.

"The Vatican's political activities only provoke smiles in the Soviet Union where the people realize that corpses are not good politicians unless behind them stand a live people," the newspaper said.

"Behind the Vatican stand the Anglo-French reactionary circles."

Atrocities Charged

Copyright by New York Times

Vatican City, Jan. 22.—An outspoken denunciation of atrocities in Poland was made over the papal radio station this morning. Germany, as well as Russia, was strongly criticized in this authorized talk, which spoke of the Pope as being "profoundly pained."

While these broadcasts are not official, they are delivered by a priest and carefully controlled by the papal secretariat of state. Authorities would not say who composed the talk or whether the pontiff sanctioned it.

"It is no longer a secret that His Holiness has been profoundly pained by reports which were recently received at the Vatican and all too completely confirmed of the martyr's fate reserved once more for his dear Poland, on whose inevitable resurrection he continues

to count with such confidence," said the speaker.

After referring to the pope's September 30 speech to the Polish residents of Rome, in which he expressed his hope "that Catholic life will be able to continue abundantly," the broadcaster went on to say: "These modest hopes . . . have been grossly deceived."

Encirclement Charged

Moscow, Jan. 22 (AP).—The Russian army organ, Red Star, today accused Britain and France of planning to "encircle Germany's Siegfried Line" by a flanking movement through the Balkans.

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You'll Enjoy
Tuesday's Special
Luncheon
Sauté of
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With CURRY, DICED
CELERY and BAKED RICE
55¢
Of course the menu is
full of other entrees.
Served from 11:30 to 3
COCKTAILS—4 to 6
All drinks, 25¢, and served with
tempting snacks
DINNER—5 to 9 SUPPER—10 to 11
Dancing—7:30 on
CARE and DON Orchestras
With Spanish and Mexican songs
by ADELITA VARELA and
sings by MARY LA MAE
Never a cover charge and
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10th 11th P and G Streets
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Enjoy Full Entertainment
at Low Cost—with This
**General Electric
Console Radio**
Model
H-625 **\$39.95**

A flick of your finger brings you the finest programs of the day—whether you seek amusing entertainment or gorgeous tones of a full symphony. Has short wave band for foreign reception. Six tube AC-DC model—with featherlight push-button tuning—powerful 12-inch Dyna-power speaker. Phonograph attachment makes possible attaching record player.

Liberal trade-in allowance . . . deferred payments may be arranged for a slight additional carrying charge.

RADIO GALLERIES, FOURTH FLOOR

WOODWARD & LOTHROP
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Let Woodward & Lothrop custom-tailor
Your New Slip Covers
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You profit now by special savings in both freshly charming materials and skilled workmanship.
You are assured of slip covers that fit—our workmen come to your home and cut the actual slip covers over your furniture. Experienced operators follow these measurements carefully, tailoring the covers with a precision that means better appearance and service.
In decorator-selected fabrics and novelty cottons—many of them increasingly hard-to-find imports:

- Two-piece Suites with plain skirts, plain seams . . . \$42
- Three-piece Suites with plain skirts, plain seams . . . \$54
- Two-piece Suites with pleated skirts, plain seams . . . \$54
- Three-piece Suites with pleated skirts, plain seams . . . \$69

STUDIO OF INTERIOR DECORATING, SIXTH FLOOR

From our Draperies Section, smart cotton
crashes in new color harmonies:

- Two-piece Suites with plain skirts, plain seams . . . \$25.80
- Three-piece Suites with pleated skirts, plain seams . . . \$33.95
- Two-piece Suites with plain skirts, plain seams . . . \$32.40
- Three-piece Suites with pleated skirts, plain seams . . . \$42

(This offer is limited to Washington, D. C., and vicinity within a 10-mile radius.)
Deferred Payments May Be Arranged
COURTAINS AND DRAPERIES, SEVENTH FLOOR.

Reduced Winter Fares
NORFOLK
OLD POINT
Autos \$1.00
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On your way South? You will find the most comfortable and convenient way to the South—by the Norfolk-Washington Line. Or plan to spend a week-end vacation in the old-time historic cities of the South? The Norfolk-Washington Line is the only line that takes you to all the historic cities of the South—Richmond, Petersburg, Norfolk, and others nearby.

NORFOLK-WASHINGTON LINE
FIFTY TRIP TICKETS, \$25.00 PER PERSON, \$1.00 PER CHILD

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S.S.S. Tonic is the
choice to increase the
appetite...to boost energy

Countless thousands of men and women can testify to the benefits S.S.S. Tonic has brought them. The facts are simple because of all conditions affecting the human body a low blood count is most deceptive. If you feel rundown . . . lack a keen appetite . . . have lost weight . . . don't give up until you restore those precious red-blood-cells back to normal.

S.S.S. Tonic may be just what you need to get you on the right road to health and happiness again.

In S.S.S. Tonic you go after the trouble in two ways . . . first you increase the appetite and better your stomach digestion—thus making better use of the food you eat—secondly, thin, weak, watery blood is made rich and red again thus giving you a boost in energy.

Try S.S.S. which any drug store can supply and no ethical dealer will suggest a substitute. The big 20 oz. size is a two week's treatment and represents a saving in the purchase price of S.S.S. Co.

S.S.S. Tonic
Appetizer
Stomachic

Farnsworth Confession Tells How He Sold Navy Secrets to Japanese Attaches

Story Reveals Theft of Bomb Sight Plans

Pilfered Department Desk of War College Manual on Defense

CONFESION, from Page 1

It was not until at least a year's thought that I undertook this plan, which I expected by now would see me located in the Orient, as by which I expected to rather thoroughly acquaint myself with the Japanese Navy from the inside. The idea was to do this for the benefit of the United States. In accomplishing this final feat, I was baffled and failed completely. When I accepted this fact and when I saw there were no plans for me in the event of war—apparently I was to be left "stranded"—I took this present course of action.

Military Secrets Held Nonexistent

Parentetically let me state that the divulgence of so-called secrets has so many angles that a fine line of distinction must be drawn in many cases. The activities of the munition manufacturers, as you know, indicate a willingness to sell anything to anybody. And then now classifying the sale of the latest model aircraft engines—Wright Company is an example of this—to some foreign power such as Russia. When all is said and done, the military secrets are practically non-existent. And do not fool yourself that the United States has not an active intelligence service. Plainly any spy service, which is not so dignified but a more explicit term. This brings me to our discussion that my story might seem to be a "fantasy." It is certainly not imaginary and it is confined to facts—but these facts are so much removed from the ordinary life of the average individual that he is at once extremely dubious.

Nothing is more difficult of actual proof because of the clandestine nature of the whole business and that the foreign power involved at once denies the whole story. This is the unending practice—and the actual evidence is in the credibility of the witness and substantial facts which are of a contemporaneous nature. Nobody would dream that a foreign government would acknowledge receipt of a document. The best proof is the agent's word—and one must face the fact that the agent is not to be a good liar—but then why would he admit such damaging facts?—and the proof that such a document was either missing or had been copied. Of course, cannot always be done. And it very often happens that a Government Department, which has been pilfered, prefers to save "face" by denying the whole thing. Both sides are satisfied awaiting a new opportunity to even up the score.

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Divorce Was Part Of Espionage Plan

I will now proceed with a brief outline of some of the essential features of my story. As you know, I graduated from the U. S. Naval Academy in 1915, with honors in Ordnance and Gunnery. (Subsequent career covered duty on ships and at stations, appendix hereto).

I met Captain Gray in 1923 when I was introduced in the promotion of local (Washington) aviation activities. The depression stopped this work. I did not see him again until the Fall of 1933, when our partnership was formed.

After unsatisfactory negotiations with the Chinese Republic in 1932—conducted with their Consul General—at Chicago, I applied by letter to the Japanese Embassy at Washington asking for employment in their Navy. My address was then 2543 Sheridan Drive, Norwood, Ohio. Due to the unpopularity of such a connection, I proceeded as follows: I enclosed a complete abstract of my record with a photograph and stated in this application that if they were interested I would come to Washington for an interview.

This was addressed to the Naval Attaché, Japanese Embassy. I requested one hundred dollars expense money, mailed to me at No. 302 Delaware Ave. St. Bernard, Ohio, care of C. L. Barrett. My suggested procedure was that I would immediately depart for Washington, register at the Willard Hotel under the name of Quigley and wait in my room with the door unlocked. (This was in October, 1933).

First Payment Was Hundred Dollar Bill

The receipt, after a lapse of about one week, in a plain unmarked envelope, of a single dollar note of one hundred dollar value can be verified by C. L. Barrett, now my wife, who is residing at 219 Mitchell Ave. Cincinnati. She never became aware of any detailed relations between myself and the Japanese until some time after our marriage, believing that I had borrowed the money from a friend, who was going to stake me in business. Her belief now is that I was working with the knowledge of the American Government on a plan of eventually "double-crossing" the Japanese. She never saw any documents other than my typewritten reports, because I never kept them in the house except in cases of extreme emergency, and hidden at that.

I was greeted at the Willard, as planned. Very busy visit to my room was made by Commander Imitiya, whispered instructions given to meet him at a residence, which turned out to be that of Mr.

K. K. Kawakami, Morrison Street, Washington. (Mr. Kawakami is a member of the press). Beyond merely a greeting K. never sat in on any conference. His wife is of American birth. Every visit or meeting between Commander Imitiya (and myself) took place in K's study on the second floor, behind closed doors, and I doubt if we were ever overheard.

'Borrowed' Copy Of Secret Manual

This transpired during the summer of 1934, while the midshipmen were away on a cruise. I was with the aviation unit being held over for summer training. Incidentally the first one of these special aviation training units was commanded and organized by myself in 1928 (Admiral Nimitz was Superintendent; I received special mention in the way of a commendatory "spread" on my official report of fitness, signed by him). My method of obtaining the latest and corrected copy of the official War College Manual, namely "The Service of Information and Security" might be classified as No. 4. I knew that there was such a copy in the desk of an officer in Captain Glover's office, Naval Examining Board, Washington. I would occasionally pass by this room and twice dropped in for a "chat." After much patience I was able to extract the book—I knew that the desk would be unlocked, as a rule, about five days at lunchtime the office would be empty. I finally got it that way, took it back saying I had borrowed it and left with thanks, August, 1934. All this was possible because I was constantly visiting the Department in the capacity as representative for the Boston Corporation and our magnets were under test by the Bureau of Aeronautics. Many things were picked up this way, such as latest engine developments, instruction books for new engines and projected future designs. Most of this came from this Bureau or the Aircraft Factory, Philadelphia. If there was reasonable assurance that I was not detected I would not return the documents. List is too long to cover here.

Commander Yamika relieved Commander Imitiya in the late summer of 1934; they both worked together for a period of time. I visited Philadelphia with Commander Yamika, both as strangers, of course. I knew his Room Number and he stopped at the Bellevue Stratford. He was the technical library at the Naval Aircraft Factory, Philadelphia Navy Yard, will reveal that the plans and operation instructions, such as the Model D-4 Bomb Sight are missing. They were delivered to him, there, with other data of less importance.

Worked on His Former Shipmates

In November, 1933, I terminated negotiations with the United American Bosch Corporation to handle their Army and Navy account through our office in Washington on a commission of 5 per cent on the gross. Vice President L. L. Bosch acted for the corporation only lasted nine months. Contract had expired last January and I do not know what details Gray arranged in its renewal. He rented an apartment at the Chastleton, as soon as I visited Philadelphia with Commander Yamika, both as strangers, of course. I knew his Room Number and he stopped at the Bellevue Stratford. He was the technical library at the Naval Aircraft Factory, Philadelphia Navy Yard, will reveal that the plans and operation instructions, such as the Model D-4 Bomb Sight are missing. They were delivered to him, there, with other data of less importance.

Calls Self 'Still An Anglo-Saxon'

During this time I do not believe that half of the officers I contacted either knew or remembered my dismissal. I was very careful to make no mention of my former position in the Navy Service; I readily admitted that I was working in civil life—and if no direct questions were asked I ignored the subject. An occasional embarrassment would sometimes result when I was saluted by some one who had previously been under my command. In such situations the best method is to ignore it as courteously as possible. On rare occasions I would discuss what I considered my "dirty deal" and part of my desire in writing this is to help out with some constructive suggestions. After physical afflictions began to appear, I am still an Anglo-Saxon.

Unfortunate physical afflictions began to appear, I am still an Anglo-Saxon. An acute attack of gastritis confined me to Georgetown University Hospital—I was unconscious several days. These operations I conducted in the most careful planning and sometimes a distracting long period of time to consummate without suspicion. Others were surprised quickly.

Took Pictures Of Battle Fleet

The latter method, say No. 2, was approaching the direct stage of spying—I may add I never could determine just what these pictures were for; presumably for silhouette work. Previous to this I had furnished Imitiya with a complete set of Naval Official Photographs augmented through my own personal collection. Most of these were given to me at the Department, many from the office of Commander Ingraham, O. J. and the aviation section. Details appear in the manuscript. The methods which we used for special communication are also detailed therein.

At their special request I furnished memoranda on possible moves to be made at the Naval Limitation Conference at London—both of which followed exactly. This I was able to do out of my contacts and a background of over 16 years service, a considerable portion which was very productive in this line (for example Staff duty; as one of many instances I was assigned to the Staff of General Lewis during the period of the first Hawaiian Maneuvers in 1926, acting as Aviation Liaison Officer, with Major Brandt of the General Staff—the opportunity to get an accurate and detailed picture was completely within my hands, and I got it).

As for War College data, I myself possessed some documents, such as Pamphlets on Doctrine, Formulation of Orders, Rules for Chart Maneuvers, etc. To bring these up to date I picked out some officer at Annapolis (in this case Lieutenant Apy, son of Admiral Pye) and, at intervals, would borrow from him, such problems and data as were available, with the explanation that I was "brushing up" in the event that I might cover the Naval Conference. This I would immediately return to Washington and deliver them, arranging for their return next day. These

would be photostated and I was able to return them next day without even creating the impression I had left Annapolis.

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Building. Here I arranged for immediate photostating, while I waited—a very necessary precaution should the operator become suspicious and telephone.

Once the job was done I taxied back to the Navy Building; left my photostats—naturally, carefully wrapped—with the guard at the entrance, took off my hat, returned the originals to Wynkoop. I have no idea he thought I had left the building—and so far he apparently never has had. I picked up my package from the guard and went on my way. The whole operation required about an hour.

In exactly similar manner I obtained the complete performance record data for all Naval Aircraft. In this case the source was in the office of "Operating Requirements," Bureau of Aeronautics. I knew all the officers who had desks therein and I am unable to say from which one I procured the documents. The procedure was the same—I took a chance on not being recognized at Abel's, and had my copies after returning the originals in about the same time.

Meanwhile, I was married in March, 1934, and about week later found myself at the Georgetown Hospital again, this time with double pneumonia—it was a loss of whether I would live. Conscious about five days. When recovered I moved my family to 8325 Meadow Lane, Chevy Chase, Maryland—approximately middle of May, 1934—premises which I leased from Jones Realty Company, Connecticut Avenue, and retained for sixteen months.

Made 'Killing' But Lost Bonus

Added to these activities and the necessity of recovering my health was the added necessity of acting for the Bosch Corporation as a very necessary item in order to avoid publicity or suspicion, particularly on the part of my partner Gray. However, I was able to accomplish a considerable amount of work on reports, furnishing of a large amount of necessary data, anticipated Fleet movements, public news (usually slightly in advance of Congressional data, etc. I am detailing only the most important highlights herein. As luck would have it I suffered a prolonged siege of neuritis which hung over me until Fall of 1935. Home treatment by Dr. Donovan.

Meanwhile during the summer of 1935 I planned some means whereby I might make a "killing" having one eye focused on a possible bonus. I made the killing but never received the bonus. Yamika was getting ready to depart and was extremely anxious to improve his record here as much as possible. He would urge me to greater efforts, but I refused to be hurried. At this time, the Destroyer Bobbitt was detailed at the Naval Academy for use in instructing midshipmen. As a unit in the active fleet it would possess the usual confidential and secret documents. One particular Sunday I decided upon a plan. I discovered that the Commanding Officer was married and would probably be ashore for the night. Also verified this fact a few minutes before I parked my car opposite the dock to which she was secured.

The time I selected was about nine in the evening, at which time the only officer likely to be aboard would be the duty officer. Since I had at one time commanded one of these ships I was well able to "talk the language." I went aboard in the Ward Room, where I encountered the officer with the duty for the day. I asked for the "Skipper" and was properly disappointed when I was told he would not be back. After about half hour conversation I developed I was talking to the officer who handled all the confidential publications, namely, the Signal Officer.

Present Attaché Held Arrogant

With the excuse that I was interested in "Dive Bombing" tactics also in a Diesel Engine Development, I asked if he had the Naval Publication—"REPORT OF GUNNERY EXERCISES" and "REPORT ON EN-

GINE PERFORMANCES." He opened the safe, I asked to borrow them so I might read them in my room at Carvel Hotel.

He agreed and I signed the receipts after which he closed the safe and tarried about. I was frantic to be gone but I was casual. As soon as I got to my car, I telephoned the Embassy Office, and dashed off at high speed, but taking due care not to be arrested.

The documents I carried were good-sized volumes—some of over 500 finely printed data on all target practice records conducted by all ships and the other complete engineering performance records for all vessels of the Navy. This was a prize. I knew that the Embassy maintained a photostat service. When I delivered the documents at Chevy Chase Circle they promised to work day and night but did not see how the job could be finished in less than two nights and a day. That meant Tuesday Morning and I decided to "hide out" for a day.

When I received the books I wrapped them, attaching a type-written note, with the statement I had been unable to read them (true enough), other important engagements had interfered and asking that my receipt please be torn up.

Not knowing what to expect I parked my own car, hired a Taxi, drove to the dock and hailed the Quartermaster. I sent my driver on deck, with instructions what to say, saw the parcel safely headed for the Ward Room. We drove off at once when I returned to Carvel Hall, notifying the desk I had been on a party and was not to be disturbed. I waited and nothing happened. I began to move about again. I heard about this letter however, Yamika sailed off to Japan with due honors—I hope. He probably pocketed the bonus.

'Did a Few Things' At Wright Field

With the pressure of living two lives and thinking about three extra ones I felt the necessity for a complete rest—my nerves were "shot" and I had good ones to start with. I explained the situation and went to Cincinnati. Here I recuperated rather speedily until about December. I performed several tasks but the expense involved in making trips by airplane back and forth, maintaining two establishments, etc., succeeded in getting me where my finances were very insecure. I did a few things at Wilbur Wright Field, Dayton. I also secured the complete Army Air Corps Manual on Instruction for Aircraft Design, through Major Bradley Jones, Aviation Reserve Corps, U. S. A. This is a very comprehensive volume. Bradley is Chief of Aeronautical Engineering Department at the University of Cincinnati.

There are many other items, some of which might appeal as much as those listed above—space forbids their inclusion here-with. Naturally they will be included in the manuscript.

After reaching a semi-satisfactory agreement with Yamaguchi in March of this year, I had several violent disagreements with him, which resulted in my terminating my working arrangements with him, none of which incidentally he ever fully kept, about July 1, 1935.

Referring back to Page 6 of this manuscript, last paragraph, this included data on "dive bombers." I also submitted a monograph, compiled from personal contacts with officers on active duty with these units. Lt. Commr. Ragsdale, Lieutenants Heath and Moss contributed to my work.

Please pardon the apparently "sloppy" typing. You understand the reasons, of course. I remain, Very truly yours, JOHN FARNSWORTH.

Farnsworth Claims Rights Were Denied in Conviction

Court Refusal of Plea to Change Decision He'd Make No Defense Attacked in Third Effort to Gain Freedom From Atlanta

Counsel for John S. Farnsworth, former Navy officer in prison as a spy for Japan, began his third effort to gain freedom at a hearing before Notary Public Lloyd L. Harkins here yesterday.

Farnsworth has served three years in Atlanta Penitentiary under a four-to-twelve-year term imposed by Justice James M. Proctor, of the District Court. Farnsworth pleaded nolo contendere (no defense) to a charge of conspiring with two Japanese naval officers to violate the United States espionage act.

Attorneys George S. Hawks, Cincinnati, and John P. Finerty, New York, recently filed Farnsworth's third petition for a writ of habeas corpus in the Atlanta, Ga., Federal court. They contended that the sentence was void because Justice Proctor had no right to receive a nolo contendere plea in such a case.

When I received the books I wrapped them, attaching a type-written note, with the statement I had been unable to read them (true enough), other important engagements had interfered and asking that my receipt please be torn up.

Not knowing what to expect I parked my own car, hired a Taxi, drove to the dock and hailed the Quartermaster. I sent my driver on deck, with instructions what to say, saw the parcel safely headed for the Ward Room. We drove off at once when I returned to Carvel Hall, notifying the desk I had been on a party and was not to be disturbed. I waited and nothing happened. I began to move about again. I heard about this letter however, Yamika sailed off to Japan with due honors—I hope. He probably pocketed the bonus.

20 Years in Prison Given 7 Who Took Federal Prison Bus

Richmond, Va., Jan. 22 (AP)—Seven prisoners were sentenced today to 20 years each by Judge Robert N. Pollard in United States District Court on charges of twice escaping from Government custody, for violating the national motor vehicle theft act and for stealing Government property.

The seven, who overpowered guards and commandeered a Department of Justice bus near Fredericksburg, while being taken to Lewisburg, Pa., to serve terms up to five years on previous convictions, escaped from the Henrico County Jail here where they were placed after their first capture.

The men pleaded guilty to all three indictments on which they were sentenced. They were John Gibson, 22, Coeburn, Va.; Luther Morris, 22, Tisham, Tenn.; Gerald Montague, 21, Paducah, Ky.; Charles Cole, 26, Millville, N. J.; Walter Smith, 22, Cincinnati; Robert Walker, 20, Elwood, Ind., and Hugh Penny, Big Stone Gap, Va.

Divorce Asked

Divorce suits filed Saturday at San Jose, Calif., included Mrs. Helen Riggs of Palo Alto, Calif., vs. Harrison N. Riggs of Washington, traveling auditor for the Treasury. The charge was cruelty. The couple were married in 1919 at Boulder, Colo.

attorney in Atlanta, and John Fidelity, chief of the civil division of the staff of District Attorney David A. Pine.

Tedrow testified that he believed the nolo contendere plea was void and told Justice Proctor so, before he was retained by Farnsworth. When Proctor reproached him for discussing the case informally, Tedrow said he decided to withdraw. This reproach, Farnsworth's counsel claims, was coercion.

Justice Proctor shed his robes and obeyed a summons to appear before Harkins yesterday afternoon. The jurist answered questions about the occurrences of the trial but refused to discuss his decisions. "If my handling of that case in any way prejudiced his lawful rights," said Proctor, "why then I hope another court will correct it."

Ben H. Pearce, reporter for the Evening Star, testified briefly about a conversation he had with Tedrow. Farnsworth's counsel protested, in vain, when the hearing opened, against reporters being admitted. Harkins overruled the protest. The testimony taken yesterday is due to be read in the Atlanta Federal Court February 17.

Prince Christopher Dies in Athens at 61

Athens, Jan. 22.—Prince Christopher, 61, youngest brother of King Constantine and uncle of the present King George II of the Hellenes, died last night.

At his deathbed was his wife, Princess Françoise, daughter of the Duc de Guise at Orleans, pretender to the French throne.

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Tokyo Scheme To Rule China Faces Ruin

Army Embarrassed by Revelation of Terms To Wang Ching-Wei

By Haller Abend
Copyright by New York Times
Shanghai, Jan. 22.—Japan's whole costly scheme for a puppet central government in China headed by Wang Ching-Wei is likely to be ruined upon the eve of installation as a result of revelations made in Hong-Kong by Kuo Tung-Wu and Tao Hsi-Sheng, who deserted Wang's group, taking with them alleged photostatic copies of humiliating peace terms.

The terms, embodying widespread concessions for Japan, included Chinese recognition of Manchoukuo; general cooperation among Japan, China and Manchoukuo; establishment of a common front against communism; designation of North China and Mongolia as a special zone for defense and economic development of Japan's economic predominance.

Meanwhile the momentous conference designed to arrange the founding of the Wang Ching-Wei government is scheduled to open at Taitung Tuesday morning. Wang Ching-Wei arrived there Sunday, while leaders of the Nanking, Peking and Inner-Mongolian regimes arrived today.

Edison Advocates Reorganization

DEFENSE, from Page 1.

Authority to alter agencies to meet conditions.

"An establishment such as the Navy cannot prosper," Edison declared, "if its pattern of organization and its division of duties remain rigidly frozen."

"Constant change is to be deplored, but there comes a time when even the conceptions affecting the highest officials should be reviewed, and, if found advantageous, changed."

"In my opinion, the time is ripe for making modifications in the offices of the Secretary of the Navy, the Assistant Secretary of the Navy, the Chief of Naval Operations and the Director of Naval Establishments."

Edison's proposals were outlined in a report on a reorganization bill introduced by Chairman Vinson of the House Naval Affairs Committee. The Navy chief termed some of the Vinson proposals as "common sense" and "admirable," but asked changes other than proposed should be left to administrative action.

He said there were "four schools of thought" on the question of naval reorganization. One is to leave things as they are, which "has the objection that it does nothing to relieve the situation complained of," he stated.

The second plan would be to enlarge the power of the Chief of Naval Operations and "make him the active head of the Navy" through which all matters would have to pass to the Secretary.

"No. 2," Edison said, "is strongly supported by a substantial number in the Navy. It means the actual control of the Navy will rest with the military and not with the civilian heads. This objection is serious enough to warrant disapproval without going into other considerations."

Rejecting another plan for an all-powerful Chief of Naval Operations, who, with the Chief of Naval Operations, would run all land and sea operations, Edison introduced a fourth proposal. This creates an Office of Naval Operations through which all shore operations matters must be "cleared."

Under a proposed bill set forth by Edison, the chief of shore operations could be either a ranking naval officer or a civilian. If an officer, he would have the title of full admiral and rank just below the chief of naval operations. If civilian, he would rank above the latter, just below the Assistant Secretary, and receive a salary of \$10,000 a year.

Chorus Girl Bests Leslie Howard in Soldiers' Favor as Nations Vie in Stimulating Morale



LESLIE HOWARD

GRACIE FIELDS

NOEL COWARD

By the Associated Press
Europe's warring nations are cushioning the hardships of a soldier's life with plenty of good food, a bit of the cup that cheers and entertainment running from the subtle acting of Leslie Howard to the gyrations of French Can-Can girls.

With the Western Front stagnant, constantly increasing efforts are being made on both sides to keep up the morale of troops.

Germany, France and Britain all are following the Napoleonic axiom that "an army marches on its stomach." In all three countries home supplies are being restricted in favor of the soldiers.

For example, the British soldier receives seven ounces of butter weekly compared to four ounces rationed to each person back home. All three armies have pressed chefs, butchers and bakers into the services and established cooking schools to make sure the soldier's fare is tasty.

French Receive Wine
No alcohol is rationed to German and British soldiers, but plentiful quantities of beer are available at low prices. Because French beer did not suit the British soldier's palate, authorities have arranged for French breweries to make English beer.

The French soldier receives a ration of a half bottle of wine daily with extra rations on holidays. A large part of the war effort is being devoted to the entertainment field.

More than 37,000 small movie projectors have been installed on the German front and many have been placed in operation by the French and British. The film fare runs from animated cartoons to full length feature pictures.

Mobile theater troupes perform by the score behind front lines in barns and schoolhouses.

Chorus Girl Bests Howard
British tommies have been entertained by the brittle humor of Noel Coward, the acting of Leslie Howard and the great English favorite of the World War—Gracie Fields.

Howard was received politely at one performance but the cheers went to Gracie, who sang in a costume minus everything that wasn't absolutely necessary.

Maurice Chevalier, French music hall favorite and film actor, Joseph Baker, Paris dancing star for a decade, and Bal Tabarin's Can-Can Girls are on the French Front's entertainment schedule.

The German movie stars, Willy Birgel and Karl Ludwig Diehl, are entertaining Nazi troops.

Following are brief recapitulations of morale-boosting measures announced by the various governments.

British

Food: Fresh vegetables, plenty of meat and a half dozen varieties of jam are served.

There is no ration of alcohol, but each soldier is allowed 2 ounces of tobacco weekly. Spending of tax-free gifts of food and tobacco by private sources is encouraged.

Salvation Army and Y. M. C. A. canteens provide light refreshments. Entertainment: Thousands of radios are being sent to the front lines and the soldiers are allowed to listen to any program they choose from German broadcasts to swing music from American stations.

Welfare groups are organized to collect books and magazines and install libraries for the soldiers.

Navy, army and air force institutes under the label "NAAFI" are combined in a vast entertainment program.

Mobile movie projector units are being set up and thousands of Tommies see first-run American movies before they are shown in England.

Scores of vaudeville entertainers—including many Americans—are used in brief shows which travel by truck and play behind the lines in barns, schoolhouses or village halls.

Germany

Food: Gulaschkanonens (field kitchens) serve healthy stews to soldiers on the march, but soldiers in forts and in barracks get fried and baked meats and vegetables—chiefly potatoes.

No alcohol is included in the regular ration, but five cigarettes and two cigars are given to each soldier daily, plus a small package of pipe tobacco weekly. These rations are supplemented by gifts from private sources.

Entertainment: The "Strength Through Joy" labor organization has staged more than 11,000 shows, comedies, vaudeville programs, movies and concerts since the war started.

Theater troupes have traveling stages and large mobile movie projector units take the latest feature pictures to the front. Buses with

the seats taken out have been converted into traveling libraries.

The government has a slogan of "radio in every bunker," and thousands of sets—many confiscated from Jews—have been distributed among the soldiers. Request programs are broadcast every Sunday and personal news about soldiers' families is broadcast daily at specified times over three stations.

French

Food: Plenty of vegetables, a standard meat course—usually beef—with either hors d'oeuvres or salad, dessert and coffee make up a standard menu.

Each soldier receives a half bottle of wine daily. Those on duty in the front line get hot wine. Soldiers buy their own cigarettes at less than 2 cents a pack.

Entertainment: All forms of entertainment for the army are coordinated under a service called "Reading, Artistic and Popular Entertainment for the Army."

Eleven thousand radios have been distributed by the government in the last two months.

Besides regular theater, entertainment by Chevalier, Josephine Baker and the casts of Paris shows who donate their services, seven mobile theater units are showing the latest French feature pictures, cartoons and newsreels. Six hundred smaller projectors are being purchased to supplement the mobile units.

The "Theatre Aux Armes," first created and operated in the World War, again gives regular performances at the front.

Eighty thousand of 250,000 books collected by the private agency "L'Alliance Du Livre" have been distributed. All books are censored to make sure they do not impair the army's morale.

Private sources are donating many phonographs and 87,000 records are being distributed.

All But 2 Boats Burned on Orazio

STEAMER, from Page 1.

man news agency.
Eight rescue ships had worked in seas whipped by a gale and lighted by the burning ship and searchlights of the rescuers.

70 Unreported

The Italian Line office in Rome tonight credited the steamship Colombo, which had already picked up 173 persons, with saving an additional group of 22.

The number of missing was cut to 70 when it was disclosed here that the French were holding 12 Germans taken from the ship by the contraband control party 24 hours before the explosion.

The French admiralty at Toulon advised the Italian consul general that all lifeboats had been found and all passengers were saved. Only those crew members in the engine room at the time of the explosion were missing, the French said.

Earlier, the line had announced that 104 were missing, including 40 of the crew.

The liner Conte Biancamano, with 318 survivors, was due in Genoa tomorrow at 8 a. m. (2 a. m. E. S. T.).

The 48 reaching Marseille, including 25 women and 3 children, were rescued by a French warship. They suffered from burns and exposure from their all-day fight to escape the burning sea trap, and were hurried to two hotels converted into emergency hospitals.

Although Italian Line officials said they believed all passengers had been saved, Giorio said he was not certain concerning the fate of a lifeboat which the French warship was unable to save and which was reported to have carried the Italian minister to Panama, Renato Firenze.

The line believed this boat was picked up by one of the other rescue ships.

The survivors reported that they were tossed from their beds by the explosion, and that they stumbled in the corridors trying to reach deck, many fighting flames on the way. Some fainted and were dragged from a fiery death by sailors.

Russians Claim Nazi Help, but Are Repulsed

FINN, from Page 1.

Soviet tanks in that fight and silenced several Soviet batteries.

Northeast of Lake Ladoga, the Russians continued trying to advance but, according to the Finnish high command, the repeated attacks have been repelled for the fourth consecutive day.

Soviet losses of nearly 700 dead are reported, together with the destruction of ten Soviet tanks and two armored cars.

So far as could be learned there were no Soviet air raids on Finnish towns today.

Bombs Fire Buildings

Yesterday Soviet flyers were relatively inactive, except in the war zone. They made two bombing raids, however, on Oulu, a town of 30,000, mainly engaged in the timber and leather industries and an important railway and highway center on the northern shore of the Gulf of Bothnia.

According to Finnish official sources their first raid, in daytime, set several buildings afire, then in an unusual—for Soviet flyers—night raid—they reportedly attacked the town again and machine gunned men trying to extinguish the fire. Four persons are said to have been wounded.

The anti-aircraft defense organization gave out statistics today on Soviet air activities against the Finnish civilian population for the week of January 14 to 20, the most intensive week of the war to date.

These figures show, that a total of 6,667 bombs, including some much heavier than those previously used, were dropped on Finnish objectives outside the war zone. These caused the death of 18, and the wounding of 109, a much lower percentage of casualties than in the week before.

This growing ineffectiveness against Finnish people is attributed to the increased skill of the people in quickly taking shelter and to the inaccuracy of Soviet bombers, most of whose missiles fall, according to this report, into the sea and into rivers, or harmlessly onto the countryside.

"Each civilian murdered behind

the front last week cost the Russian two bombing planes and six airmen," the report claims. In commenting on the Soviet efforts and results, the report stresses also that, compared with the Soviet expenditure, material damage is slight.

The report treats with scorn the alleged Soviet propaganda broadcast to the effect that Russian planes are not bombing the civilian population and that Soviet flyers, instead, have been dropping bread in Finnish workers' quarters.

The first authoritative Finnish estimate battle casualties placed the total at 9,500, including 2,500 killed and 7,000 wounded, since the war began seven and a half weeks ago. The Soviet losses were estimated at about 150,000 including men killed, wounded, frozen, ill and captured.

Isolated actions were reported further north at Alttiojoki.

Russian air raids continued yesterday, the Finns said, but were comparatively light compared with those of previous days. A few buildings were set on fire at Oulu.

The continued cold brought a new problem for the Finns by freezing the Gulf of Finland from Estonia to Finland, raising the possibility that Russian troops might attempt an attack across the ice from Estonian bases.

Finns said they were prepared to meet such a Russian thrust, however, as the coast in many sections had been fortified and battalions with barbed wire.

German Charge "Trick"
Berlin, Jan. 22 (AP)—Nazi sources today said Finnish assertions that the Russians were spreading reports of coming German help for the Red army were a "trick to trip Germany into making a denial and thus anger the Soviet."

They said Germany's position remained "friendly toward the Russian cause but strictly that of an observer."

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Something To Aim At

"The only way to economize," says Senator Adams, "is to economize." With few exceptions, plausible arguments can be advanced against proposals to cut any specific appropriation. That is why it is so important to follow some general budgetary plan which sets an upper limit to total expenditures.

In the absence of such a general plan, Congress appears to be doing the next best thing in setting a goal at which to aim. Instead of voting new taxes to finance the extraordinary defense program, as recommended by the President, it is suggested that budgeted expenditures be reduced 6 per cent. That would mean a saving slightly greater than the \$460,000,000 requested in new taxes.

It has been emphasized repeatedly that budget balancing at present expenditure levels is unthinkable, because it would impose an additional load upon our people that no Congress would have the nerve to approve. Moreover, industry is already heavily burdened with taxes, and additional levies might have a seriously depressing effect upon production and employment. The alternative of cutting the deficit by spending less offers the only politically feasible and economically safe means of procedure.

The one great danger is that Congress in its zeal may slash appropriation items indiscriminately, instead of taking time to consider where cuts can be made with the least damage. If good judgment is exercised in that respect, the pressure to reconsider and restore deleted items at a later date will be much less acute.

The chief reason for hoping that Congress will not only vote for retrenchment but also stick to its resolution is the increased popularity of the economy movement today. The will to economize has grown stronger among the people as well as among legislators. Heretofore one of the greatest obstacles to budget balancing has been a widespread conviction that governmental spending provided a needed stimulus to private recovery. As faith in that discredited panacea declines, hopes of some day attaining a balanced budget rise.

Plight Of Neutrals

Winston Churchill's appeal to Europe's neutrals to "stand together with the British and French empires against aggression and wrong" appears to have had a far from favorable response from the nations to whom the plea was directed. This is not surprising. No country ever willingly consents to become a battlefield so long as there is the slightest chance that such tragedy can be averted.

Mr. Churchill was, of course, expounding the British viewpoint. It would undoubtedly help the Allies to have the European neutrals on their side, whether or not, as he contends, such a development would greatly shorten the war. Yet there is a nub of truth in what he says that cannot easily be passed over because it happens to coincide with British interests. The fact is, as he implies, that in a modern large-scale war such as is now raging in Europe, neutrality is virtually impossible for small and helpless nations that happen to be wedged in between the contestants. Every one of these powers is perpetually at the mercy of its stronger neighbors and can remain at peace only if permitted to do so by the belligerents.

Nor can the neutrals deny the reality of the warning Mr. Churchill voices that the defeat of Great Britain and France would place these small and helpless nations at the mercy of "the opposite, though similar, barbarisms of Nazism and bolshevism."

The long-range problem facing the neutrals, and that goes not only for the small nations on the edge of the war but also for all nations including the United States, is not so much how to make neutrality effective as to make it unnecessary. The problem, in other words, is to find effective ways and means of averting war and preserving peace.

arm weapons, neutrality will remain, especially for small and weak nations in war zones, a wholly precarious state full of pitfalls and dangers.

War-time Trade Shifts

The disrupting effect of the war upon our export trade is beginning to be painfully apparent. On the one hand, it is reported that the British government is preparing to spend about \$1,000,000,000 for airplanes and other essential military supplies. On the other hand, farm groups are dismayed by the loss of British markets for export tobacco and fruits, and by a recent British order restricting cotton shipments in order to conserve shipping space on British vessels.

Serious adjustment problems are created by such sudden shifts in buying, both for the producers injured and for those immediately benefited. For the industries engaged in manufacturing military supplies the combination of war in Europe and defense preparations at home may prove overstimulative. There is danger of excessive capital expansion under such conditions, with a subsequent sharp recession of activity when peace returns.

Our own price-raising policies had, of course, sharply curtailed exports of agricultural products before war was declared. But Great Britain's action in cutting off purchases of our flue-cured tobacco has aggravated the problem of handling surpluses.

Domestic tobacco growers are protesting the British ban and in some cases demanding retaliatory action on our part. But the situation does not lend itself to this kind of give and take. Since Great Britain buys much more from the United States than she sells in this market, we are in no position to issue ultimatums.

Moreover, our neutrality legislation prevents sales on credit to belligerents. Hence any purchases by the British government in this market which are not offset by sales of goods have to be paid for in cash. That is, the British must draw on existing dollar balances, ship gold to build up such balances, or convert foreign securities owned by their nationals into dollars.

The Federal Reserve Board recently estimated that the British Government (excluding the Dominions and the colonies) could lay its hands on about \$3,300,000,000 of such cash funds. France, whose foreign assets are pooled with those of Britain, could raise slightly more. Ordinary prudence suggests that these reserves should be husbanded carefully, especially in view of the uncertain duration of the war.

Furthermore, post-war adjustments would be extremely difficult, if the British should be forced to part with all of their foreign exchange and capital reserves. For such reasons their purchases of commodities that are not absolutely essential to the conduct of war will undoubtedly be reduced to a minimum or altogether eliminated.

There are, however, certain exceptions to this general rule as shown by the fact that Britain is trying to induce her people to smoke more Turkish tobacco and has further agreed to take Turkey's surplus figs and grapes—commodities even less essential to the winning of a war than American apples, which are banned. Political considerations account for this concession to Turkey. The British are carrying on a war of economic attrition against Germany, the aim being to cut her off from nearby markets as well as to destroy her overseas commerce. To achieve the former objective, it becomes necessary to offer Germany's neighbors special inducements to shift their trade to Great Britain.

Since the war began the British Government has repeatedly tightened its control over foreign commerce. Foreign exchange operations are regulated and government boards direct the purchasing of various foodstuffs and raw materials. In short, authoritarian methods of controlling economic processes have largely superseded the mechanism of a free-price system.

That being the case, it is impossible to foresee the effects of the war upon our trade with Great Britain, to say nothing of the effects of the British blockade upon our commerce with other nations. We have learned, however, that we cannot escape the economic disruptions caused by war, no matter how careful we are to maintain our neutral status.

Consumer Cooperation

Since women do most of the buying for households, it is not at all surprising that they should take a special interest in the problems of the consumer. Representatives of a large number of women's organizations interested in various aspects of the consumer movement met last week at the White House and, in company with Mrs. Roosevelt, discussed the relation of the Government to the consumer.

At the conclusion of the meeting the chairman of the Consumers National Federation stated certain objectives said to be common to all the organizations represented. They want useful information on labels, in advertising and in sales talks; more facts about the quality and prices of goods and the conditions under which they are made. Finally, they desire representation at "council tables of business and government where decisions are being made affecting the goods and services coming to market."

To attain these objectives the delegates seek more help from the Govern-

ment, although they are not certain how it should be given. Hope was expressed that a conference would shortly be called to work out a program of Government cooperation that would go considerably beyond anything existing public agencies are prepared to undertake.

This suggestion indicates the rapid advance that organized consumer groups have made in recent years. Consumer movements range over a very wide field, from purely educational and informative activities to plans for reforming distributive methods. As a result, it has taken a long time to develop an articulate consumer movement with common objectives.

That achievement in itself represents progress, although it will require a great deal more time to put into precise form vague suggestions for an expanded Government program to "improve the kind of living people get for the money they earn."

Finland's Other War

Harold Denny's graphic dispatch from Abo, Finland, which appeared in The Post of yesterday, called needed attention to an aspect of the Russo-Finnish struggle that has been dangerously obscured by other developments in that war.

During the seven weeks since Soviet Russia undertook her murderous assault on her tiny neighbor, the Finns have more than held their own. Wave after wave of the Red army has broken on the rock of Finland's indomitable resistance. The Finns fully deserve the most enthusiastic encomiums heaped upon them by a world inspired by their remarkable display of bravery and fighting skill.

Nevertheless, as Mr. Denny shows, it is possible for the Finns to continue winning every battle and yet lose the war. Success in the field is not enough. For accompanying the frontal attacks of the Red army, have been the ferocious air raids by Russian planes on undefended or inadequately defended towns and villages deep in the Finnish interior.

Only incidentally has the purpose of these raids been to destroy or break up military concentrations. Some of the centers most unmercifully bombed have no military importance whatsoever. The primary aim of these aerial attacks is to bring Finland to her knees by, as Mr. Denny points out, "paralyzing her economic life and breaking the morale of her civilian population." The real war, he says, "is being waged against the Finnish population and it is ruthless, indiscriminate and full of deadly danger to Finland."

To fight off this extremely serious threat to their independence, which may negate all the advantages they have so far derived from their superior fighting ability and strategic skill, the Finns need more than verbal bouquets. Those may warm the heart, but they provide no protection against incendiary bombs. What Finland desperately needs are fighting planes and antiaircraft guns to fight off the almost daily attacks that are making a shambles of her towns and villages.

If such defensive weapons are not forthcoming, all the brilliant exploits of the Finnish army may go for naught. By paralyzing Finland's economic life, these destructive air raids may soon or late end Finland's capacity to resist the Red onslaught, however indestructible may be the Finnish determination to continue fighting.

The democratic world has been heartened by the successes which the Finns have achieved in what appeared at the outset to be a wholly one-sided struggle. That fact may be in part responsible for the belief that the Finns, by their own exertions alone, can hold out indefinitely—that there need be no hurry about helping them and that moral gestures plus civilian relief will suffice to enable them to keep going.

This belief is as dangerous as it is mistaken. Time presses. Even the most courageous people cannot fight bombing planes with bare hands or with packages of food. In considering the question of assistance to Finland, Congress cannot safely ignore or pass over this salient fact.

Excellent Selection

The selection of Mr. Edward Bruce to fill the vacancy in the National Commission of Fine Arts created by the retirement of Dr. Charles Moore is in every respect logical and admirable. Probably no other living man has done so much to improve and invigorate official art in the United States. As head of the Fine Arts Division of the Treasury and now of the Federal Works Agency, Mr. Bruce has rendered truly distinguished service to the Nation.

It is not merely that Mr. Bruce is himself a first-rate artist and a wise and discerning judge of art. Even more important is his ability to fight persistently and successfully for his esthetic ideals. This has been shown again and again in his various conflicts with bureaucracy over questions of artistic patronage. He has had the satisfaction of seeing his courage and zeal rewarded by an awakened interest in art throughout the entire country.

There is little doubt that, as a member of the Fine Arts Commission, Mr. Bruce will substantially increase his already tremendous service to the cause of beauty.



Letters To The Editor

Production, Employment

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: All friends of the Post—Sir: should be grateful for your able editorial in the issue of January 19 in which you discuss the contrast between our record industrial production and lagging employment. Too many people like to believe that because business is good we don't have to worry any more about unemployment, and can therefore slash or abolish relief and work relief.

But, as you say, "having reached a record level of industrial activity we have good cause to be worried about the much slower rise in the index of factory employment. The slower upturn calls attention to the fact that we still have millions of idle workers for whom there is virtually no hope of providing jobs in the near future through an expansion of industrial activity."

To be sure, you follow up this paragraph with a plea for cutting costs of government and balancing the budget. But the friends of the unemployed should not mind this passage. For those who are familiar with the editorial policy of The Post with its apparent requirement that every editorial end with the tag line, "Carthage must be destroyed and the budget must be balanced," know that the important part of an editorial is not the routine tag line but the rational message that precedes it. And the rational message here is that society must continue to be concerned with the problem of unemployment.

BENJAMIN GINZBURG.
Washington, Jan. 19.

Gasoline Shipments

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: When I read in the newspapers that high-test gasoline is being shipped from California for use in Japanese and Russian warplanes, I was deeply distressed. First, because not only does this country decline to give effective assistance to Finland in her effort to fight off the invasion with which she is confronted, but we actually turn the materials used by Russia in that invasion.

Secondly, because I as a private citizen, am powerless to do anything to avert such actions by some of our citizens, who apparently value a good business above decency.

Can you, as editor of a powerful newspaper, cry out against the continuation of such commerce with such brutal aggressors? I had thought the "moral embargo" would put an end to such business, but according to this article, something else is needed to end this disgrace.

A. J. NELSON.
Washington, Jan. 19.

Favor Aid To Finland

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: This writer, being but one of those numerous persons whom the well-known critic, H. L. Mencken, refers to as "so many June bugs," that is, the ordinary variety of citizen without influence, power or wealth, and not therefore burdened with the responsibilities of a President or a member of Congress, can permit himself to dispense with the tedious argumentative pros and cons in the matter of extending aid to Finland and give free rein to the dictate of conscience alone.

He simply wishes to voice the earnest hope that for just this once, regardless of neutralities, precedents, consequences, or what have you, Uncle Sam will reach down to his striped pants pocket, pull out his roll, peel off a \$60,000,000 bill and pay to Finland. "Here you are, Pal, make it go as far as you can, and I don't care whether you use it for gunboats or gumdrops."

Sentimental, impulsive, "fraught with danger"—perhaps so, but what a thrill it packs in solid satisfaction! Goodness knows we have faked out plenty of money heretofore that

All communications must carry the writer's name and address, though pen names are permitted at the editor's discretion. In fairness to other correspondents brevity is requested. Letters are subject to condensation.

A Question Of Democracy

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: In several letters recently, and particularly one in The Post of January 18, the question is asked as to why those people who fought for Spain are not at the present time fighting for "democracy" in Finland. Today's letter specifically adds that the picture of Earl Browder was used in posters calling for aid for Spain.

I would be deeply interested in seeing such a poster. In all the time I was secretary here for the Friends of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade, as well as secretary of the District of Columbia Post of the Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade, and in connection with work on behalf of Spanish civilian refugees I have yet to see any poster which had a picture of any individual other than those who typified the results of the human misery and suffering brought about by the Fascist invasion of Spain.

As for the question of fighting for "Finnish democracy," I think that no better answer could be given to that than to point to the list of people who claim to be doing so. We might also ask where these people were when it was a question of aid for Republican Spain, in which we vets are primarily interested.

Where was Mr. Hoover and his "relief" when hundreds of thousands of Spaniards had to flee into France? What is he doing for them today? On which side of the fence were those who now quite openly suggest that we give armed aid to Finland? Go down the list, Father Sheehan, Father Coughlin, Mussolini, the press (with few exceptions), and so on down the line. And how come that President Roosevelt, who kept Spain from getting arms, is so hot for aid to Finland?

I think that the alignment of forces during the Spanish conflict and the alignment of forces today in the Finnish affair are such that we cannot help but feel that the cry of "Finnish democracy" is similar to the cry of "democracy" which was used as an excuse to set us into the first World War. These gentlemen have their conception of democracy, and we have ours. And, after looking it over, we think we like ours the best.

ED YOUNG.
Washington, Jan. 18.

Quote From LaGuardia

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: We wish to call your attention to a situation which has arisen recently in connection with the report of the Fire Survey Board of which Capt. Tansey was the chairman. In the supplement issued by the committee there appeared a letter from Rufus Lusk, president of the Washington Taxpayers Association, dated November 21, 1939, and addressed to the committee.

In the third paragraph of the said letter there appeared the following: "With new methods of preventing and fighting fires and more fireproof construction, many a city is beginning to realize that 'fire departments are ever-manned.' Mayor LaGuardia told New York firemen last summer they must look for a decrease in the number of fire fighters beginning the first of the year—and the Washington situation is similar to New York's."

Our legislative committee after some slight research has obtained a copy of the remarks actually made by the Mayor of New York from which the above is supposed to have been "quoted." There follow herewith extracts of an exact copy of the article as printed in the New York Times on August 16, 1939:

"We believe that the peak in the fire department personnel will be reached in 1940 or 1941. As a result the young men who came in within the past five years and are coming in today will face the likelihood of being unemployed before they have put in the required 20 years for pension. He said he did not expect much transferring would be necessary for at least 10 years, after which the fire department employment curve will go down."

J. L. WERHEIM.
President, Firemen's Association of D. C.
Washington, Jan. 20.

"Refreshing Contrast"

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: Mr. George A. Loring's communication is a refreshing contrast to the eulogies heaped upon both the literary and film versions of "Gone With the Wind."

My grandfather served with the Confederate forces and although he was reluctant to speak of this period in his life, I never once recalled him defending the institution of slavery, nor did he show any animosity toward the North. A humanitarian, I think he was secretly ashamed of a social system that existed only because it kept a majority of its people in poverty and slavery.

Service in the Confederate cavalry was a natural result of his environment and social position, because even today it is unusual for Virginians to render more than lip-service to the ideals of Jefferson; and democracy in the Old Dominion has not yet extended beyond the politician's parlor, as witness our restrictive poll tax and high percentage of illiteracy.

SOUTHERNER.
Alexandria, Jan. 20.

"Among The Missing"

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: While we are not yet slaves to Hitler and Stalin, we certainly do seem to be slaves to the fear of these men. In the thing that really counts, namely our actions, we cannot call ourselves a free people as long as we have more regard for the frowns and hollow threats of any dictator than we have for any victim.

In our splendid isolation, in which not even a declared war can force us to fight more than we choose, what we need, far more than anything else, is fear itself. It is our fear of dictators who cannot even touch us, which makes us our own worst enemy.

When, instead of acting with the fearlessness which befits our freedom and isolation, we give clear proof of our timidity, all dictators, both the active and the quiescent, list us among the missing. To them we are not merely isolated; we are dead.

The Post Impressionist

Of Time And Turtles

A few years ago three boys were playing in a sandpile. They had three small green turtles, the kind that are sold in pet shops, which they were playing with. The game absorbed their attention; it was original and unique.

The sandpile was a kingdom, the domain of the three turtles. The largest of the turtles was the King of the realm, the smallest was the Queen and the medium-sized one was dubbed the High Priestess. Over in one corner of the sand box the boys were erecting a palace. A temple, modeled after the Aztec ruins, reared gloriously in another corner, its facade reflected in a lake in which the three turtles were swimming, paying little or no heed to the construction going on around them.

The tallest boy placed one of the turtles on a newly-completed minaret. It crumpled beneath the reptile's weight. The boy frowned. "What we need," he said, "is a more permanent place to build a more permanent city in." His companions agreed. But where, they asked.

A place was found when a reluctant mother gave an abandoned pergola for the construction of the "permanent" city, and the three builders set to work, planning and executing the city that was to bring turtle civilization to its peak. Each expressed himself in a different way, and under the impetus of their combined imaginations, the city took shape and became a miracle of child-play.

Primus was tall for his age, dreamy-eyed, artistic. His long tapering fingers were the ones that designed and executed the most elaborate and artistic palaces. He was the architect of the city who planned the streets, dug the gardens, decreed where this temple and that swimming pool and that graveyard should go. He was the creator, the artisan.

Secundus, a thin, nervous child, reveled in the turtle civilization. It was he who named most of the pets, usually after historical characters. It was his inventiveness that created the history of Turtalia (so had he named the city) and staged the rites, parades, wars, revolutions and games that the turtles were forced to submit to and take part in, once the city was under way. He was the historian, the elaborator of the turtle civilization.

Tertius was small and awkward and jolly. He was the investigator, the discoverer of the turtles. Delving in scientific books, he came up with the correct appellations for each turtle; this is a Cumberland turtle, that is a Louisiana turtle, the third of the turtle is called the carapace and on the other side is the plastron. . . . Tertius became an authority at the age of 10, in the 5-B, on herpetology. He was the boy who found out that turtles have soft-shells and other diseases, and how turtles reacted to hot water and mud and ant eggs. He was the scientist of Turtalia.

And so the three boys labored over their project through the summer of 1934, and the summer of July, four palaces built of chess boxes and stone and cement, a temple, a burying ground, a recreation field and gardens with hedges of clipped chickweed, flowers selected for turtle-size, sandcastles, violets and rock moss, fountains with 10-cent store buddhas, mossy lawns and broad avenues that resounded with daily parades.

By August Turtalia had progressed from a simple mythological times of Greece through the Roman orgies to the French Revolution. The third emperor was burned at the stake (of course he had died first and was exhumed for the occasion) and the revolutionists danced (or were made to appear to dance) through the Fourth-of-July-sparkler-lined plaza. Before September the creators of Turtalia had discovered that there is to know about turtles, their natural habitat, their habits, breeding and species. They found that turtles live in a two-dimensional world, that tortoises swim as they walk, that turtles walk as they swim, spreading their legs out in sweeping fashion, awkward on land, but graceful in water.

They added to the turtle colony until it grew to three members to 500 of many species, colors and temperaments. White mice, and later, white rats, snakes, lizards, frogs, toads, tadpoles and salamanders came to live in the turtle civilization, but played no secondary roles to the terrapins, tortoises and turtles.

In September school began and the turtle city gradually fell into a state of ruin. By November the boys reluctantly took the smaller pets indoors and let the larger ones go, with the exception of a few favored box tortoises which were allowed to burrow in the grounds of the turtle city. Turtalia died and was buried beneath the snows and sleet of winter.

Today, in a large Eastern university, a small turtle is living out its life in a bowl. The bowl is in the sanctum of a fraternity house, and the turtle's owner is Primus. Primus is completing his studies in architecture at the university and has won recognition as an outstanding and imaginative architect and student. He plans tall buildings and cathedrals for homework and perhaps he will look up from his desk, see the turtle, "Architect," and smile. The memory lingers on.

In a great newspaper, one of those metropolitan dailies, a copy boy runs around about his business of keeping the city room straight. This is Secundus.

Perhaps he reads a feature about an 800-pound loggerhead being caught in the ocean. He smiles, too, and the copy boy, carrying a dead world of turtles and mice, flutters back through his memory. Somewhere in the dingy recesses of a laboratory, in one of the large Southern universities, Tertius pores over medical books and picks at a cadaver. He is studying medicine and may some day be a great scientist. Perhaps in his studies of anatomy he will run across a picture of the Amphioxus lancelet, or some other great amphibian or reptile. In a flash he, too, will recall those childish moments. He is not apt to smile in the serious atmosphere of the lab, but he will remember.

RICHARD OULAHAN, JR.
*Norwood, Va., Jan. 18.

Fair Enough

By Westbrook Pegler

A Challenge

WILLIAM GREEN, the illustrious president of the American Federation of Labor, has made a strange reply to prove that the bosses of two of his most powerful international unions are not criminals of the most vicious type. These two are Willie Bluff, the dictator of the theatrical and movie trades, and George Scelce, president of the Building Service Employees International Union. They got their training for the post of bargaining agent by serving as such for prostitutes and they are known to the police of their respective home towns—Chicago and Brooklyn—as racketeers and alumni of the old Capone mob of terrorists.

Mr. Green knows all about them, and yet when proof is presented to the rank and file of the A. F. of L. and the general public of the character of his two respective colleagues in the higher councils of the A. F. of L. his answer is that "hiring propaganda-mongers" of enemies of labor are taking advantage of labor's schism to "smear the labor movement."

Green Challenged To Produce Evidence

I TAKE IT THAT Mr. Green means me, and I am not going to let him get away with it. The disclosures regarding Bluff and Scelce were made in these lefty essays, and Mr. Green's reply suggests that I have a secret retainer from some mysterious anti-labor force to discredit unionism. It is a sneaky answer, because he resorts to insinuation but I won't hold out for a direct charge. I challenge him on the insinuation to produce evidence that I have been hired by enemies of labor to smear the movement. Under what bridge at what time of what night did his enemies of labor pay me how much to smear the movement, and if Mr. Green has the slightest evidence to support his insinuation why he is neglecting his duty to bat my ears down? He is paid to protect labor from his enemies, isn't he?

The truth is that I have done a service for organized labor in exposing vicious conditions in the union racket. Mr. Green knows that, revealing as these disclosures are, they are only a suggestion of the whole state of affairs, and he has become jumpy waiting for me to drop that other shoe. As to that I will say that I am a centipede who can keep on dropping shoes until Mr. Green gives some evidence of a sense of responsibility to the dues-paying workers and the public and a determination to clean the criminals out of the American Federation of Labor or until the A. F. of L. kicks him out and puts in some man who can and will.

Autonomy Called A Gag To Cover Up

THAT OLD STALL of Mr. Green's that the constitution of the A. F. of L. forbids interference with the autonomy of the subsidiary unions has been used to cover the development in the United States of a system of brigandage and extortion closely akin to the Italian Mafia under which career men of the crime business prey on employees as well as employers. They form conspiracies with employers to limit competition and to control the union members through extortionate dues, assessments and initiation fees and the practice of job-selling. The parent body enjoys a big, if not necessary, fine reputation and has great political influence, and the charters which it issues thus can become, and in many cases are, no better than licenses to rob and oppress. Embodiment is by no means rare, but democracy is, and the autonomy gag is used by the parent organization to shirk the unpleasant duty of fighting notorious racketeers in the subsidiary unions. It is used also to avoid the plain duty of any labor organization to protect individual workmen from cruel persecution by crooked officials of their locals or internationalists as when a man appeals to Mr. Green's office and is told that the national body can't interfere with the judgment of the subsidiary bodies.

Mr. Green called on the national, State and local authorities to enforce the public laws against union officials who abuse their power, knowing, however, that union members are forbidden to appeal to the public authorities except in desperation, that anyone who does appeal to them will be smeared as a disrupter, scab, rat and knave, that the public authorities simply can't take over in detail the police duties of the unions, and that in many cases in such situations the victim runs the risk of being waylaid by murderers and beaten to death with a ball bat. There are many precedents for that.

Mollie Stewart To Be Reappointed As Postmistress

Politics takes a holiday where Miss Mollie Stewart, 81-year-old postmistress of Oxford, Md., is concerned and she will get a reappointment to her term that expired last Saturday.

But it probably will require a few more weeks to get the matter completed. "In process of going through now," the Postoffice Department reported yesterday.

Miss Mollie has served 33 years. She is the Nation's oldest postmaster in years of duty. With her term ended Saturday, she intends continuing her duties until something is heard from the department.

She wants reappointment to qualify for a civil service pension and then will retire, friends said. She received her first appointment in 1877 from President Hayes.

Censorship In Sweden

By Joachim Joesten

Nazi Pressure Takes Effect

Special Correspondence Of The Post

COPENHAGEN. SWEDEN is not yet a belligerent country—but a wartime censorship is already in the air. It may not become for a while—as long as the present precarious peace lasts—quite as strict as in other countries, but to a nation so imbued with the proud tradition of freedom even the present embryonic censorship means little short of a revolution.

The origins of this censorship are not hard to trace. It is an import article "made in Germany" and so ill-fitting to the constitutional rights of Swedish citizens that it had to be tailored somewhat before it could be brought into use. To do this "tailoring" of a Nazi-made straight-jacket the Swedish government appointed, on December 22, 1939, a committee of four experts for the purpose of "devising appropriate measures to prevent the misuse of the freedom of the press."

UP TO THE WAR, Sweden enjoyed, on principle at least, one of the most liberal regimes in the world as regards the liberty of opinion; she had been, indeed, the first country in Europe, after Britain, to jury of medieval censorship (in 1786) and to establish a wholly free press under constitutional guarantees. These were formally laid down in the rights famous "Tryckfrihetsordningen" of 1809, one of the four fundamental statutes of the country which is still in force—nominally at least.

This law explicitly provides that every citizen has the right, without any obstacles from public authorities, to publish writings; that there shall not be any censorship and that the publisher of a periodical publication alone shall be responsible for its contents. If the public prosecutor considers these to be of a criminal nature, he can institute an action at law which will be decided by a jury of seven members, including three named by the defendant.

IT IS TRUE, however, that for some years past already a tendency has shown to revise this "Magni Carta" of Swedish journalism in the interest of foreign policy. Ever since the advent of Hitlerism, the German Minister in Stockholm, Prince von Wied, has made it an almost daily feature of his diplomatic mission to complain about practically everything in the Swedish press, whether foreign news service, home coverage, leading articles, advertisements or what not! Every utterance, even in the remotest provincial journal, that was not in accord with the Nazi "Weltanschauung" has been branded "unneutral" and promptly pinned down on the government itself, although this, constitutionally, had no right whatsoever to interfere with the papers' appreciation of world events.

After Munich, the position became so uneasy that the government, unable to suppress the anti-Nazi-minded papers, as Herr von Wied would have it, had to resort to all sorts of makeshifts and devices to turn the constitutional guarantees and impose silence upon the recalcitrant papers and foreign correspondents.

Every Swedish (or foreign) newspaperman has a story to tell about the ever more pressing "requests" which have been circulated these last months from the press department of the foreign ministry, the keynote of which invariably was "don't print any news, don't make any comment, which that certain foreign power might regard as unneutral and use as pretext for aggression."

BY AND BY nearly all Swedish papers came round, however reluctantly, to accept the official theory that to offend Nazi Germany's sensitive eyes and ears was to bring the country into great danger and therefore treason. In the name of patriotism, the press imposed upon itself the utmost restraint, especially after the outbreak of war, when the official "requests" became so imperative as to be indistinguishable from those currently issued by Herr Goebbels!

The persecution of Jews was soft-pedaled, the horrors of the concentration camps wholly dropped out, the invasion of Poland and the subsequent atrocities there gave rise to no more than the meekest undertone comments and every, even the tamest bit of criticism directed against Nazi policies had to be invariably compensated by a corresponding poke at the other side so as to safeguard Sweden's "neutrality."

For at least two years no cartoon of Hitler, Goering, Goebbels or any other Nazi had been vis-

ible in the Swedish (and, in general, the Scandinavian) press!

ONE MAN alone has constantly and undauntedly rebelled against this regimentation imposed from abroad. He is Prof. Torngy Segerstedt, editor of the famed Gothenburg "Trade-and-Shipping Gazette," which has been rightly described as Sweden's Manchester Guardian.

Towering over his colleagues in the Swedish press, Prof. Segerstedt is even by world standards a great journalist who ranks with the best-known Danish, French or American commentators. His daily column "I Dag" (Today) is always a masterpiece of thought and style, a true relief for connoisseurs. He possesses in the highest degree that distinctive touch of the really great writer who knows how to clad even the deadliest sarcasms in the most unassailable wording. And how he is using this weapon against Hitler, Goering, Stalin and his other pet enemies!

NO WONDER the Nazis and their new Bolshevik allies have thrown all their influence into the scales to eliminate such a redoubtable opponent from his post! But that is no easy job, for Prof. Segerstedt not only edits his paper—one of Sweden's oldest and most influential—but he also owns it.

Hitherto all attempts to buy him out have failed and likewise the boycott and other financial maneuvers which the Germans, by mobilizing all their resources in Sweden—which are considerable—attempted in order to crush the paper, unless its editor resigns. But now it looks as if matters had come to a breaking point. The Russian invasion of Finland has rendered Sweden's strategic position still more uncomfortable and the Nazis, feeling they have the whip hand, are going ahead with all their demands.

It is known that during the long-drawn-out German-Swedish trade negotiations which resulted, on the eve of Christmas, in an agreement the terms of which both sides have taken care not to make public, the Nazis, in their old methods, have demanded, among many other concessions, that the Swedish government should further tighten its control of the press.

That Torngy Segerstedt and his valiant paper have been in issue was made amply clear by a campaign of abuse which the Nazi press, under the lead of Hamburger "Freidenkblatt," launched against Sweden shipping, which were drawing to their close. To enforce their impudent demands, the Nazis intensified every day their indiscriminate warfare against Swedish shipping which has already resulted in the loss of several score lives.

It is said that on one occasion they openly threatened to sink a Swedish ship, without warning, for every hostile article written by Prof. Segerstedt!

WHETHER this threat has been literally made or not, it is a fact that a couple of weeks ago a group of Gothenburg ship owners and wholesalers, for fear of further German reprisals, issued a public protest against Prof. Segerstedt's journalistic activity, inviting government action against him.

When a few days later a number of professors, doctors, merchants, etc., of Lund fell in with this protest, in an open letter to the press, a country-wide controversy came to a head. An obviously inspired and concerted press campaign, coming principally from Conservative, Agrarian and pseudo-liberal ("Kreuger-Press") quarters, demanded, "in the interest of the nation," that Segerstedt should be stopped.

As to the government, it has been split on the issue, where evidently not only one man but a principle is involved. The Social Democrats, who, up to the latest cabinet reshuffle (on December 14) had been in a majority, were opposed to open interference with the freedom of the press, but now they have had to give way to the bourgeois representatives who outnumber them in the new cabinet by 8 to 5.

Most active supporters of the censorship are the influential peasant league leaders Axel Pehrsson-Bramstorp and Karl Gustav Westman; the latter, in particular, who is minister of justice, is well known for his Nazi and anti-democratic sympathies.

How far the new government will go to make, as Prof. Segerstedt recently put it, "the muzzle a symbol of Swedish policy" remains to be seen.

Off The Record

By Ed Reed



"More propaganda leaflets! I wish the enemy would come out and fight!"



Senator Borah

By Mark Sullivan

His First Journey To Idaho

SENATOR BORAH is on his way back to Idaho. Of the scores of stories he told me, one time or another, the most vivid was his account of his first journey over the same path, 50 years ago. It was charming when Borah told it; today it takes on poignance. Between that lone anabasis of an aspiring youth and the present journey in ceremonial state lies just half a century of Borah's life and America's history. But the distance in time falls to measure the contrast between the America of an older day and the America of 1940.

Young Borah had got his education, and a law diploma, in Illinois and Kansas. Looking about for opportunity, he turned to what was, in that day, a main highway for ambition, expressed in the phrase then universally familiar, "Go West." That phrase, in its early implication of enterprise and high adventure, has long passed from the American tongue. The most recent general use of the words had a somber connotation—during the Great War, "Go West" was a euphemism for death in battle.

Young Borah, on his westward quest, took a Union Pacific train to Omaha. The first night out, his seatmate was a salesman for a farm implement firm. Between naps on the old-time reclining chairs, the older man learned the youth's as yet undetermined goal—a good place to practice law and grow up with the country. The salesman, familiar with the West, was interested and friendly. He produced a map which the two pored over with grouping fingers. The salesman was strong for either Seattle or Tacoma. Those two towns, then in the early boom stage, and of roughly equal size, were eager contenders for what was confidently expected to be, and proudly predicted by rival newspapers, "Queen City of the Pacific Coast."

Followed Advice Of Fellow Traveler

THE SECOND night out, Borah's seatmate was a man from a little town called Nampa, in what was then the Territory of Idaho. He advised Borah, before going on to the Coast, to drop off and take a look at Boise. Idaho, the adviser thought, would soon be made a State, and Boise would probably be the capital. It might be a good place for a young man to rise in law and politics. If Borah decided to settle there, he should drop a postal card to the Nampa man and let him know; the Nampa man might be able to send him some business.

Had To Know Law On The Frontier

THE LATE SENATOR Thomas J. Walsh, of Montana, declared to me once that the three best constitutional lawyers in the United States were Senator Borah, Borah, stopping off at Boise, knocked at the door of every law office in the town, asking for a job. He found no job, but, in the amiable way of a small new community, he could have desk room free in any office he chose. By that time, Borah's remaining money was not enough to carry him out to the Coast.

Presently he got his first case—it was sent him by his Nampa friend. As I recall Borah's story, a Chinaman had been murdered; and in the ensuing legal processes a novel and technical jam had arisen, too complex for the frontier justice of the peace to solve. The statutes of the United States, which decreed that a Chinaman could not be a citizen, was then relatively new; its implications not yet worked out in legal precedents. Nampa sophists of the law set up a plea that since a Chinaman could not be a citizen, therefore he could not be a corporal entity within the meaning of the common law. Consequently, the dead body of a Chinaman could not be a "corpus delicti." Ergo, since there was no "missing body," within the meaning of the Latin legalism, there could not have been a murder. The killing of the Chinaman, if any crime at all, must be something short of that which calls for hanging of the aggressor. The theory offended frontier common sense. Borah was called to explain a juster and more practicable application of ancient law to new conditions.

Borah told the story with humor. But in a faint way it was symbolic of his career, and his public service.

Justice Sutherland, of the Supreme Court, and—Walsh added with a smile—himself. He gave the reason. All three had begun their practice of law in small frontier communities, still Territories, not yet organized as States—in the period when those communities were in the transition stage between informal law by vigilance committees, and formal law by judges, courts and Legislatures. The people, while unfamiliar with law and lawyers, indeed a little suspicious of them, were rich in common sense, strong in individual judgment, had a well-defined standard of right and wrong.

To such a community, it was not enough for a lawyer to emit a Latin legal maxim and expect to be respected; nor belch the word "Constitution" and expect the people to genuflect. The lawyer must explain just why the law was what it is; must show that it conformed to the common sense of the community. To do that, the lawyer had not merely to know the law and the Constitution, but understand it, know the why of it. Had to understand the evolution of law and government, from its beginnings in the ancient folkways of people. He had to know that law and the Constitution, and government, is the written and codified expression of the instinctive points of view of average men, tested and sustained over centuries.

Borah, Sutherland and Walsh accompanied their communities, piloted their communities, from the stage of informal posse to formal courts. Into one lifetime they and the communities they guided carried the long experience of English-speaking peoples from Magna Charta to the present day. That gave Borah his special understanding of the Constitution, his regard for it, his apprehension of careless change of it by persons who only knew it as something printed in a book.

V. P. S. Names Director

The Virginia Public Service Co. announced yesterday the election of J. C. Carpenter, Jr., of Clifton Forge, Va., as director to fill a vacancy. Carpenter is president of the First National Bank of Clifton Forge.

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Today And Tomorrow

By Walter Lippmann

Borah

THE TRIBUTES which have been paid to Senator Borah by those who differed with him on many issues are unanimous in recognizing that here was a man whose personal greatness cannot be measured by his public career. None who knew him could fail to see that Borah was something more than what Borah did, and to this Borah who transcended his acts men everywhere in the Nation have said a reverent and affectionate farewell.

The quality of greatness is intangible and hard to define; it must be felt and recognized. But when this quality is present, as it was in Borah, the issues on which men differ deeply do not divide them irreconcilably. So when Borah spoke, the level of the debate would rise at once from the mark of mean contention to the cleaner air of important argument. For it is one of the attributes of greatness to see the issues and to fix them at the level of the enduring truths and the evident style which ought to govern usually they do not control our opinions. It was this magnanimity in Borah that enabled him to fight his battles without inflicting on others envenomed wounds or upon himself the poison of a malicious ambition to prevail.

Dealt With Government But Never Governed

THUS HE is one of those who, like Dr. Samuel Johnson in the history of English letters, are greater than their works. He will long be remembered, and he will be the subject of many biographies, and always the question will be asked why this man, who stood out in his generation, never achieved the stature and the greatness, should have achieved so much less than men of smaller stature and lesser calibre. That same question has often been asked about Henry Clay and about Daniel Webster, and it will be asked again and again about Borah.

In the case of Borah the answer may be found, it seems to me, in a peculiarity of our political practice, in the peculiar fact that Borah could spend his whole life in public affairs without ever having to shoulder the burden of executive responsibility and administrative decision. Borah was never the mayor of a city, the governor of a state, or a member of the cabinet. And so while he dealt with government he never himself governed. He led a sheltered political life. This gave him a fine independence of thought and speech. It enabled him to maintain intact a conspicuous virtue. But it insulated him from the world, from the experience of the hard realities, where ideas have to be translated into acts, in which great men learn to be great statesmen.

Critical Period In His Life Was 1921

THE CRITICAL period in Borah's life was, I believe, the year 1921 when, having won his fight against ratification of the Treaty of Versailles, his party gave him a mandate to carry out the principles for which he had fought. It would have been natural that Borah, like Mr. Hull for example, should have gone from the Senate to the State Department in order to conduct American foreign relations on the line to which he had committed the country. Had he done this, had he accepted this heavy responsibility, had he had to face in action the consequences of his own ideas, his political education would have been continued. In fact, it did not continue, and so his doctrines, divorced from the reality of specific problems, became dogmatic generalities, and he himself came less and less to understand the difference between making an oration and conducting a government.

That, I think, is why his conspicuous achievements were almost entirely those in which great speech could stop something from being done. There is no finer chapter in his career, for example, than Borah's brilliantly successful opposition to the crude imperialism of Harding and the earlier Coolidge; the country can always be grateful to Borah for having scotched what was very near to being a conspiracy to invade and occupy Mexico and extend a dollar imperialism throughout Central America. He was magnificently effective when wrong could be dealt with by denouncing it.

Strong Constitutional In Jeffersonian Tradition

BUT WHEN good could be done only by positive action, Borah remained the orator who believed that the instrument of words, which he used so well, was a sufficient instrument. Thus he was a strong constitutionalist in the Jeffersonian tradition, and this led him to oppose the anti-lynching bill. But it did not prevent him from giving passionate support to the Eighteenth Amendment because here the evil of the saloon seemed to him so tremendous that he would never appreciate the moral corruption caused by the difficulty of enforcing Federal prohibition.

He hated war as he hated the saloon, and for years he believed that if war was "outlawed" by denouncing it, it would cease. He denounced monopoly; so he denounced monopoly when called on the executive to enforce the laws against monopoly. But he would never seriously consider the problem of the men in the Department of Justice who had actually to enforce the laws against monopoly. As late as last May he made a public statement pointing specifically to Finland as an example to this country of how a nation which did not meddle in power politics could "successfully maintain its neutrality and its independence."

There was never a question of his sincerity. He had a superb sincerity. Nor of his integrity; he was scrupulous to a point which few men of his time could reach. But he was never anything but a Senator, and could, therefore, voice his convictions without having to bear the practical responsibility for them.

Not Indifferent To Rest of World

THE LATTER years of his public life were, it seemed to me, saddened by the realization, which he could not conceal from himself, that the world was not the kind of place he had hoped and imagined it to be. Borah was an isolationist from Europe but what made him an isolationist in 1919, after he had advocated participation in the war, was a deep feeling of moral outrage against the betrayals and injustices of the Treaty of Versailles. Borah was not an isolationist in the sense that he was indifferent to moral issues in the rest of the world. He hated tyranny and evil as Americans of the great tradition have always hated it; he was an isolationist out of the generosity of his spirit, because he loved liberty and believed, as Archibald MacLachlan so eloquently put it, that America is a promise to the people and that "when the time came they would speak and the world would listen." To this mystic chord in Borah those who have breathed the American air responded, and that is why his limitations as a statesman do not obscure his great qualities as a man.

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The Once Over

By H. I. Phillips

25,000,000th Car

General Motors turned out its 25,000,000th car the other day. This surprised most people. They thought from the looks of the roads that the company turned out that many a week.

That's a lot of automobiles, though. Twenty-five million cars stretched end to end, or bent bumper to bent bumper, would reach clear around the world. But you can't get the drivers to stretch 'em that way.

They insist on cutting out of line and riding tender to fender.

This 25,000,000th bus had a great fuss made over it. There was a sort of pageant, with notables from all over the country, and with an unending, dedication speeches, national hook-ups, a banquet and everything short of a coronation.

The car looked like any other car. Somebody could have disrupted the whole affair by producing a book to show that it was only car No. 24,999,999, and I guess the General Motors boys were pretty nervous for fear this would happen.

The 25,000,000th car was a symbol. It symbolized the triumph of restless energy over composure, for one thing, and the triumph of the four-lane highway over the hot dog and hamburger over a home-cooked dinner. You thought of the rise of the traffic light to a position of vastly more importance than a personal house number. You thought of how a post full of guide signs had eclipsed in significance such former simplicities as a walk around the block or a bicycle ride in the park.

You beheld this 25,000,000th car and thought of the days when nobody spent the week-ends arguing and eating at quick-lunch stands. You recalled the era when you didn't go to places you didn't like in a swift flight from the place you were happy in. You thought of all the gasoline bills, all the necking, all the domestic squabbles, all the romance, all the summertime, all the love, all the hatred, all the pleasure, all the discomfort, all the happiness and all the battles the automobile was responsible for.

You thought of the days when the streets were uncrowded, when it took you a whole day to travel 50 miles and back, when necking was done in hammocks, when nobody thought of traveling 300 miles in a single day, when the fastest thing any family could boast was a horse and buggy.

And you sighed and said, "Ah, the good old days; may they NEVER come again!"

Canceled Just in Time

How Stalin would wince at the thought of the quint, Making awfully good. Where his building once stood.

Why, George! "LOST"—Hialeah seasonal ticket bearing name. Reward. George Ade, phone 8-1785.—Miami Herald.

Ethel Waters Triumphs in Emotional Role

'Mamba's Daughters' Stars Noted Singer At the National

By Richard L. Coe
"MAMBA'S DAUGHTERS," Guthrie McClintic's production of the play by Dorothy and DuBoise Heyward, dramatized from the novel by the same author, directed by Guthrie McClintic and designed by Perry Weitzel. The play, "Mamba's Daughters," opened at the National Theatre on Jan. 22. The play is a story of the life of a Negro woman, Mamba, who is a singer and a dancer. The play is a story of the life of a Negro woman, Mamba, who is a singer and a dancer.

In "Mamba's Daughters," Ethel Waters gives one of the emotional performances of her day. Dorothy and DuBoise Heyward's dramatization of the novel, which opened last night at the National, is the first straight dramatic vehicle and it affords her stirring opportunities for eloquent, powerful expression.

While the play is a serious study of the South Carolina Negroes, whom both "Porgy" and "Porgy and Bess" revealed the Heywards to be such sympathetic interpreters, it does not lack occasional flashes of humor. For many of its scenes are intensified by the rhythmic song inherent in the race. But in its tragic implications and in its melodramatic action, "Mamba's Daughters" is at its best.

Hagar (Miss Waters) is a great hulk of a woman. She is confident, in trouble because of her strength. She can do as much as any man, drink as much. Incoherent and helpless, she is helped out of her scrapes by her mother, Mamba. For the sake of her still weeping daughter, an understanding judge commutes her sentence from the Charleston city jail to run parole for five years.

Never verbally expressed, an agreement is reached between Hagar and Mamba that the mother will look after the baby, who must never know of her mother's police record. Nearly at the end of her parole, Hagar saves the life of a no-good gambler and loses her freedom doing it. Seventeen years after the first scene, that daughter, Lissa, is about to become a successful and wealthy singer. She is trapped by the gambler whose life her mother had saved and after the birth of her baby, fame comes to her. Blackmailed by the gambler, Hagar struggles him but achieves her deep, long-silent mother love in doing.

There are obstacles to the play's movement in the lengthy period of time covered in the action. In the early part of the drama, especially, the scenes work up to a high pitch only to have the curtain fall. The impetus of the story is continually halted in the first act by these flashes, but in the second there is a definite pull toward a climax that is moving and stirring.

The full-throated Miss Waters plays on the straight plane the first act demands and as the culmination of Hagar's work grows, her line of playing rises to a sharp degree. Deeply understanding of her daughter's reluctance to come to her, she draws the girl to her heart in a scene of moving beauty. Mr. Kern's song and a group of spirituals give her an opportunity to display her vibrant voice and at the close of the play last evening, a volubly appreciative audience applauded for seven curtain calls.

Law Impairs Story

Fred Washington is finely telling as the 17-year-old daughter. Undoubtedly much of the effectiveness of the first act is lost to our city because the District child labor law forbids the inclusion of a scene between Hagar and her 5-year-old daughter. Last night that scene lacked a "punch" which the director program furnished the clue. So it is when Miss Washington appears in the second act that we have our first view of the reason for Hagar's sacrifice.

Film Table

REO-Kelth's—"Abe Lincoln in Illinois," at 11 a. m., 1:10, 3:20 and 5:30 p. m. Reserved seat showing at 8:05 p. m.
Palace—"Of Mice and Men," at 11:55 a. m., 2:20, 4:45, 7:10 and 9:35 p. m.
Rialto—"A Child is Born," at 11 a. m., 1:45, 3:30, 5:15 and 7:00 p. m. Stage shows at 12:35, 2:25, 4:10 and 6 p. m.
Loew's Capitol—"Disputed Passage," at 10:45 a. m., 1:30, 4:20, 7:05 and 9:55 p. m. Stage shows at 12:20, 2:10, 4 and 6:50 p. m.
Metropolitan—"Brother Rat and A Baby," at 11:10 a. m., 1:15, 3:25, 5:30, 7:35 and 9:45 p. m.
Columbia—"Another Thin Man," at 12:10, 2:35, 5, 7:30 and 9:45 p. m.
Little—"Naughty Marietta," at 11 a. m., 1:10, 3:20, 5:30, 7:40 and 9:50 p. m. "The Sky Chase," at 12:15, 2:35, 5:00, 7:15 and 9:30 p. m.
Lafayette—"News and shorts," at 10 and 11:45 a. m., 12:30, 1:45, 3:15, 4:30, 5:45, 6:15 and 10:45 p. m.
Tivoli—"Ninotchka," at 1, 3, 5, 7:15, 9:15 and 11:15 p. m.
Ambassador—"A Child is Born," at 1:25, 3:35, 5:45, 7:55 and 9:45 p. m.
Uptown—"Eternally Yours," at 1:30, 3:30, 5:35, 7:35 and 9:40 p. m.
Palmer—"Ninotchka," at 1:10, 3:15, 5:15, 7:20 and 9:35 p. m.

Louella O. Parsons

Close-Ups and Long-Shots Of the Motion Picture Scene

Hollywood, Jan. 22 (AP)—Joe Pasternak is in a class by himself when it comes to unexpected co-starring teams. He was the bright boy of Universal, the one who thought of putting Marlene Dietrich and Jimmy Stewart in "Destiny" and also combining those two box-office office wives, Mae West and W. C. Fields. Now Joe is planning to put a young and little Gloria Jean in a new story titled "Our City" (not to be confused with "Our Town").

But first she has "World Cruiser" to make on the "U" lot and Gloria Jean starts in ten days with Bing Crosby. "Our City" follows immediately with Richard Wallace, who guided "The Underdog," set to direct a cast that includes Bob Cummings, Jimmy Gilbert, Kenneth Brown, Billy Lenhart and Eugene Pallette.

Snaphots of Hollywood Collected at Random: Randy Scott's big moment these days is Natalie Draper—they were at the birthday party

The New Yorker

By Leonard Lyons

New York, Jan. 22.

SEVEN PROMINENT young men are organizing an exodus here for service in France. The ringleader is an aviator who is one of Henry Toppling's closest friends. John Held Jr. will accept the newly created post of artist-in-residence, at Harvard or elsewhere. The other five men are facing prosecution under the antitrust laws are still seeking a lawyer. They offered the job to a man who had been President Roosevelt's business associate, but he turned it down.

WINIFRED HUDNUT is married to a naval officer who commanded one of Gen. Franco's warships. She invested her money in Majorca real estate. Recently she became homesick for America and arranged to return. But she learned that if she brought her pet Pekingese she would be permitted to take it home with her. And so she canceled her trip—and, instead, took a vacation cruise through the mined Mediterranean.

SIR CEDRIC HARDWICKE tells this story: In March 1918, he fought in the battle at Arras, and the German forces drove a wedge through the British lines. Hardwicke, then a captain, observed a British car, occupied by high British officers, driving toward him. One, who wore a general's uniform, questioned Capt. Hardwicke and then asked: "But you aren't your men retreating?" Surely you received that order to retreat!" Hardwicke confessed that he hadn't received the order. "Well, get your men to go back," directed the general, who then saluted—stiffly and with the elbow out. A British general doesn't salute a captain, nor does he salute that way. Hardwicke phoned headquarters—about the masqueraders, Germans who were schooled in England and who were ordering Britain's army to retreat.

PARAMOUNT'S NEW color movie "Typhoon" won't be released until May—because "Pinnocchio" has tied up the Technicolor laboratory with print orders. Orson Welles, who settled his picture deal with R. K. O., has ordered a former associate last month: "Merry Xmas. The Theater Is Dead." One of the town's foremost party-dancers charged his friends \$15 each for the party he gave this week in honor of the Vanities girls. David Sarnoff, head of RCA, who will be guest of honor at the Overseas Press Club cocktail party, has the exclusive rights to the club's broadcasts.

SOME VISITORS at the home of Justice Louis D. Brandeis this week suggested that perhaps they were overstaying and asked Brandeis what time it was. He confessed that he had no watch—that Mrs. Brandeis always reminded him of appointments, etc. "I haven't used a watch in 20 years," said the 64-year-old Brandeis. "Twenty years ago I decided no longer to be a slave to Time."

GAYNOR MADDOX, who writes a syndicated cooking column under his wife's name, will do a series of broadcasts about cooking—but will use his own name. His newspaper editors feel that the public won't pay any attention to a male cooking expert. His new radio employer feels that the public won't pay any attention to a female cooking expert. Lum Fong is spending \$35,000 to redecorate the Yacht Club, on West Fifty-second, and will open it on March 15. Paramount News is seeking a medical authority as a commentator on the special reels of the Rubin twins, who married twins and who recently became parents.

IN THE CURRENT ISSUE of the Saturday Evening Post, a P. G. Wodehouse story called "Tee for Two" describes, on page 54, a love scene between a girl and a publisher who showers burning kisses on her upturned face. "And Simon & Schuster," the story continues, "say they would have done just the same." Dick Simon of that publishing house wrote a letter to the magazine editor, scoffing: "Nonsense. That's a very old-fashioned method of promotion."

R. ELLIS ROBERTS, the British literary critic and lecturer—who has been listed in the newspapers as a war propagandist—assures his friends that he isn't. Roberts left England in May to visit his mother-in-law here. "She said if we didn't come she'd come over to us," Roberts explains, "and so this is merely the case of a man who is determined to keep his mother-in-law out of the war." Case Livermore, Jr., has sold seven freighters to the British. Audio Productions is preparing a half-hour movie about Birth Control. The movie "The Birth of a Baby" was made at this studio. The new film will be ready in March.

THE MAN MOST deeply touched by Senator Borah's death is Supreme Court Justice Bill Douglas. For Borah, as he had done for Cardozo, alone was responsible for Douglas' elevation to the bench. One member of the Senate's Judiciary Committee insisted that Douglas, although born in the West, was a Westerner—because he had been in the Connecticut. Another committee member complained of Douglas' cunning. "That cunning," said Borah, "proves Bill Douglas is a Westerner."

In Hollywood

With Hedda Hopper

Hollywood, Jan. 22. Doug Fairbanks, Jr., much against his will, may be forced to abandon his policy of not making any of the type pictures in which his father starred. But one voice of the exhibition, always a factor, may provide the mind-changing impetus. For years, he's been yearning for a star with the same dash, romantic charm Doug possesses. The nearest thing to Senior is Junior! Without realizing it, Doug's been following in his father's film footsteps, straying toward Zorro-like roles, since 1937. "The Prisoner of Zenda," "Gunga Din," "Rulers of the Sea," "Green Hell" all exude the same spirit of carefree zest characterized by his dad. Though Doug may not like the idea it looks like there's still a lot of truth left in the old saying: "Like father, like son!"

And it was like Doug not to forget actors. He left \$10,000 to the Motion Picture Relief Fund and yet he hadn't acted in years. Yes, there was a swell guy. And speaking of that, Hollywood may not know it, but W. W. Griffith is still big news. It did very good to see the way stars and photographers flocked about him at Bette Davis' party, which, incidentally, was a success for everyone concerned. I can't think of another star in Hollywood who could drag out so many others to come and pay her honors. They were practically all there. And should have been. But the Academy Award this year, in spite of Leigh's fine performance in "Scarlett," just as

The Federal Diary U. S. Redskins Let the Bund Bite the Dust

Indians 'Agree' (For a Price) to Go Fascist in America

By Alfred Friendly.
Renegade Indians who promise they will "deliver" the American tribes to the Fascists for the coming "punch" have been chiseling funds from the German-American Bund and Silver Shirts. According to reports received here recently, the Indian racketeers have found their promises profitable among West Coast bund and William Fellows Silver Shirts. The Indian chiselers use a simple technique. "Chiefs," in full regalia, appear at Fascist meetings, and explain that the down-trodden, poor Indian is a ready recruit for the warpath if only financial aid is extended for spreading propaganda in the reservations.

The Indian Office yesterday confirmed reports of the racket, but insisted that the reservations were untouched by Fascist or Nazi propaganda. Time and again Fascist-minded "chiefs" have been denounced as outlandish renegades, the office said.

Stories of atrocities perpetrated on the Indians have lately been appearing in European anti-American press campaigns. The stories deal with incidents of 50 to 150 years ago but disregarded the time element and indicate the events are current.

Laurence W. Cramer, Governor of the Virgin Islands, has a 15-month-old son whose favorite, if not exclusive expression on any occasion is "Oh." The young man and his father were in a hotel elevator here the other day when Representative Martin, House majority leader, stepped aboard.

The boy looked him over and said "Oh."

"He looks like he's sizing me up," said Martin.

"It's just that he's never seen a Republican before," explained the Governor of America's most pro-Democratic possession.

The District Council, U. F. W. A., is backing the Sheppard bill to prevent favoritism toward graduates of the "approved" or so-called "ivy" law schools. It has been reported favorably by the House Civil Service Committee after it passed the Senate last year. The bill enjoys the bitterest disapproval of the young New Deal legal group.

Members of Agriculture local, United Federal Workers, will hold a mass meeting at 4:45 p. m. tomorrow at the Agriculture Auditorium to protest budget cuts by Congress in the department's appropriation.

A group of workers, "dressed like cows," will distribute handbills advertising the meeting. At tomorrow's gathering, Donald Henderson, farm union president; Robert Harshen, farm expert; and Irwin Elber, U. F. W. A. organizer, will explain the effect of a proposed \$42,000,000 cut in Agriculture Department appropriations.

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Jean Tennyson Praises The 'Star-Spangled Banner'

Singer Disagrees With Colleagues on Merits of Anthem

Jean Tennyson, the opera singer, came out for "The Star-Spangled Banner" yesterday. In Washington to sing at Mrs. Lawrence Townsend's Monday Morning Musicale at the Mayflower Hotel, she let it be known that she likes to sing the National Anthem with all its ranges despite the expressed opinion of some of her contemporaries to the contrary.

She has her own opinion of singers and musicians who from time to time have grabbed themselves front-page publicity by criticizing "The Star-Spangled Banner." She would have it understood that not only does she like to sing it but is "in love" with the reaction of her audiences to it. Miss Tennyson, born in Chicago and in private life Mrs. Camille Dreyfus, wife of the president of the Celanese Corporation, finds Americans "more patriotic than they were a few months ago."

She also believes that Americans would like opera more if they were sung in English.

3 Shots in Head, Man Walks

New York, Jan. 22.—Salvatore Moricone, 30, a janitor, went into the cellar of his apartment building today, tired of living and determined to end it all.

He placed a .32-caliber revolver to his temple, closed his eyes and pulled the trigger. He heard the report of the shot, but he did not die. He did not even fall.

He put the gun to his head and fired a second time. The result was no more effective than the first. He fired a third time and threw the gun away in disgust.

Then he walked upstairs and explained to his wife and two children that he had found a gun and that it had accidentally discharged as he was examining it. That he said, was why he was bleeding.

Doctors at Bellevue were amazed when he walked in and told them the real story—how three shots failed to kill him. They didn't believe the story until X-rays showed the presence of two bullets and the possibility of a third.

Still the doctors did not feel Moricone's condition was serious. He was placed in the prison ward on a charge of illegally possessing a firearm.

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Cultural Values of Voice. Individual diagnosis. Training of tone, diction and physical unit. Most necessary in all social intercourse.

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Spoken English. Tone Training. Diction. Platform Poise. Correction of Common Errors. Vocabulary Building.

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Short Story. Journalism. Writer's English. Manuscript Revision. Critical Analysis.

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Two thousand men and women from 30 vocations have increased their efficiency with these courses which meet once weekly for two hours. Limited groups. Class or private instruction. Established 19 years. Ask for further details. Classes begin February 4. Registration hours: 4 to 7 p. m. Register now.

Hull Speeches Against Tariff Powers Cited

Crowther Recalls Secretary's Words On G. O. P. Provisions

By the Associated Press

The Republicans dug up yesterday what they said were some old speeches by Secretary Hull complaining of powers granted Republican Presidents in connection with tariffs. The matter was offered at a Ways and Means Committee meeting by Representative Crowther (Republican, New York), in the assault by his party on the reciprocal trade program. Hull has asked renewal, for an additional three years, of the program permitting the executive branch to make trade pacts with other countries.

As has been said on a former occasion, "this is too much power for a bad man in have or for a good man to want." Crowther quoted Hull as saying of the flexible tariff provision passed by a Republican Congress.

Crowther said the Hull speeches quoted covered a period of about ten years when Hull was a member of the tariff-writing Senate Finance and House Ways and Means Committees.

The New Yorker also quoted a statement signed by several Democratic members of the Senate Finance Committee in 1932. It declared the flexible provision—permitting the President to adjust tariff rates—was unconstitutional.

The committee's witness at the time, F. E. Mollin, secretary of the American National Livestock Association, Denver, Colo., listened while Crowther read.

Just previously Mollin, who wants the reciprocal trade pacts to be made subject to Senate ratification, had told the committee there was "no politics" in his position opposing the program as now operated.

"We have just as much confidence in one Administration as another," Mollin said firmly when Representative Robertson (Democrat, Virginia), suggested the cattle man had "no confidence in the Democratic President to deal fairly with agriculture."

Mollin declared he had a "battle" with the Republican Congress in 1930 to get a cattle duty in the Hawley-Smoot tariff act.

That duty, 2 1/2 cents per pound on light cattle and 3 cents per pound on heavy, was called by Mollin "a reasonable tariff," which he said he wished Congress to return to.

PUBLICITY

One traveler tells another about the Taft's service, convenience and economy!

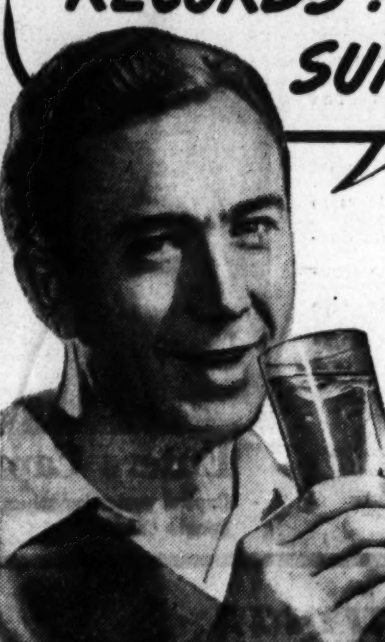
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RING & RING MANAGEMENT

OLD DRUM BREAKING ALL RECORDS? THAT'S NO SURPRISE TO ME!



"IT'S TOPS IN QUALITY AT A PRICE THAT'S RIGHT"

"Some of the boys threw a birthday party for me a few months ago. One of them brought over a couple of bottles of Old Drum. And, mister, at my first taste I sure knew I had been missing something. If you like a whiskey really smooth and mellow, Old Drum sure is it. It's blended whiskey, of course—the only kind I'll drink."

"But my real surprise was when I found out how little it cost. You couldn't ask for a better whiskey. So right then and there, I decided, 'It's Old Drum for me from now on!'"

SALES SHOOT UP IN NATION-WIDE TREND

"NO, SIR, IT DOESN'T surprise me a bit that Old Drum is breaking sales records right and left. Folks around here are certainly taking to Old Drum. Take a tip from me. Old Drum is tops in quality at a price that's right."

AS WE GO TO PRESS, Old Drum's sales are really on the UP! Folks everywhere are CHEERING this smooth, mellow blend. Proof enough Old Drum can't be beat. Try it today!



OLD DRUM BRAND

You Can't Beat It!

Old Drum Brand BLENDED WHISKEY—90 Proof—71% Grain Neutral Spirits. Cope, 1940 Colony Distillers Corp., N. Y. C.

Washington Bids Farewell to Senator Borah With State Rites



Pay Homage—Senate Majority Leader Barkley (left) and Vice President Garner attend the services in the Capitol yesterday for Senator Borah



Senator Carter Glass (left), of Virginia, who recently celebrated his eighty-second birthday, arrives for the Borah rites. He sat with tears in his eyes during the services in the Senate chamber yesterday



Enters Capitol Last Time—A winter sun was casting its first rays of the morning over the dome of the Capitol yesterday when the casket of Senator William E. Borah was carried up the steps into the Senate chamber



Notables Attending—Left to right—Secretary of War Woodring, Mrs. Cordell Hull, wife of the Secretary of State; Secretary of the Interior Ickes, and Finnish Minister Hjalmar Procope



Tribute—A long line of mourners wound around the rotunda of the Capitol waiting admittance to the Senate chamber to pay their final tribute to the "Lion of Idaho"

Work for the Repairman



Upset—Drivers of these motor vehicles were uninjured when they collided yesterday at Fifteenth and E streets northwest. Walter E. Slaughter, 27, colored, of 22 Patterson street northeast, drove the overturned truck, and D'Arcy Stewart Northrop, 39, of Alexandria, Va., occupied the auto. (Homer Hornblow was not involved.—Editor's note.)



Associated Press WIREPHOTO

Uninvited

Donald J. Fergus, of Oradell, N. J., lost control of his car at the terminus of a dead-end street. Here's how the auto stopped. Its nose is jammed into the basement of an Oradell resident's home



Associated Press WIREPHOTO

"Cold Storage"

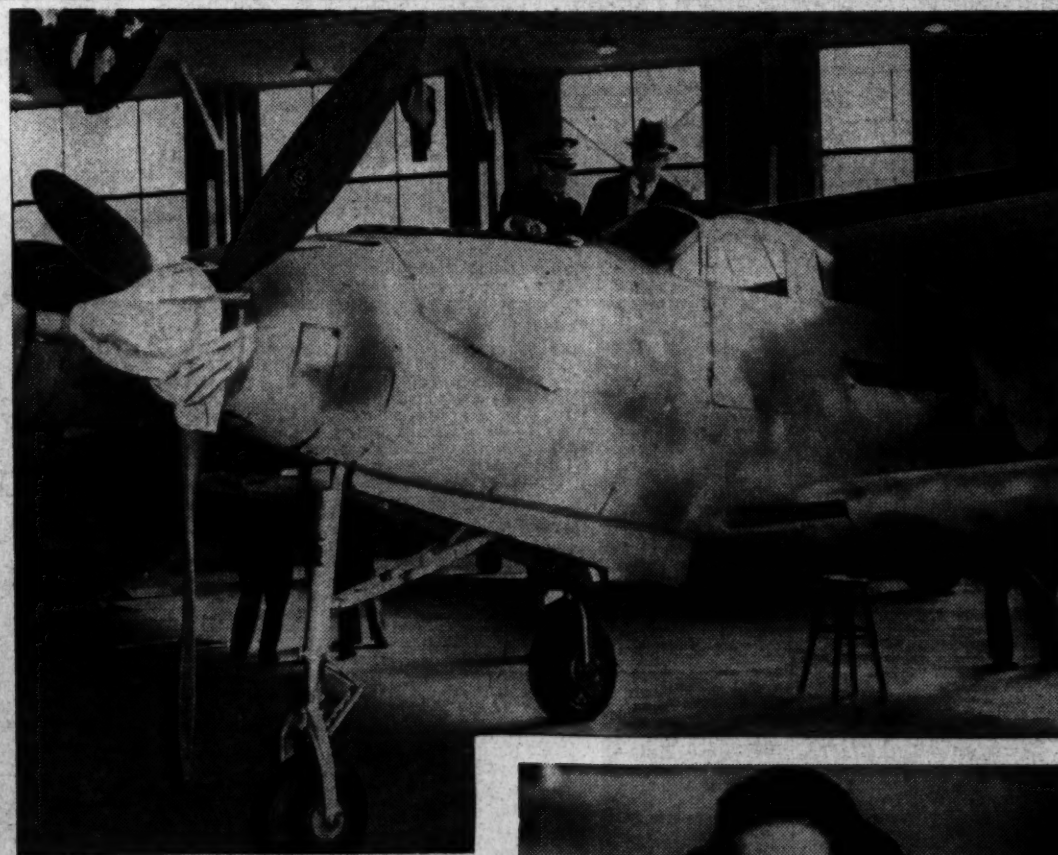
Carl Muller, his wife, and two others found the ice at Oakdale, N. Y., thinner than they thought. All escaped injury but got cold baths. Problem now is how to get the car out before summer



Post Staff Photo

"Mortarboards" Are the Style

Graduation days are here again and February graduates of District public schools are wearing traditional mortarboard caps. These Anacostia High School seniors are (from top to bottom) Jean Butler, Jessie DiMiss, Marjorie Tate and Margaret Hall, all 18



Army's New "Airacobra"

Treasury Secretary Morgenthau and Brig. Gen. George Britt look over Army's newest "interceptor-pursuit" plane, called the "Airacobra," on display at Bolling Field. The ship has a tricycle, retractable landing gear and 400 m. p. h. cruising speed



Today's Art Lesson

The elements enter our lesson today. Believe it, the scene is Atlanta, Ga., where balmy weather went with the wind. Ice skating is rare, but swimming is not. Hence the get up of Kathleen Cox, 19, to carry out the picture's theme

The Gentler Sex

By MALVINA LINDSAY

What's in a Name?

IF YOUR NAME is Theopollis S. Z. Thorpe, wait—watch out for Mrs. Henrietta DeGoofey! If you belong to the Executive Committee of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Washington Chapter of the National Association for the Maintenance of Men About Town, also beware of Mrs. DeGoofey!



War to the bitter end on names of organizations and individuals was announced by the famous founder and president of the Do Something About It League at her press conference yesterday.

"I am inaugurating this campaign," said Mrs. DeGoofey, "to rid the newspaper boys and girls. I used to be a newspaper man—I mean woman, myself, and I realize fully the difficulties of handling all those long-winded and meandering names of people and of organizations."

"Moreover, I feel that my proposed reform on names should please people generally—except possibly a few professional organizers and a few assistant sergeants at arms who take pride in belonging to such things as the Thirteenth District's Women's Division's committee on Research and Planning of the International Association for Advancement."

"How will you make such organizations shorter names?" asked an item editor.

How to Make

The Headlines

"I will show these organizations how they could receive twice as much publicity in the newspapers if their names did not take up all the space, and also point out to them that it is the one syllable name that gets into the headlines. If these measures fail, I will seek by-law to have such pompous and deadly terms as 'committee,' 'activities,' 'association,' 'federation,' 'auxiliary,' 'institute,' etc., banned from all names of groups. I shall also prepare a law limiting to three words the name of any group. It is high time, I say, that some of this pompous and padding were eliminated from club names—as well as from club members."

"Do you really intend to reform the names of persons, also?" asked a columnist by the name of DeLashmitt H. K. Quigley.

"Yes indeed! I intend to eliminate all initials from names. In the first place, initials are silly and meaningless. In the second place, they cause inconvenience to everybody. Newspaper reporters spend half their time trying to find out whether a man is William A. Brown or William B. Brown—and who cares? Then the ordinary person, in addressing a letter, an invitation, an announcement, or a Christmas card, has to stop everything and dig the telephone book out from under a pile of books or bric-a-brac for fear of insulting Mrs. George J. Chipp by addressing her as Mrs. George Chipp."

"But, Mrs. DeGoofey," protested a by-line writer, "people would lose all their individuality by

the dropping of initials. Take my name—John V. Smith. Without the 'V' how would I be known from all the other John Smiths?"

"What does the 'V' stand for?" asked Mrs. DeGoofey.

"Van Zany," was the reply. "Well, what's wrong with 'John Van Zany Smith'? Or better still, 'Van Zany Smith'? Or best of all, 'Zany Smith'? Then you would be sure no one would ever forget your name or you."

No Initials For 'Honest Abe'

"Just tell me this," continued Mrs. DeGoofey, "how many great men or women ever bothered with initials? Do you think anybody would remember a Napoleon J. Bonaparte? Or a George Q. Washington? Or an Abraham V. Lincoln? Or would women go to see a Clark P. Gable? Or a Hedy O. Lamarr? Certainly not."

"But don't you think that names really mean something?" asked a genealogical editor.

"I do not! Whoever hears a name any more? Or even utters it? Tell me—do you know the names of any of the people you meet with or talk to at tea, receptions, parties? No indeed."

"Or if you do, you don't remember them. And that brings me to my final reform—I am going to abolish names entirely—that is, in social life."

"But Mrs. DeGoofey, how will people address each other and make introductions?" asked a society writer.

"I am taking care of that. I shall have a general name for all women—such as 'Pfooeey' and one for all men—such as 'Pfooeey'. Thus, there will be no strain of remembering names, no embarrassments in introductions."

"But won't people object?" asked a proofreader.

"No, because no one ever hears the names anyway. And no woman will object to being called Mrs. or Miss 'Pfooeey' because the name sounded so much like Oomph. No man will object to being called Mr. 'Pfooeey' if the name is subtly sounded to resemble 'Roue'."

"Mrs. DeGoofey," interrupted a copywriter, "I suppose you intend to drop the 'De' from your own name."

"No indeed! I could never do that."

"Oh, my name—well that's a different matter. You see—well if I were to drop the 'De'—why I would become just plain 'Goofey.'"

"Why not?"

"Oh, my name—well that's a different matter. You see—well if I were to drop the 'De'—why I would become just plain 'Goofey.'"

"But, Mrs. DeGoofey," protested a by-line writer, "people would lose all their individuality by

Many New Make-up Tricks Have Been Evolved To Aid Women Who Must Wear Glasses



Even a pair of spectacles need not hide the mischievous twinkle in a woman's eyes, if she will follow the example of Madge Evans, Hollywood star (above), and apply eye make-up expertly. After bathing her eyes with a solution of boric acid, Miss Evans enhances their natural beauty by applying eye shadow to bring out the color depth, and mascara to accentuate the length of the lashes.

Eyes May Be Dramatized To Divert Attention From the Lenses; Frames Themselves May Be Adapted to Influence Expression of Face

By Carolyn Abbott

THE WOMAN who wears glasses for reading, for office work or as an all-time necessity can make gay sport of nature's shortcomings, and even intrigue an audience with her pranks. Glasses that bring the features into better scale, adept make-up, becoming hats and coiffures are the magician's tools for turning the tricks.

A clear, fresh-looking skin is the first requisite for the woman who must wear glasses. Lips should be accented to divert attention from the glasses. Eyes should be dramatized so that they and not the glasses will be the center of attraction. To play up the twinkle behind the crystals are twin eye sticks—solidified eye pomade in lipstick form—to give them brown shadow. One stick is colored to lubricate the lids and to impart a moist, dewy look. The other, to accentuate the color of the eyes, comes in six soft shades.

Small, deep-set eyes can be made to seem wider, larger and softer by applying shadow to match the eyes, or if the eyes are brown, use violet shadow. Apply it along the upper lashes and blend it lightly upward and out toward the center. Curl the lashes upward and apply mascara. Accent the eyebrows with pencil if they are light colored; keep them trim but avoid making them high and narrow.

How to Disguise

Protruding eyes can be made to look less conspicuous by blending brown eyeshadow all over the upper lids, but heaviest along the lashes. Keep the eyebrows fairly wide. Eyes too far apart can be made to look closer together by touching the inner corner of the eyes with a bit of shadow. Eyes too close together may be given the illusion of space by plucking the hairs over the nose so that there is a good space between the eyebrows. Place shadow on the outer half of each eyelid. Do not use mascara on the lashes nearest the nose. Concentrate on those in the center and on the outer half of each eye. Dark circles may be temporarily eliminated by using a little liquid powder in the same shade.



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THE AWFUL PRICE YOU PAY FOR BEING NERVOUS

Read These Important Facts!

Quivering nerves can make you old, haggard, cranky—men make your life a nightmare of horror, self pity and "the blues."

Often such nervousness is due to female functional disorders. So take famous Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to help calm nervous nerves and loosen functional irregularities. For over 40 years reliable giving Pinkham's Compound has helped tens of thousands of grandmothers, mothers and daughters of all ages.

Pinkham's Compound positively contains no opium or habit forming ingredients—it is made from nature's own wholesome roots and herbs each with its own special work to perform. One of the most of "women's" medicine needed in health to help to carry action from (certain) nervousness. Try it!

Do you let your sheets freeze, then tear them off the line while they're stiff?

Do you use your sheets for laundry bags?

Search your own experience for clues. If your sheets do not wear a long time,

of the complexion over the circles to lighten them. Place rouge fairly high on the cheeks and blend it into the circles. Bathe the eyes in an eye lotion or a solution of boric acid whenever they are tired from reading, red with strain, wind, light or dust.

Once the eyes themselves have been made as beautiful as possible, then concentrate on your glasses. If you prefer inconspicuous glasses, there are costume lenses in a natural flesh tint, which makes it difficult for all but the gimlet-eyed to tell where the skin stops and the glasses begin. Or you can choose a rimless style and accent the trim eyebrows so that they will form a natural frame for the glasses.

Frames in Many Colors

If you wish to dramatize instead of play down your spectacles, there are glasses as gay as a harlequin mask, which you can wear like a domino at a masquerade. Some with streamlined frames zip upwards, giving the face an expression of gaiety, even though it be a dour countenance. The frames, in which you have your own prescription lenses fitted, even thick bifocal ones, come in a wide choice of colors to match either costume or mood. A puckish coiffure, repeating the upward winging lines of the frames, has the hair brushed out like a toucan, or Chinese red, and unexpected off-the-face effects minimize the importance of crystal shields. Hats with massed fullness in fabric, brimings or veiling counteracts the flatness of lenses. Fussy clothes do not harmonize with glasses, neither do fancy accessories or junk jewelry.

Generally, it is better to use very little rouge, not more than enough to give a healthy glow. Too bright or too glaring a red spot will draw attention to the glasses. Lips and eyebrows are the two main features to play up in order to distract attention from the spectacles.

Hats designed with special emphasis on color and silhouette can divert attention to the hat, the brow and hairline. Eyebalting color like tourmaline green or Chinese red, and unexpected off-the-face effects minimize the importance of crystal shields. Hats with massed fullness in fabric, brimings or veiling counteracts the flatness of lenses. Fussy clothes do not harmonize with glasses, neither do fancy accessories or junk jewelry.

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Mary Haworth's Mail



False Rumor Spreads That Boy, 17, Is Responsible For Schoolgirl's Pregnancy; What Shall He Do?

DEAR MARY HAWORTH: I am in trouble and I am writing you this letter explaining my predicament. I am a senior in high school and there is a girl whom I have been dating for about three months. Now she tells me that she is pregnant and God knows that I am absolutely not guilty. She has been telling several of her girl friends that I am the father of her unborn child.

The question I wish to ask you is this—should I tell her parents (who are one of the richest families in town) that I am not responsible? Or should I wait until the child is born and then demand a blood test to determine the identity of the father? The girl is wild as a deer and has a bad name around the school. She is 16 years old and I am 17.

I had expected to go to college next fall, but if this thing happens I guess I will leave home. As yet, my parents have failed to get wind of this, but when they do, I know I am in for it. So please help me out. Thanking you in advance, I am, sincerely yours, VIRGINIAN.

Mature Man Needed As Mediator Here

DEAR VIRGINIAN: If your conscience is in a state of confusion, you would be "in" for anything more from your parents than a painful cross-examination, once they get wind of the girl's representations. And I think it would be a mistake to go immediately to her family to protest your innocence. Time enough for that after you have been directly accused—if that time ever comes.

There is some possibility, you know, that the girl is making you the butt of a practical joke, perhaps just because your courting conduct has been so stainless. I make this suggestion because it seems improbable that even a girl who is "wild as a deer and has a bad name," would be so extravagantly indiscreet as to casually discuss her (alleged) illicit pregnancy with various "friends." Or maybe she's a more or less harmless "mental case," slightly "hipped" (as we say) on the subject of sex, who is building herself up as the tragic heroine of a fictional melodrama, for whatever neurotic satisfaction it affords her.

In any event, what you need above all else in this emergency is a mature man "confessor" of unprejudiced mind and seasoned worldly knowledge—a man who is emotionally shock-proof, in other words—can be relied on to "get to the bottom of the case" on your behalf. If you cannot trust your father to be that man, the logical alternate choice would be (1) a reputable lawyer who knows your community standing; or (2) the family physician, if you have a family physician who has known and befriended you since childhood.

Any ethical doctor or lawyer would take the attitude, I feel sure, that if you are morally innocent, you cannot be proven guilty. He would warn you against leaving home, since your disappearance at this time would conspicuously imply your guilt. And he would advise you how to go about establishing the evidence you need to refute the girl's charges, supposing she attempts to prosecute them. M. H.

Ex-Midshipman's Letter Rouses Girl's Ire

DEAR MARY HAWORTH: As I "drag" fairly often at the Naval Academy, my ire was roused by the silly letter signed "Ex-Midshipman," which you published January 19. I have never yet found the conduct of any midshipman to be other than gentlemanly. On the contrary, midshipmen behave perfectly in comparison with men from other well known Eastern colleges. They show more respect for women than any other group of men I know, and have higher moral standards.

Joe Gish Revises His Opinion of This Column

DEAR MARY HAWORTH: Until now, it had been my opinion that your column was written to aid persons who seek your counsel in various matters. But after reading the silly, pernicious and damaging "crank" letter of comment from "Ex-Midshipman," which you saw fit to publish on January 19, I feel obliged to change my opinion. . . . The only reason I can attach to your printing of this letter is the expectation of provoking discussion. If such is your purpose, I consider it exceedingly unfair to the group accused. JOE GISH.

Idealist Becomes Realist As Matter of rowth

DEAR MARY HAWORTH: I feel that I am in a position to refute some of the charges leveled by "Ex-Midshipman" against the moral standards of the students at the Naval Academy. Ideals are lost to no greater extent at the Naval Academy than they are at other colleges. I spent

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Since 1893

Beware Coughs from common colds That Hang On

Cremulson relieves promptly because it goes right to the seat of the trouble to loosen germ laden phlegm, increase secretion and aid nature to soothe and heal raw, tender, inflamed bronchial mucous membranes. No matter how many medicines you have tried, tell your druggist to sell you a bottle of Cremulson with the understanding that you are to take the way it quickly allays the cough or you are to have your money back.

CREMULSON

for Coughs, Chest Colds, Bronchitis

It Takes 400 Dimes to Treat Child a Week

Paralysis Care Is Costly, but 7,000 Were Handled Last Year

By Ida Jean Kain

THERE is nothing you cannot do with exercise. It's a miracle worker! But you probably don't believe in it as I do—I had infantile paralysis and exercise enabled me to walk again.

But now that I have had this disease, children were not expected to recover from its crippling effects. But, fortunately, I rode a bicycle. And now it turns out that riding a bicycle is just the thing for anyone left lame from paralysis. Pedaling the bike uses the same muscles as walking. And now I can walk as well as anybody. In fact, I think I have a beautiful walk! And you ought to see me skate!

So, if I'm a bit insistent on the magic of exercise, you can understand why.

But that's not the point of this article. The point is, have you sent your dime to the infantile paralysis fund? Your dime will help keep some child from being a hopeless cripple. The treatment is expensive and it takes 400 dimes to give one child one week's treatment. But last year, thanks to the Nation-wide response, 7,000 cases were treated!

It is not inconvenient to spend your dime for this cause. You can buy a button—the hotels, restaurants and theaters all have them on sale, and the children will bring them home from school. Or you can simply enclose your contribution in an envelope and mail it to the White House. Or you can use one of the President's birthday greeting cards, which have space for 10 dimes.

Which ever way you send your money, be sure to give your name and address, for 50 per cent of the fund is spent in the locality in which it was raised. The other 50 per cent goes to the national fund, which is used in research and in fighting epidemics.

The hospital at Warm Springs, Ga., is only one of hundreds for which these funds are used. In the last two years, Warm Springs has not received any of the money.

In the treatment, exercise is a recuperative measure. While the disease is at its height, the muscles must be kept absolutely quiet—what is kept absolutely quiet is "in neutral." Braces and splints are used for this purpose. But after the acute period, exercises suited to the individual are started.

Olive Garnish

A ripe olive garnish for a fish or meat platter is a real treat. Do it like this: Cover ripe olives, arranged in a shallow pan with French dressing, bake them 5 minutes or so in a moderate oven. Cool the dressing and use it later.



Underwood & Underwood
1280 Connecticut Avenue District 4488



Authentic copies of fashions from "Gone With the Wind"

As a prelude to the famous picture opening this weekend, get a close-up view of the bewitching dresses worn by Scarlett O'Hara and other characters in the film! "But—are these dresses wearable?" Decidedly! Tight-fitting bodices with an off-shoulder line or a "covered-up" look, full skirts that may be worn with or without hoops or crinolines, fashions bound to influence spring and summer style trends, now first and ONLY at Jelleff's in Washington!

From \$39.75 to \$75

Second Floor Dress Shop

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Dress worn by Scarlett O'Hara in the picture "Gone With the Wind"

faithfully copied in flowered blue chills (wool and rayon). \$49.75.

8 for \$10 up. Men, women and children. Phone District 4488 for appointment now

6 for \$10 up. Men, women and children. Phone District 4488 for appointment now

Social Register Hears Miss Morgan Urge Help for French Refugees

400 Turn Out for Luncheon at Which Only 300 Were Expected; Sentiment of World War Days Recreated by Plea for Peasants

By Hope Ridings Miller.

A PLEA FOR PERSONAL, rather than political, aid to "our friends across the sea" was voiced yesterday by Miss Anne Morgan, philanthropist, at a luncheon sponsored by the Washington Committee of the American Friends of France yesterday at the Raleigh Hotel.

Pointing out the acute need of French citizens who have been evacuated from the Alsace, Ardennes and Haute Vienne sections, Miss Morgan outlined the work now being done by the organization of which she is founder and president. She described briefly the plight of peasant families who have been forced to leave their homes on a day's notice, and she emphasized that "it is a completely dislocated civilian population that is our concern. We must see that these people are fed, housed and clothed until France is in a position to look after them herself," she continued.

In this connection, she emphasized that her American Friends of France organization already has launched its work and needs only the help of its branches in this country to keep it going and to help alleviate the untold miseries of the French people who have left their homes. "It is the peasant of France who is my hero," she went on. "He and his families represent, after all, the finest aristocrats in the world."

In a short interview before the luncheon Miss Morgan said that "while nobody knows anything about this war of nerves, it is in no sense a phony war. The French people need, and must have, our sympathy and understanding translated into very concrete contributions." She stressed also that the present conflict has brought about a unity of the French and British nations that is an inspiration within itself.

Robert Woods Bliss Makes Introduction

Miss Morgan was introduced following luncheon by Robert Woods Bliss, who in the grim days of the last war was attached to the American Embassy in France. After her speech, the French Ambassador, Count de Saint Ambroise, took the floor to speak briefly in praise of Miss Morgan whom he described as "THE American Friend of France," and to express his gratitude to the organization that is working for the welfare of France on both sides of the Atlantic.

Mrs. Arthur Woods, a niece of Miss Morgan and the chairman of Washington's Committee of American Friends of France, was in charge of the program. She introduced Mr. Bliss and, following the three speeches, closed the meeting.

Among those seated at the speakers' table were Representative Sol Bloom, chairman of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs; Representative Edith Nourse Rogers, a member of the same Congressional committee; Corcoran Thom, jr., treasurer of the Washington Committee of American Friends of France, and several others.

French Peasant Menu Is Served

The Pall Mall Room at the Raleigh was the scene of the event, which was planned for 300 persons and drew a crowd of almost 400, including scores of social notables. Red and white checked tablecloths and a typical French peasant menu were features of the luncheon, which was accented by lively tunes from an orchestra that played such familiar numbers as "Madelon" and several others that brought back memories of World War days.

A wave of enthusiasm to help fighting democracies in general, and France in particular, rippled through the crowded room as the luncheon began, and later manifested itself in bursts of applause that punctuated Miss Morgan's talk. Many in the gathering recalled in whispered comments that similar meetings were the order of the day in the last war when Miss Morgan's Committee of Civilians for the French Wounded was working at top speed, and afterward, when her Committee for Devastated France began its work. Her present organization is an outgrowth of the second committee that she founded.

Returning to France Next Month

Feted at dinner at the French Embassy last evening, Miss Morgan left afterward for New York. She plans to visit a number of committee branches in the East and in the Middle West before she returns to France the latter part of next month. "I must get back as soon as possible," she said. "There's so much to be done before the spring drives start."

The daughter of the late J. Pierpont Morgan and a sister of the second J. Pierpont Morgan, Miss Morgan is one of the wealthiest women in the United States. She has given freely of her time and fortune to charity and philanthropy. A handsome figure yesterday in a frock of simply-cut black satin, set off with a silver fox necklace and a black velvet beret, she spoke to a group that represented an impressive cross-section of Washington society. As would be expected at a midday gathering in the Nation's Capital, women outnumbered the men 5 to 1, thus giving the assembly an additional French flavor.

Committee Members There Full Force

While the luncheon was in no sense planned as a fashion show, fashion notes could have been

made all over the place. Mrs. Woods herself was trimly turned out in a brown quilted velour suit, set off with a small, pink-trimmed hat. Wearing a black Persian lamb turban with a matching coat was Mrs. H. Dunlap, vice chairman of the Washington committee, who spends every summer in her chateau a few miles from Paris and is particularly interested in helping the needy in her own little French village.

All in black also was Mrs. Charles Carroll Glover, jr., a member of the group's executive committee. Mrs. Shaw Parker, secretary of the committee, was an especially busy person yesterday, as dozens more persons than were expected arrived and expected to be seated. Other members of the executive committee whom I saw there were Mrs. Lawrence Baker, Mme. Blanche Blom, Mrs. William Hard, Mrs. Charles B. Henderson, Mrs. J. J. Shouse, David Edward Finley, Frederick Brooke and Mrs. Walter Lippmann, who arrived with her husband.

Many Notables Seen in Crowd

Members of the French Embassy were generously sprinkled through the crowd. Mme. Lombard, wife of the French Military Attaché, was among those arriving early. Jacques Truelle, French Minister of Education, was there, as were Mme. Benesch, Jacques Dumaine and a number of others. Miss Patricia Prochnik, who stood at the door, took tickets and generally helped guests to find their places, was one of the busiest persons at the luncheon. Mrs. Harlan Fiske Stone, Mrs. Owen J. Roberts and Miss Mabel T. Boardman were seen in the throng, as were Mrs. Cary T. Grayson, Mrs. Emlen K. Davies, Mrs. D. Buchanan Merryman, Maj. Gen. and Mrs. William Crozier, Dr. and Mrs. Stanley K. Hornbeck, Mrs. Emory Land, Mr. Edward R. Finkenstaedt, Mrs. Kent Legare, Mrs. Chaucer Parker, Jr., Mrs. Jasper DuBois and Mrs. Hugh D. Auchincloss.

Still others there were Mrs. Adolph C. Miller, Joette Shouse, Mrs. Truxton Beale, Mrs. Patrick Hurley, Mrs. Ridley McLean, the Misses Mary and Josephine Paten, Mrs. Armistead Peter, Mrs. McConney Werlich, Miss Margaret Fraser, Mrs. Wayne Chatfield-Taylor, Mrs. Nathan Wyeth, Miss Anne Squier, and so on through the social register.

Bennett C. Clark Give a Luncheon For Film Players

Because Senator Borah's funeral services were being held yesterday in the Senate Chamber, Senator and Mrs. Bennett Clark canceled the luncheon they had planned to give yesterday in Capitol Hill in honor of some of the players in the film, "Abe Lincoln in Illinois."

Instead of having a large luncheon, which was to have included among the guests several Senators and Representatives, Mrs. Clark gathered in a few women friends for a small luncheon at the Mayflower.

Miss Ruth Gordon, who plays the part of Mary Todd in the motion picture, was honor guest. Others in the company were Mrs. Stanley Reed, Mrs. Henry Morgenthau, Jr., Mrs. Hiram Johnson, Mrs. Burton K. Wheeler, Mrs. Millard Tydings and Mrs. Cabot Lodge.

Mrs. Lee Butler Arranges Program

Under the direction of Mrs. Lee D. Butler, wives of members of the Washington Automotive Trade Association will be hostesses to the women here with their husbands for the annual convention of the National Automobile Dealers Association.

The convention will be in session at the Mayflower Hotel through Thursday.

The local committee plans to take the visitors on a sight-seeing trip, entertain them at luncheons and teas, and Wednesday night will take their guests on a theater party.

The hostess committee includes Mrs. Butler, chairman, Mrs. Oscar Coolican, Mrs. Dyke Cullum, Mrs. Walter B. Guy, Mrs. Fred L. Halter, Mrs. L. S. Julien, Mrs. Whitney Leary, Mrs. Robert L. Lewis, Mrs. Paul B. Lum, Mrs. R. J. Murphy, Mrs. J. M. Sanders, Mrs. Joseph B. True and Mrs. Stanley H. Horner, honorary chairman.

Mrs. Butler is the wife of the newly elected president of the Washington Automotive Trade Association, who will be co-chairman at the convention.



Miss Anne Morgan (left), founder of the American Friends of France, Inc., chatting with Mrs. R. H. Dunlap and Mrs. Arthur Woods, vice chairman and chairman, respectively, of the Washington committee of the organization, before luncheon at the Hotel Raleigh

Mrs. Jackson Entertains Party At Mrs. Townsend's Musicales

Wife of Attorney General Occupies Presidential Box in the Absence of Mrs. Roosevelt, Acting as Hostess for Her

Mrs. Robert H. Jackson, wife of the Attorney General, occupied the Presidential box at Mrs. Lawrence Townsend's morning musicale yesterday at the Mayflower in the absence of Mrs. Roosevelt. Acting as hostess for the First Lady, Mrs. Jackson had as her guests Senora de Castillo Najera, wife of the Mexican Ambassador; Senora de Cabero, wife of the Chilean Ambassador; Senora de Cardenas, wife of the Spanish Ambassador, and Mrs. Henry A. Wallace.

The Minister of the Union of South Africa and Mrs. Ralph William Close and the Minister of Yugo-

slavia and Mme. Potitch were guests at Mrs. Townsend's luncheon yesterday in compliment to Miss Jean Tenynson, soprano, Miss Orren Pernel, violinist, and Felix Salmond, violin-celloist.

Guests from the British Embassy included the Commercial Counselor and Lady Chalkley; Christopher Bramwell, First Secretary, and Mr. and Mrs. Leander McCormick-Goodhart. The First Secretary of the Yugoslav Legation, Rastko Petrovich, was in the diplomatic group.

Others present included Lady Leslie, Mrs. Lewis Emery, Jr., Mrs. George C. Thorpe, Dr. and Mrs. James A. Lyon, Mrs. Rushmore Patterson, Miss Irene Boyle, Miss Yola Wankowicz, Rafael Lepkowski, formerly of the Polish Embassy staff; Robert Coe, Dennis Smith, Arthur Willmore, Arpad Sandor, Brooks Smith and Ralph Berkowitz.

Another luncheon party was that given by Mrs. Walter Tucker, who entertained in honor of Mrs. Alexander Gordon and Mrs. Tunstall Smith, both of Baltimore. Ranking guest at the luncheon was Mme. Naumoff, wife of the Bulgarian Minister. Others there were Mrs. Charles McNary, Mrs. Breckinridge Long, Mrs. Curzon-Howe, and her mother, Mrs. Allen McKenzie, who is here from London; Mrs.

Alfred Parrish, of London, who is the house guest of Mrs. Hennen Jennings; Mrs. Sydney Cloman, Mrs. Charles Von Rath, Mrs. Breckinridge Hayne, Mrs. Ralph Worthington and Mrs. Lydia Loring.

Senator Tydings And Wife Tender Davieses a Dinner

Senator and Mrs. Millard Tydings entertained at a dinner last night at the Sulgrave Club in honor of Mrs. Tydings' father, the former Ambassador to Belgium, Joseph Davies, and Mrs. Davies. Mr. Davies is now Special Assistant to the Secretary of State. This is the second large party the Tydings have given at the Sulgrave this month. On January 2 they entertained at a brilliant ball in honor of Ellen Bruce, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Bruce, of Baltimore, and Mrs. Patricia Prochnik, debutante daughters of the former Austrian Minister and Mme. Prochnik.

Mrs. Davies, who, with Mr. Davies, has recently leased the Schoolhouse home at 2700 Macomb street, will entertain at a luncheon today for members of the Women's National Press Club.

Miss Perkins Is Chairman Of Cooperating Committee

Mayflower Party to Honor Three Who Will Present Unions' Birthday Cake To President; Miss Helm Is Chairman

The Secretary of Labor, Miss Frances Perkins, is honorary chairman of the Women's Cooperating Committee for the reception to be given at the Mayflower Hotel, North Room, tomorrow night, at 8:30 o'clock. The affair will honor three young ladies, Miss Elinore Myrup, Miss Marlow Winter and Miss Elsie Schmidt, who will present a giant birthday cake to President Roosevelt earlier that day on behalf of the labor unions cooperating in the 1940 fund-raising drive to fight infantile paralysis.

Another honorary chairman is Mrs. John Allan Dougherty and the chairman is Miss Mae Helm, of the Department of Justice. Members of the cooperating committee include Mrs. Mary Norton, Miss Mary Anderson, Mrs. Jewell W. Swafford, Mrs. Florence Kerr, Mrs. Thomas Parran, Mrs. David Cushman Coyne, Mrs. Mildred Hoyle Core, Miss M. Howry, Miss Katherine C. Blackburn, Mrs. Charles Lamson, Mrs. Frank Morrison, Mrs. Allan Sherman, Mrs. Robert Ramspeck, Miss Mary Lyddane, Mrs. Chester M. Wright, Mrs. Scott Lucia, Miss Katherine Lenroot and Mrs. Emil Hurja.

The birthday cake, with 58 candles on it, will be on display at the reception by courtesy of the President. There will be music, special entertainment and refreshments. The assisting committee of young ladies includes Mrs. John Dick, Miss Mija Brejska, Miss Molly Stonestreet, Miss Ann Sperry, Miss Louisa Popham, Mrs. Rosalind Buchanan, Miss Virginia Pennington and Miss Betty Carney.

Embassies in Mexico Fete Miss Dita Davis

According to word received here by her mother, Miss Dita Davis, debutante daughter of Col. and Mrs. Robert Davis, who recently arrived in Mexico City to be a guest at the Ecuadorian Legation, has been fêted at a continual round of parties.

Shortly after her arrival by plane a few days ago the whirl began. To date she has been honored by dinners at the Bolivian Embassy, the Ecuadorian Legation and the Argentine Embassy. On Sunday she attended her first bull fight.

"Friends of France"

About The Town

With Dudley Harrison

Alice Robert Invites Her Friends and Their Parents to Her First Birthday Bawl

ALICE BIRNEY ROBERT, daughter of that ardent Democrat "Chip" Robert, who is secretary of the National Committee, and Mrs. Robert, was appropriately born on the President's birthday, January 20. She has issued amusing invitations to her first "birthday bawl," to celebrate her arriving at one year of age. The party will be at the home of her doting grandmother, Mrs. Harold Walker, at her new house, 3110 LeRoy place.

"Bring your nurse," reads the invitation, which is illustrated by Mother Robert with a picture of a baby bawling. "Five prizes will be given. Your mama and papa are asked; there's going to be a party for them, too, that'll last until about 8:30."

The guests are asked to pay a dollar to attend, all of which will go to the Warm Springs Foundation.

It's a dull winter when "Evie" Robert doesn't think up ideas for parties which would have Elsa Maxwell gnawing her nails in envy. Still remembered, of course, is the one she gave for her horse, John the Baptist, several years ago. Another famous Robert enterprise was the stunt evening for the benefit of the Tail Waggers' Club which had every amateur actor and actress in Washington striding the boards while their friends looked on.

SEVERAL FROM The cast of the movie "Abe Lincoln in Illinois" arrived at the White House for supper on Sunday evening trembling with awe at the idea of the President as host, but came away convinced that informality can be achieved more easily in the Executive Mansion than anywhere else. The President was in rare form, talked of Lincoln and Carl Sandburg's biography of him all through dinner, and, though he usually leaves his guests to work, stayed with them until they left just before midnight.

Scrambled eggs and sausages were the piece de résistance, but on this occasion Mrs. Roosevelt left their concoction to the chef, instead of whipping them up herself. After the movie she took the guests to the Lincoln Room, first making sure that no Roosevelt houseguest was asleep in it.

Mr. Stokes, after attending St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., graduated from Yale in 1929. He was formerly on the legal staff of the Securities Exchange Commission here and is now a member of the law firm of Debevoise, Stevenson, Plimpton and Page in New York City. His father, former secretary of Yale University, retired recently as a canon of Washington Cathedral, continuing as a member of the Cathedral Chapter. Mr. Stokes is a brother of Mr. John Davis Hatch, Jr., of New Haven, Conn., and the Rev. Anson Phelps Stokes, Jr., of Columbus, Ohio.

The wedding will take place in February at Thomaston, Ga., the winter residence of Mr. and Mrs. Hoyt.

Irvine Lenroots Greet Friends on Golden Wedding

Former Senator Irvine L. Lenroot, of Wisconsin, and Mrs. Lenroot observed their golden wedding anniversary yesterday.

Justice Lenroot, now on the U. S. Court of Appeals, attended funeral services for Senator Borah, then went to his office, returning home to welcome a few friends.

Mrs. Lenroot, the former Miss Clara Clough, of Superior, Wis., has been almost an invalid for several years, but set up for a while to receive visitors. With the Lenroots was their only living child, Miss Katherine P. Lenroot, head of the Children's Bureau in the Labor Department. Another daughter, Mrs. Dorothy Lenroot Bromberg, died five years ago in Los Angeles.

Telephone and telegraph messages, letters, cards and flowers poured into the Lenroot apartment throughout the day.

Miss Lenroot recalled that it was Senator Borah, with whom Justice Lenroot had worked for nine years in the Senate, who introduced the legislation for the creation of the Children's Bureau. Miss Lenroot has been in the bureau for 25 years. Justice Lenroot will be 71 on January 31.

Miss Nan Saum, M. M. Haddad, Wed

At an early morning ceremony yesterday, Miss Nan Russell Saum, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Earl W. Saum, of Alexandria, became the bride of Mitchell M. Haddad, Christ Episcopal Church in Alexandria was the scene of the wedding at which the Very Rev. Noble C. Powell, dean of Washington Cathedral, and the Rev. Edward Randolph Welles, rector of Christ Church, officiated at 8 a. m.

Given in marriage by her father, the bride wore a mulberry wool three-piece suit with a rose turban. She carried a prayer book and a bouquet of gardenias and lilies of the valley. Miss Virginia Saum, her sister, was maid of honor, wearing a tailored aquamarine frock with brown accessories. Her bouquet was of jonquils, roses and sweet peas.

George Haddad, of Williamsville, Conn., was best man for his brother. Following the wedding there was a breakfast at the Penn-Daw Hotel, and later the couple left on a wedding trip to New York. They will go on to Williamsburg to visit the bridegroom's mother, Mrs. Sadie M. Haddad. They will return to Alexandria next week.

Conferences Educating Her, First Lady Says

Consumers, Children, Youth Among Matters Taking Up Her Time

Conferences and still more conferences have kept Mrs. Roosevelt continually involved of late and she added laughingly that she was "certainly becoming educated." What with the Consumers Group meeting over the week-end, sessions of "Children in a Democracy" held last week and some 3,000 youths arriving within a fortnight for the American Youth Congress, the First Lady has had little time to spare.

Mrs. Roosevelt touched on a variety of subjects at her press conference yesterday morning ranging from plans for the President's birthday to a job-hunting son—Franklin Roosevelt, Jr. On January 30 there will be a gala double-birthday dinner at the White House in honor of the President, and Ethel duPont Roosevelt, the latter claiming the same birthday anniversary as her distinguished father-in-law.

Franklin, Jr., Is Job-Hunting

Remarking that "differences of opinion" have ensued since Franklin, Jr., started job-hunting, Mrs. Roosevelt said her youngest son, who will be graduated from University of Virginia Law School in June, doesn't expect to go to work until the following fall but is looking around. However, Mrs. Roosevelt dismissed the "differences of opinion" with the statement that it was just the usual family discussion.

Sunday evening, the President and Mrs. Roosevelt will attend the Command performance of "Life With Father," the proceeds of which will go to the Infantile Paralysis Fund. After the play they will be hosts to members of the cast at a supper party at the White House.

The First Lady will go on the air Sunday with Gene Autry, Western movie hero, who will be in town for the President's Birthday Ball. Mr. Autry will also be the star attraction at the benefit horse show on Thursday and Friday evenings at Fort Myer which the President and Mrs. Roosevelt will attend on Thursday evening.

Full Schedule Lies Ahead

Lies Ahead

A full schedule lies ahead of the First Lady this week. There will be a luncheon at the White House today, and tomorrow she will entertain members of the Committee of the Cause and Cure of War at a tea. She will attend their banquet that evening. Mrs. Henry A. Morgenthau will be hostess at a luncheon tomorrow in honor of Mrs. Roosevelt. On Thursday Mrs. Roosevelt will have luncheon with the Council of Southern Women, and that afternoon, will entertain an art appreciation group of university women at tea at the White House.

On Friday there will be a musicale at the White House. The afternoon musicale's guest list has been enlarged to take in a great many in residential society that were dropped from the State reception list this season. Saturday afternoon Mrs. Roosevelt will entertain at a tea for members attending the National Housing Conference.

Notes of Society

Representative and Mrs. Paul H. Maloney, of New Orleans, are now established in their apartment at Wardman Park Hotel, having arrived in town early yesterday morning. Representative Maloney, who was here for the opening of Congress, returned to New Orleans in order to bring Mrs. Maloney to Washington, and they plan to remain for the duration of the current session.

Representative and Mrs. Robert L. Doughton have as their guests at the Wardman Park Hotel their son and daughter-in-

law, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Doughton, of Statesville, N. C., who will be here for a short time.

Miss Marjorie Riordan of Elmira, N. Y., arrived here yesterday to visit Mr. Edward J. Dunn at the Wardman Park Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. William B. Shearer will entertain at dinner tomorrow evening at their home on Sixteenth street.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Kaufman, Jr., entertained at dinner on Saturday evening at their home on Thirty-sixth street.

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A. Smart compacts beautified with flashing rhinestone or multi-colored ornaments. Gilt, also black or white enamel backgrounds in this group.

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Official and Diplomatic Washington Out En Masse for Lincoln Movie

Mrs. Roosevelt Shares Box at World
Premiere With Secretary and Mrs.
Morgenthau; Supper Follows Performance

By Jessie Ash Arndt

A gathering such as only the Capital can produce greeted the world premiere of "Abe Lincoln in Illinois" last night at RKO-Keith's Theater. Official, diplomatic and social Washington was there en masse and many members of the audience later attended the supper given at the Raleigh Hotel by the Newspaper Women's Club of Washington, which sponsored the premiere performance as a benefit for the bed it maintains in Children's Hospital and for its Fellowship Fund.

Mrs. Roosevelt occupied a center box with the Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. Henry Morgenthau, Jr., Mrs. Granville Emmet, John Sargent, Capt. Hugh B. Wadell and Adrian Dornbush.

In the box next to hers were the stars of the picture, Raymond Massey and Mrs. Massey, Ruth Gordon, who played Mary Todd Lincoln, Mary Howard, who portrayed Ann Rutledge; Robert E. Sherwood, the author, Mrs. Sherwood, and John Cromwell, the director. Nearby were Max Gordon and Harry Goetz, the producers.

As the audience assembled, a group of newspaper women headed by Helene Livingston Kravatz, chairman of the benefit, identified the notables and escorted some of them to the microphone in the lobby where a radio announcer described them in a "play by play" broadcast of the event.

Miss Kravatz was assisted by Miss Katherine Brooks, president of the Newspaper Women's Club; Dudley Harmon, Peter Carter, Margaret Harbo, Betty Rynes, Elizabeth Killicott Poe, Francesa McKenney and Marie McNair, of the club.

Theater and Press Vie in Questions

Another broadcast was given later in the evening as a feature of the supper program. It was a question contest, arranged by Miss Poe who acted as umpire, reading the answers whenever members of the opposing team failed to give them. One team was composed of a group from the theater, and the other of members or associates members of the Newspaper Women's Club. From the club were: Miss Brooks, Mrs. Nicholas Longworth, honorary chairman of the benefit; Mrs. Robert Low Bacon, Mrs. Bennett Champ Clark, Betty Rynes and Representative Jessie Sumner. Representing the theater were Mr. Sherwood, Mr. Cromwell, Jay Carmody, dramatic critic of The Star, Miss Howard, Miss Gordon and Mr. Goetz.

The first question, was designed to test the theater team's general knowledge of Lincoln's time. "Name six other famous men born in 1809," said the announcer while Miss Poe waited for the answer.

Another question called for the names of members of Congress or those connected with the war. "Name six members of the House of Representatives who were born in 1809," said the announcer while Miss Poe waited for the answer.

Small tables were arranged around the ballroom, where guests were seated for the supper, leaving space for dancing in the center. A Virginia reel was organized as a feature in keeping with the spirit of the occasion.

Secretary Hull Attends Show

Among those who attended the theater performance were the Secretary of State and Mrs. Cordell Hull, the new Attorney General and Mrs. Robert H. Jackson, who sat in the balcony and later were among the guests at the supper; the Secretary of Agriculture and Mrs. Henry A. Wallace, who also attended the supper; the British Ambassador, Lord Lothian; the Minister of Finland, Hilmar J. Procopé; Associate Justice and Mrs. Owen J. Roberts; Associate Justice and Mrs. Stanley F. Reed and Associate Justice and Mrs. Hugo Black, who were also among the supper guests.

Others who attended both the theater and supper were the Mexican Ambassador and Senora Castillo Najera, the Chilean Ambassador and Senora Cabello; the Italian Ambassador and Princess Colonna, the Minister of the Union of South Africa, and Mrs. Ralph Close, the Bulgarian Minister and Mrs. Naumoff, the Minister of Guatemala and Senora Recinos, the Dominican Minister and Mrs. Pastoriza, the Soviet Ambassador and Mrs. Oumanski, the Portuguese Minister and Mrs. Vianchi, the Irish Minister and Mrs. Brennan, the Norwegian Minister and

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Official Washington Attends Film Premiere for Charity



Among those attending the premiere showing of "Abe Lincoln in Illinois" last night were (top) Princess Colonna, wife of the Italian Ambassador, arriving with Lord Lothian, British Ambassador. Lower (left)—Mrs. Patrick Hurley, wife of the former Secretary of War. Right—Secretary of Agriculture Wallace and Mrs. Henry A. Wallace

U. Va. Glee Club To Give Concert At Gunston Hall

The annual concert by the University of Virginia Glee Club, sponsored by the Gunston Hall library committee, will be presented in the school auditorium February 2 at 8:30. Dancing will follow the concert.

Mrs. John Donnelly, president of the Gunston Hall Alumnae Association, will be assisted in arrangements for the affair by Mrs. Bayne Robertson, Mrs. James Glennon, Mrs. William Sweet, Mrs. B. H. Lingo and the Mesdames Betty Orney, Letitia Knox, Mary B. Betts, Thomas Bradley, Betty Burton and Lila Harrison.

Proceeds of the concert will be used for the library and other projects of the alumnae association. The library was established in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Beverley Randolph Mason, founders of the school. The principals are Miss Childersleeve and Miss Mary B. Kerr.

8 and 40 Chief Fetes Conferees

Eight and Forty's national president, Mrs. Ellen Louise Warren, of D. C. Salon, had with her last week leaders of national note who were in Washington to attend the White House Conference on Children in a Democracy. They were Miss Emma C. Puchner, of Indianapolis, national child welfare director for the American Legion Auxiliary, and Mrs. Grace Friedman, of Detroit, Eight and Forty's national director of child welfare, whose special assignment is juvenile tuberculosis prevention.

They attended the White House reception Friday night, the general session in the east room of the White House, concluding with President Roosevelt's address over a Nation-wide network, and the three sessions in the Departmental Auditorium.

These women will have important roles in the American Legion's Area "B" Child Welfare Conference to be held in the John Marshall Hotel in Richmond, February 8 and 9. Directing will be Miss Puchner, presiding, Levin Nock Davis, of Virginia, and assisting, Mrs. C. M. Dillon, of Delaware. Mrs. Warren will address the conference Monday afternoon on general affairs of Eight and Forty; Mrs. Grace Friedman will lead the discussion on "Meeting Some Special Child Welfare Needs" and on Tuesday afternoon the legion and the auxiliary will hold separate sessions with Ed Morganstern, of Kansas, presiding over the legion session and Mrs. A. H. Hoffman, of Iowa, presiding over the auxiliary session.

Shoppers to See Satire Of Dies Committee

Charcoal drawings satirizing the Dies Committee, drawn by Bennett Buck, of New York, will be shown at the membership meeting of the Washington League of Women Shoppers at 4:45 p. m. today at the Y. W. C. A. James M. Burns, acting special assistant to Representative Abe Murdock, of Utah, member of the Congressional committee investigating the National Labor Relations Board, will be the principal speaker.

U. S. Must Prevent 'Munich' In East, Says Mrs. Van Zandt

District Federation of Women's Clubs
Hears Proposal America Ask
Concessions for New Japanese Treaty

There must be no Far Eastern Munich, Mrs. Lydia Van Hagan Van Zandt told members of the District Federation of Women's Clubs yesterday. "The United States can prevent this," she said, "by demanding concessions from Japan in exchange for a new trade treaty and by maintaining her historic policy of the Open Door and the integrity of China."

"If the Japanese set up a puppet government under Wang Ching-wei, to replace that of Chiang Kai-shek, as they have threatened to do, the Open Door in China will have a sign Japanese only admitted; just as it has in Manchukuo," she asserted.

Mrs. Van Zandt was the guest speaker for the international relations committee of the District Federation of Women's Clubs following their luncheon at 2400 Sixteenth street.

"Historically the Open Door Policy and the integrity of China have been the two basic principles of our foreign policy in the Far East," said Mrs. Van Zandt. "Are they fundamental to American interests? Will they contribute to world peace and order?"

To clarify these questions she traced the history of the United States foreign policy from the first trade treaties with China and Japan down to our abrogation of the American-Japanese treaty of commerce and navigation which will become effective on Friday.

Tells of Travel In Manchukuo

Illustrating some of the results of the United States policy of non-recognition of Manchukuo, Mrs. Van Zandt told some of her experiences while traveling there. "I found our Consul General in Mukden in a very anomalous position. He is accredited to the Chinese government, but the Japanese puppet officials hold all the government positions. This situation and Japanese monopolies make it impossible for American firms to do any business. The great Standard Oil properties are standing idle."

While living in the Philippine Islands Mrs. Van Zandt wrote a number of articles on the question of Philippine independence and on the Japanese economic penetration of the southern islands. Based on studies made at that time she believes if we give the Philippines their independence in 1946 they will soon become a Japanese protectorate.

"They are ours by right of conquest and of purchase," she said. "The Philippines are the only Christian nation in the Orient. We have taught them to believe in individual liberty and freedom and to demand a higher standard of living than any other Oriental. I think they will ask us to stay in the islands if we give them any indication the invitation will be accepted. I believe it is to our own selfish interests to stay. Technology is making nations more and more interdependent each year. We need rubber and tin from the Dutch East Indies and the Malay States. We need our

Business Club Tea Honors Dr. Maffett

Other Women Here
For Conference Are
Local Group's Guests

Dr. Minnie L. Maffett, of Dallas, Tex., president of the National Federation of Business and Professional Women's Clubs, and other national officers here for the Conference on the Cause and Cure of War were honored yesterday afternoon at a tea given at the Raleigh Hotel by the local club. Judge Lucy Somerville Horworth, president of the Washington group, headed the receiving line with Dr. Maffett. Other honor guests were Miss Earlene White, of Washington, honorary president of the National Federation; Mrs. Margaret Hickey, of St. Louis, education chairman; Mrs. Nettie Simms, of Nebraska, international relations chairman; Miss Louise Beche, New York, executive secretary; Miss Winifred Willson, of New York, editor of the Independent Woman.

Miss Anetta Antilotti was chairman of arrangements for the tea. Alternating at the tea table were Miss Nina Kinsella, Mrs. Jean Bennett, Mrs. Ellen S. Woodward, Mrs. Grace B. Stiles, Mrs. Florence S. Kerr, Mrs. Laura Waters, Judge Fay Bentley, Dr. Agnes McNutt, Mrs. Estelle M. Whiting, Miss Mary Anderson, Miss Mae R. Murray, Miss Charles O. Williams, past president of the National Federation; Miss Gwladys Jones, executive secretary of Quota Club International; Miss Oriana Macdonald, Mrs. Emma T. Hahn, and Miss Marjorie F. Webster, president of the Women's City Club.

Among the guests was Helen Hironimus, of the Woman's Institution, of Dallas, who attended with Miss Kinsella, former president of the Washington Club. Among other guests were Mrs. Mina F. Stewart, of Detroit, who is international relations chairman of the Detroit Business and Professional Women's Club; Mrs. Helen Johnson Jordan, of Mitchell, S. Dak., program chairman of her club; Miss Elizabeth Towne, editor of the Nautilus, Mount Holyoke, Mass.; Mrs. Carrie Havener, manager of one of the largest purebred stock farms in Nebraska and also owner of a serum company; Miss Elmore Scott, of Madison, Wis., who is in the extension department of the State University.

Among those from the Washington club who attended were Mrs. Marion Britt, national legislative representative; Miss Vera Lundquist, Miss Aurelie Burnside, Mrs. Marie Pierce, Mrs. Caroline Stephens, Miss Jane Hanna, who had charge of the music and hostesses for the affair, and Miss Alice Webster.

Medical Auxiliary Plans Tea Today

The woman's auxiliary to the Medical Society of the District will give a tea today, from 4 to 6, in the lobby of the Medical Building in honor of Mrs. V. E. Holcombe, of Charleston, W. Va., president-elect of the Woman's Auxiliary to the American Medical Association.

In the receiving line with Mrs. Robert M. Bolton, president of the auxiliary will be Mrs. Holcombe, Mrs. Daniel L. Borden, president-elect of the Woman's Auxiliary to the District Medical Society; Mrs. Wm. Earl Clarke, first vice president; Mrs. A. Clagett Gray, second vice president; Mrs. A. Magruder MacDonald, treasurer; Mrs. Edward M. Pickford, recording secretary; Mrs. Frank J. Eichenlaub, corresponding secretary; Mrs. Gilbert Rude, historian; Mrs. James G. Cummings, parliamentarian.

Mrs. Thomas E. Neill, chairman of the social committee, has announced Mrs. Arthur C. Christie, Mrs. Harry Fowler, Mrs. William Gwynn, Mrs. A. Barnes Hoot, Mrs. Oscar B. Hunter, Mrs. Harry H. Kerr, Mrs. William J. Mallory, Mrs. Leon A. Martel, Mrs. Edward L. Morrison, Mrs. J. Lawn Thompson, Mrs. Albert P. Tibbels, Mrs. Charles S. White, will be assisting at the tea table.

Arlington Alumnae Meet To Hold Supper-Bridge

The Washington chapter of the Junior Mizrahi Women will stage its annual supper-bridge at the Hotel Fairfax in the club studio tonight at 8:30.

Mrs. Samuel Ginsburg, chairman, has announced that Mrs. Frances Coran, her co-chairman will donate the prizes for the winner at each of the tables, with Mrs. Jennie Migdal giving the door prize and Mrs. Freda Forman contributing the cakes.

Miss Margaret King will tell fortunes. Proceeds of the affair will be sent to Tel-Aviv, Palestine for the maintenance of the home for the adolescent girl refugees coming from Poland, Germany and Rumania.

**BRONCHIAL
COUGHS DUE TO COLDS**
To quickly relieve DISTRESS—when a cold affects your upper bronchial tubes—REMEMBER it takes MORE than "just a sniff" You need to rub your chest, throat and back with a warming, soothing "counter-irritant" like good old reliable MUSTEROLE which penetrates the outer layers of the skin and helps break up local congestion and pain. Its soothing vapors ease breathing. Used by millions for over 50 years! 3 strengths: Regular, Children's (mild) and Extra Strong, 40¢. Hospital Size, \$3.00.

MUSTEROLE
"Gown Salon" second floor.

Madame Chairman

By Suzanne

Malvina Lindsay Will Address
Sorooptimist Luncheon Tomorrow

MALVINA LINDSAY, woman's page editor of The Post, and writer of "The Gentler Sex," which appears daily, will be the honor guest and speaker tomorrow at the luncheon meeting of the Sorooptimist Club at the Willard Hotel. Eleanor Lee, of WJSV, is chairman of the program. The club's new president, Miss Mary Burke, will preside at the meeting.

DIRECTS GIRL SCOUTS— Miss Eleanor Durrett, who will be the director of the Girl Scouts of the District, has just returned



MISS ELEANOR DURRETT

from four years of professional Girl Scouting in the Canal Zone, which included directing of the established camp, Camp Harriet Morrow.

Miss Durrett began her career in Girl Scouting as a volunteer leader of a troop. She took her professional training at Camp Chapparral, in the Redwood forest of California, and at Camp Edith Macey, the national training camp in Westchester County, New York.

She attended Chatham Hall, in Chatham, Va., is a graduate of the Fairmont Teachers College of Fairmont, W. Va., which is her home city, and took special courses at the West Virginia University at Morgantown, Ohio State University and the University of California at Berkeley.

DISCUSS ANTIQUITIES—The Washington branch of the Association for the Preservation of Virginia Antiquities will be addressed by Dr. Oliver J. Hart at its annual meeting Friday afternoon at 3:30 at the Willard Hotel. Officers will be elected. Mrs. Everard Robinson Todd, the directress, will preside at the meeting. Other officers are Mrs. William O. Owen, Mrs. William C. Bell Moore and Mrs. Henry S. George Tucker, vice-directresses; and the Rev. Dr. G. Freeland Peter, for years chancellor of the Washington Cathedral, who is chaplain. While record of St. James' Church in Richmond, Dr. Peter was on the advisory board of the mother association there.

Chevy Chase P. T. A. To Meet Tonight

"Constructive Use of Leisure Time" will be the subject of a panel discussion at the meeting of the Parent-Teacher Association of Chevy Chase Elementary School tonight at 8. Mrs. John H. Werner has charge of the program and will introduce the speakers. Lewis R. Barrett, co-director of recreation for the District, and Mrs. Donna Young, secretary of the National Craft Training Center and chairman of arts and crafts for the District of Columbia Girl Scouts, will speak. "Motion Pictures as One Means of Constructive Use of Leisure Time" will be the subject of a talk by Mrs. E. W. Chapin, president of the Community Film Council. Following the talks an open discussion will be held.

A hobby show for parents and students will be held in the auditorium and a demonstration of wrestling and boxing will be given in the recreation room from 7 to 8 p. m. The program will be opened with several songs by the girls' chorus and will be closed with an informal reception.

Mrs. Steele to Speak

Mrs. Mary Steele, director of professional and service projects of the D. C. Works Projects Administration, will speak at a meeting of the Washington Bryn Mawr Club tomorrow. The meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Howell Moorhead.

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"Big Piano" Tone in This Small Piano
'MINIPIANO'
PRICED FROM \$240
Droop's • 1300 G

D.C. Precedence List Suggested

Publication of a list showing the rank of American officials, from the President down, was advocated before the Woman's National Democratic Club at its regular Monday luncheon meeting by Stanley Woodward, Assistant Chief, Division of Protocol of the Department of State. Mr. Woodward said such lists are available in some of the world's capitals and seem to solve the problems of precedence that often prove troublesome.

"It is my experience," he said, "that once such a list is printed there is seldom further discussion of these relatively unimportant matters."

Mr. Woodward declared that while ceremonies and precedence are parts of the work of protocol, nevertheless, they are not its entire function. He decried the fact that because of its interest in ceremonies, many people seemed to believe that the State Department operates a kind of social bureau, for the special purpose of laying down rules of etiquette and social behavior. Protocol, as a whole, he explained, is a kind of code developed over centuries in the cultivation of decent international behavior. Immunities, courtesies and the privileges of foreign diplomatic and consular representatives are other parts of this whole.

The luncheon was presided over by Mrs. D. Tucker Brown, president of the club, and the speaker was introduced by Mrs. O. W. McNeese.

Hadassah Meeting To Be Held Tonight

The January meeting of the Washington Chapter Hadassah will be held tonight at the Jewish Community Center at 8. This will be a joint celebration, with the Business and Professional Group, Junior and Senior Hadassah and the Washington Zionist District taking part in a "Festival of the Trees." Louis E. Spiegler will preside.

Following the singing of Palestinian songs by the choral group, greetings will be given by Mrs. Moe Offenberger, president. Miss Rebecca Rosenblum, president of the business and professional women, and Miss Carolyn Benveniste, president of Junior Hadassah. Rabbi Isadore Breslav will speak on "The Spirit of the Holiday," and a talking film "Homeland in the Making" will be shown.

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Sheer black with touches of white lingerie—the first claim of Spring, the dress of first importance now. Handsome under your winter coat. Equally handsome later with a big brimmed hat and a pair of silver foxes . . . a dress launched by the "Gown Salon" from a triumphant new collection in sizes 12 to 42 at . . . \$29.95

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80th YEAR Lansburgh's pays tribute to

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THE TRADITIONS OF THE OLD SOUTH

In a Pageant of "Southern Colonial"
Inspired by the Magnificent Settings in

GONE WITH THE WIND

Opening Friday, January 26th
at Loew's Palace Theater

Lansburgh's extends its heartiest congratulations to David O. Selznick and Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer for the Washington premiere of their great picture. Lansburgh's—now in its 80th year—served many a Washington "Scarlett O'Hara" and "Rhett Butler" in a small store. Today it serves other generations of those glamorous belles and beaux in a great building now grown to 84 big departments.

There are many individual displays throughout our entire store in honor of this gala showing. In the same perfection inherent with the original creations, they are practical and interesting for modern service.

Lansburgh's is proud to sponsor the revival of the spirit of the Deep South in our collection of Southern Colonial furniture and harmonizing accessories. This trend of beautiful and "livable" furnishings is inspired by master craftsmen of that elegant age. These adaptations are designed for modern living. Arranged in displays with up-to-date surroundings they demonstrate the reflection of Early American charm into the personality of an active 20th Century home.

P. S. Even the gracious hospitality of the Old South will be revived in the person of Edwards, our veteran doorman. He will extend a welcome to our guests arrayed in a costume of that chivalrous period.

See the Many Beautiful Modern Interpretations of Home Furnishings

Inspired by
"Gone With the Wind"

Modern indirect lamps in early American reproductions . . . draperies authentic in pattern and fabric . . . rugs modern only in wearing service . . . china like as a "twin" to treasured sets in Atlanta homes . . . and other attractive fittings complementary to a livable home.

Living Room (pictured above). Illustrated pieces as follows:
Sofa \$99.00
Lounge Chair . . . \$79.50
Dropleaf Table, 17.50
Occasional Chair, 44.50

SEE THE "GONE WITH THE WIND" DISPLAYS IN OUR WINDOWS

Complete interiors inspired by "Gone With the Wind" have been "brought to life" right in our windows. You'll see such a bedroom as a young 1940 Scarlett would delight in. In the dining room the intrinsic good taste of fine furniture for magnificent mansion or apartment house. Elegance and simplicity combined in the drawing room with a result as delightful as the furnishings in Tara.

Suggestions for creating informal atmospheres abound in the intimate library. A guest room that says "welcome" with dignity. Other practical room settings complete this remarkable window series. Be sure to see all 9 of them.

Bedroom (pictured at right). Illustrated pieces:

Bed \$29.50
Vanity \$29.95
Chest \$24.95
Bedroom Chair, . . . \$10.95

Library (pictured at right). Illustrated pieces:

Wing Chair \$29.95
End Table \$12.95
Rocker \$39.95
Desk \$49.50
Desk Chair \$7.95

Board Hits Penny-Wise School Policy

Reports to Citizens
Poor Maintenance
Will Force Costly
Repairs Later

Stinginess in granting funds for maintenance and construction of school buildings here is resulting in great losses and eventually will force expensive repairs, the Board of Education told a citizens' meeting called last night to discuss the proposed \$13,200,000 school budget for 1941.

"It is the judgment of the school officers that deterioration due to neglect in proper maintenance will eventually result in large expenditures to overcome the years of neglect due to lack of sufficient funds," the board said in a statement issued at the annual meeting of representatives of parent-teacher associations, citizens' associations and "other organized citizenry" of Washington.

"Further expansion," the board told 200 persons at Thomson Community Center, Eleventh and L streets northwest, "will add to the neglect."

Teacher Increase Lags

Dr. Frank W. Ballou, superintendent of district schools, declared there has been "some replacement, but we have been obliged to take care of new areas by giving them new schools and that has taken all the money that could be used for land and buildings."

Increases in the number of students since 1926 would justify the employment of 880 more teachers than were in the school system at that time, but only half that many have been employed, he added.

Admitting there is no provision in the bill for instruction of shut-in children, Dr. Ballou said he would be unable to urge restoration of the \$50,000 item in testimony before Congressional committees because he is permitted by law only to urge funds for projects approved by the Budget Bureau.

The proposed bill, he stated, carries a \$20,000 item for development of plans for a new \$1,600,000 senior high school at Benning road and Twenty-fourth street northeast.

Western Needs Stressed

Construction of a new building for the Wilson Teachers College has been stymied since the board's \$50,000 estimate for the structure was stricken from the bill by the Commissioners.

Need for a new roof at Western High School as well as repairs to the auditorium and lavatories was stressed by H. C. Holdridge, board member at Western High School Parent-Teacher Association.

"The roof leaks badly, the auditorium is falling apart and the lavatories wouldn't pass a good sanitary inspection," he said.

"Unless something is done to place the building in good repair, we are going to have to build a new school," Dr. Ballou replied that each year the school board was compelled by lack of funds "to pass over thousands and thousands of repair items."

Reduction in the amount of money provided for repair work in the proposed bill, he warned, will force still less attention to the maintenance of existing structures. The Budget Bureau estimate of \$307,000 for fuel, light and oil, he remarked, might compel the board to "do in the coming year exactly what we had to do during the past year and close the schools at night."

He also regretted the Commissioners struck out a \$7,500 item for musical instruments.

"We believe the schools should furnish certain instruments just as they furnish books," he explained.

Of course, every violinist will have a violin and students playing smaller instruments will have their own, but it is certainly impractical to expect students either to own or take care of such things as the larger horns."

Mid-City Citizens

Cooperation in cutting the traffic toll here was asked last night by Capt. Jeremiah A. Sullivan, of the Second Police Precinct, in a plea for observance of pedestrian regulations before the Mid-City Citizens Association.

"Never cross the street on the red light or in the middle of the block," he urged 25 persons attending the meeting in Thomson Community Center.

"We want to get by this year with as few traffic fatalities as possible," he added. "Ask your friends to help us keep down accidents."

The organization went on record approving District government reorganization but stated in a resolution the plan "should have its foundation in the American principle of consent of the governed and that to give effect to this principle the citizenry of the District require and should be granted local and national suffrage."

Resolutions also were adopted favoring regulation of fuel oil prices here by the Board of Commissioners and opposing transformation of Logan Circle, Thirtieth street and Rhode Island avenue northwest, into a playground.

Georgetown Citizen

The Georgetown Citizens Association last night voted in favor of retaining the independent board of tax appeals as it now stands, at its meeting at St. John's Parish Hall.

The association went on record as opposing the replacing of Dr. George W. Ruhland as District Health officer. Other resolutions adopted included the favoring of the creation of a new playground at Twenty-seventh street and Dunbarton avenue northwest, and opposition to the consolidation of No. 5 Truck and Engine Companies.

Motorist Cleared

Carra Giles, Washington motorist, was freed by a jury in Alexandria Corporation Court today on appeal from a police court conviction on a charge of driving while under the influence of liquor. The jury deliberated five minutes.

Giles was convicted by Judge James Reese Duncan in Police Court last month.

It's Your Turn, Now, Mrs. Dixon



New officers of the women's auxiliary of the District Fire Department were installed last night in the board room of the District Building. Mrs. Albert Lipske, past president, hands over the gavel to Mrs. Thomas Dixon, new president.

Helped Draw False Contracts, Says Nolan Aide

Auto Dealer Used
Papers to Get Funds,
Gallagher Testifies

A former official of the Nolan Motor Co. testified yesterday in District Court that he aided William J. Nolan, head of the firm, in drawing up sales contracts for use in obtaining money from the Munsey Trust Co.

Nolan is charged with criminal conspiracy and obtaining money by false pretenses. John J. Wilson, chief of the criminal division of the U. S. attorney's office, had completed presentation of the Government's case before Justice Daniel W. O'Donoghue in District Court.

James F. Gallagher, secretary of the Nolan firm, said that in August, 1936, he and Nolan obtained manufacturing numbers from automobiles in the hands of Maryland dealers, because he was afraid the description would be detected if he used District numbers.

These numbers were used, he said, on papers indicating that the Yellow Cab Co., of Washington, had purchased 10 machines each priced at \$846.30, from the Nolan company. Nolan took the fictitious sales contracts to C. H. Pope, then vice president of the Munsey Trust Co., who discounted them and credited \$8,436 to Nolan's account, according to Gallagher.

C. B. Ryan, president of the Yellow Cab Co., testified that the signature on the sales contracts was not his and that he had not contracted for the purchase of any cars from Nolan in August, 1936.

Pope, who is now president of the Munsey Trust Co., told the court he concluded the discount arrangement with Nolan without seeking any confirmation from Ryan of the alleged automobile transaction. The bank's relations with Nolan prior to August, 1936, had been uniformly satisfactory, he said.

Nolan will take the stand today. His attorney is Lawrence A. McGee.

High School Pupils To See Air Show At Bolling Field

Under an invitation from the Army Air Corps, students of Washington's senior high schools will visit the aircraft exhibit at Bolling field tomorrow afternoon.

School authorities said principals would be notified this morning of the invitation, but that no time off from studies would be allowed. The students will go to Bolling at 4 p. m., with transportation between schools and the air field being arranged by each school.

Air Corps officials reported that the constant stream of visitors visiting the aircraft exhibit at Bolling since Saturday continued throughout yesterday. Attendees from the German, Japanese and French embassies were among the day's spectators.

Girl Student Burned Seriously As House Robe Catches Fire



Miss Rhea Thompson, 19, of Allentown, Pa., a second-year student at Washington Missionary College, Takoma Park, Md., was burned Friday night when her house robe caught fire from a gas heater.

At Washington Sanitarium, Takoma Park, she was said to have suffered third degree burns over the lower part of the body. One blood transfusion was given and another arranged.

According to her roommate, Miss Ethelene Mayberry, who was absent from their room at the time, Miss Thompson was preparing for bed when the back of the robe was swept into the heater.

George Roth, 69, who lives in the same house, 723 Carroll avenue, Takoma Park, rushed to the room and beat out the flames.

Miss Thompson is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Thompson, of Allentown.

Van Duzer Sees Pittsburgh's Traffic Lights

Director Plans to Study Philadelphia, Chicago Systems

By Howard F. Wentworth

Returning from Pittsburgh, where he conducted an extensive survey of traffic light operations, Traffic Director William A. Van Duzer announced yesterday he would visit Chicago and Philadelphia next week preparatory to submitting recommended changes in the local system to Commissioner Hazen.

Van Duzer was directed to make the studies following a recent series of stories in The Post. The Traffic Advisory Council urged "immediate steps" be taken to improve Washington's signal-light system.

"After inspecting Pittsburgh's 'central control' method of regulating lights, Van Duzer met with Donald M. McNeil, the city's traffic engineer, to discuss the advisability of adapting such a system to Washington."

More Elasticity in Control

"The 'central control' system," said Van Duzer, "permits the manual operation of lights from a master control board. Signal cycles may be decreased or increased, depending on traffic and weather conditions."

Although convinced the Pittsburgh plan is "splendid," he declined to comment on its possible use here until "I see more progressive systems in Chicago and Philadelphia."

Only 64 of Pittsburgh's 380 signalized intersections are connected with the "central control" board, said Van Duzer. He found that failure of lights at any corner will automatically show up on the control board and the trouble may be corrected with a minimum of delay to traffic.

Cost Here \$100,000

The Pittsburgh system was installed in 1929 at a cost of \$285,000. It has been unofficially estimated that to add a "central control" unit to Washington's system would cost approximately \$100,000. If such a signal method is adopted here, it is planned to install it in the new Municipal Center now under construction on Indiana avenue northwest.

E. D. Merrill, president of the Capital Transit Co., and George Keneipp, manager of the Keystone Automobile Club, accompanied Van Duzer to Pittsburgh.

Burglar Loots Home, Gets Cash, Jewelry

A burglar ransacked the home of Louis Mirman, 1735 Webster street northwest, yesterday and escaped with cash and jewelry valued at \$972, he reported to police.

The thief took \$200 in bills, \$20 from a dime safe, a ring worth \$400, a ring set with diamond cluster, valued at \$350.

Accident Blamed On Gas Heater; Transfusion Given

Miss Rhea Thompson, 19, of Allentown, Pa., a second-year student at Washington Missionary College, Takoma Park, Md., was burned Friday night when her house robe caught fire from a gas heater.

At Washington Sanitarium, Takoma Park, she was said to have suffered third degree burns over the lower part of the body. One blood transfusion was given and another arranged.

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Miss Thompson is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Thompson, of Allentown.

D. C. Judges Criticized on Traffic Cases

Schulte Calls for 'Uniform' Penalties As House Committee Withdraws Bill

Police Court judges were criticized for lack of cooperation with the Police Department yesterday as the House District Committee voted to withdraw from the House calendar a bill to revoke a driver's license as penalty for reckless driving by an uninsured motorist.

Representative Schulte (Democrat), of Indiana, chairman of the subcommittee on traffic, told the committee:

"It's common gossip that if certain judges are on the bench a serious traffic case will go over. There ought to be a uniform punishment, regardless of social position, color or creed."

Schulte said he wanted to pay tribute to Inspector William Holmes, head of the Traffic Bureau, for reducing traffic accidents in Washington.

Representative Vreeland (Republican), of New Jersey, who said he was former judge, came to the defense of the judges with the statement that the prosecution should have a physician to combat the defense physician's testimony in a drunken driving case.

District day in the House was passed over until February 12 because of the state funeral of Senator Borah.

The committee discussed means of obtaining larger quarters for the weekly meetings as citizens again packed the hearing room. Chairman Randolph said he would continue the matter.

Representative D'Alessandro (Democrat), of Maryland, recent addition to the committee, was appointed chairman of the subcommittee on insurance and banking and a member of the subcommittee on public health, public utilities and streets and traffic.

Hunter Heads Subcommittee

Representative Hunter (Democrat), of Ohio, was named acting chairman of the subcommittee on parks and recreation.

Upon motion of Representative Kennedy (Democrat), of Maryland, he laid to transfer the recording of motor vehicle liens from the recorder's office to the department of vehicles and traffic was withdrawn from the House calendar and referred to the reorganization subcommittee.

Representative McGehee (Democrat), of Mississippi, called a meeting of the Judiciary subcommittee for 10 a. m. tomorrow to consider the Commissioners' amendments to the unemployment compensation act.

European exploration of the measure left over from last session.

Airline Opposes Rival's Appeal For Ocean Route

When world conditions return to "normal," competition for air supremacy over the Atlantic will be so keen the United States must support "one strong company" to maintain its leadership, Henry J. Friendly, counsel for Pan American Airways, said yesterday before the Civil Aeronautics Authority.

He opposed the application of American Express Airlines for authority to parallel Pan American's existing routes to Europe. After the present war, he said, European nations will offer vigorous competition.

Friendly added that Pan American is prepared to furnish daily service across the Atlantic without cost to the Government. With present mail loads, he explained, twice-weekly service could be expanded to six flights a week and revenues from postage would offset payments made to the company for the mail.

Jobs for Disabled To Be Increased, Dr. Howard Says

Within the next two or three years more jobs will be opened to persons with partial disabilities than there are disabled persons to fill them, Dr. A. Ray Howard, of the medical staff of the Civil Service Commission, said last night.

He was addressing the Washington Society for the Hard of Hearing at their clubhouse at 1116 Vermont avenue northwest, where he spoke on "Employment of partially disabled persons by private industry for philanthropic reasons, he said. The results were so satisfactory that all large concerns now try to fill 10 per cent of each job classification with partially disabled workers.

Acid Stomach Ulcers Relieved

This formula provides a 4-way method which tends to form protective coating, combat acidity, aid elimination and gives food guidance, with full directions to sufferers of stomach, ulcers, gastritis, gas, pain, heartburn, indigestion, constipation, and associated conditions induced by hyperacidity. Toms Tablets, a palliative and symptomatic aid, contain no soda, and are as effective as Peoples and all leading drug stores. \$1.25. \$2.00. Toms Tablets benefits have been proclaimed by thousands. The Drobe Co., Ligonier, Pa. —Ad.

Coe Urges Single Court For Patents

Association Diners Hear Commissioner Hail U. S. System As Boon to World

Improvement of the American patent system, already of great benefit to the world at large, was urged last night by Conway P. Coe, commissioner of patents, before the American Patent Association at its annual winter dinner in the Mayflower Hotel.

The dinner was the first of a series of celebrations to commemorate signing of the first patent act by President Washington April 10, 1790. Among guests were members of the House and Senate, judges of the District Court, Government officials and several hundred patent attorneys.

"Not only the people of this country," said Coe, "but also the inhabitants of other lands are beneficiaries of the American patent system. There is not one of these which is not indebted to America for the thousand and one articles and instrumentalities that meet their daily needs and supply their comforts."

Urges Single Court

To make this patent system more effective, Coe urged approval of legislation now pending before Congress which would establish a single court of patent appeals having power to decide questions of ownership, validity and infringement. He also called for passage of a pending bill which would require an applicant for a patent to complete its prosecution within three years or suffer curtailment of its term.

Less than 17 years, and to less than 15 years if the application remained in the Patent Office five years.

Guests included Justices Harold M. Stephens, Chief Justice of the United States, and Justices William Van Dusen, Chief Justice of the District of Columbia, and Justices John J. Clark, Associate Justice of the District of Columbia, and Justices of the United States Court of Customs and Patent Appeals, Judge Samuel J. Whitaker, Chief Justice of the United States, and Justices of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia, Judge John J. Clark, Associate Justice of the District of Columbia, and Justices of the United States Court of Customs and Patent Appeals, Judge Samuel J. Whitaker, Chief Justice of the United States, and Justices of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia, Judge John J. Clark, Associate Justice of the District of Columbia, and Justices of the United States Court of Customs and Patent Appeals, Judge Samuel J. 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Baker Succeeds Kern as Carnegie Tech Coach This Morning

Sports

The Washington Post

Sports

With Shirley Povich

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WASHINGTON: TUESDAY, JANUARY 23, 1940

X****

Dodgers, Yanks Threaten Future of Minors

\$1,000,000 Loss Faced By Leagues

Dodgers Curtail Minor Activities By \$100,000; Yanks Withdraw Holdings

New York, Jan. 22.—The first powerful kick-back from Commissioner K. M. Landis' seven-point bulletin of a week ago regarding farm systems and working agreements came today when Larry MacPhail, Brooklyn president, announced his decision to curtail the Dodgers' minor league activities \$100,000 worth.

MacPhail's decision came on the heels of the St. Louis Cardinals' and New York Yankees' withdrawals of working agreements they had submitted to the office of W. G. Bramham, president of the National Association, for promulgation. If the other major league clubs follow, more than \$1,000,000 in major league funds formerly used to subsidize minor league clubs is likely to be withdrawn. The result will be fewer minor leagues in 1940. A total of 41 minor leagues operated last season and some of the alarmists estimate that at least 20 of them will not operate this season.

The Yankees asked Bramham to return working agreements with seven farm clubs within their organization.

Operate Legally
Yankee Secretary George Weiss advised Bramham that the Yankees wished to operate legally and had no desire to jeopardize any franchise or league.

The joker in the Landis dictum is interpretation No. 5 which says: "Working agreements must be executed by the club actually making same, and must not be executed in the names of affiliated or subsidiary clubs to whom the major or other higher classification club supplies the necessary funds, thereby, by loans, advances, capital stock subscriptions, player purchases or other methods whatsoever."

In other words, the Yankees cannot acquire a player and farm him out to Norfolk and then transfer him to Newark or Kansas City, their AA farms. The player must be called directly in to the Yankees. Naturally the Yankees, Cardinals, Red Sox, Dodgers and other clubs who have extensive farm systems cannot afford to waste money on ball players that need developing for several years in the minors if they cannot acquire the player until after he's been subject to the draft.

Tossed Rules Out
As I understand the Landis bulletin, the judge has thrown rules out of the book that make it possible for a major league club to operate in the small minors through working agreements with MacPhail. "Naturally Brooklyn will continue to operate the clubs we own in the minor leagues, but if there is no modification in the rulings which have been issued we will not subsidize minor league clubs of lower classification."

"It would be silly to spend money subsidizing these clubs, if we cannot place players of these clubs, develop them in the minors and eventually put them on the Brooklyn roster. The Landis rulings do not affect Montreal and Nashville because these agreements ran directly to Brooklyn."

"Our minor league operations in the past have been in accordance with the interpretation of the rules by the commissioner. This will continue to be our policy as long as Landis is commissioner irrespective of whether we agree with his interpretations or decisions."

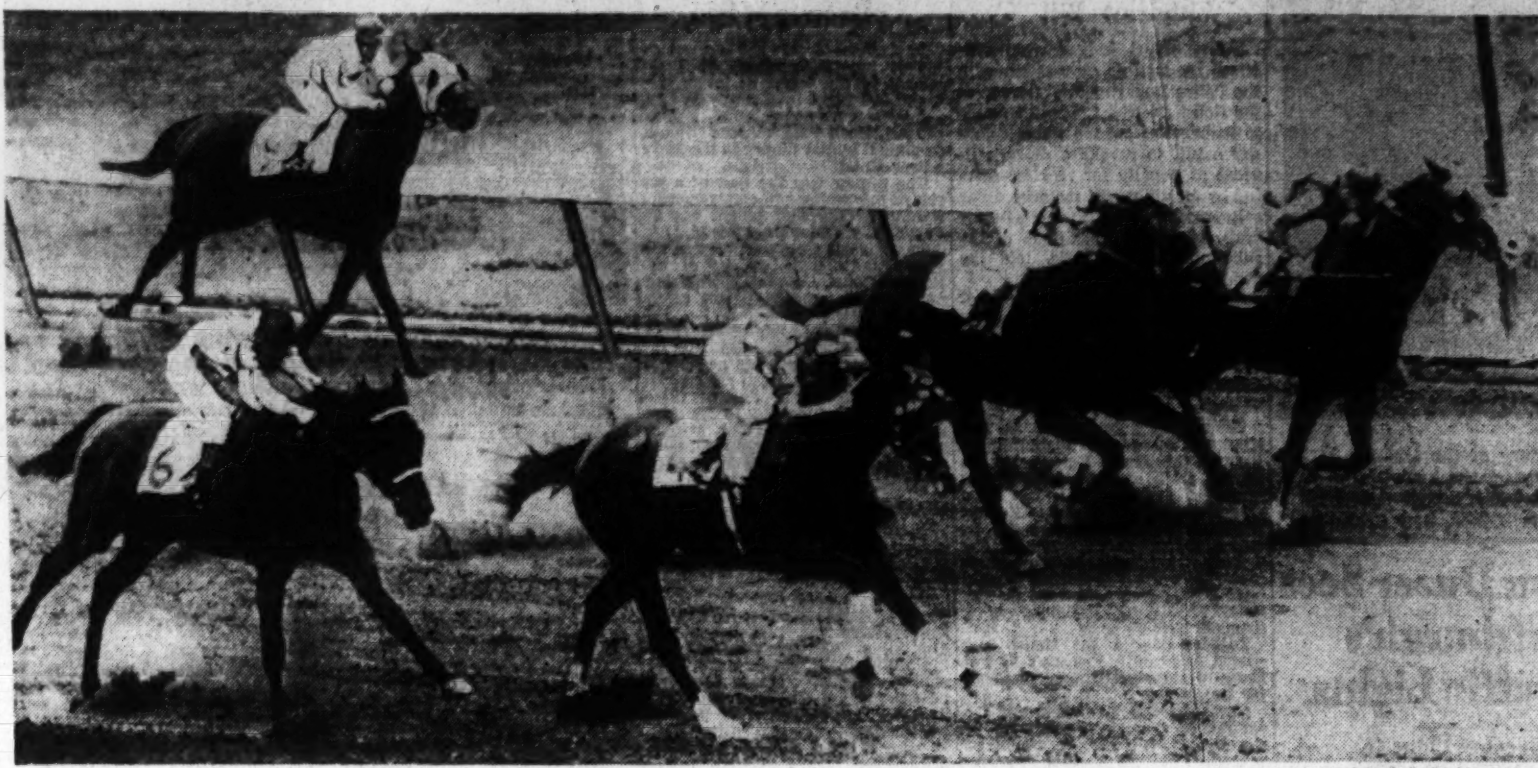
D and C Leagues Hit
Many of the Class D and C leagues exist solely on capital supplied by major league clubs, and these circuits are likely to be hardest hit. Another angle on the Landis ruling is that many ball players now controlled by major league clubs who are likely to be cast aside. As many as 2,500 players are likely to be affected if all major league clubs follow the action of the Dodgers and Cardinals.

Recalled Yankee working agreements were between Newark, N. J., and Augusta, Ga.; Kansas City and Joplin, Mo.; Birmingham, N. Y., and Wrentham, Wash.; Binghamton and Amsterdam, N. Y.; Akron, Ohio, and Butler, Pa.; Akron and Neshoba, Mo., and Akron and Norfolk, Nebr.

Illinois Closes Probe of Charges Thomas Took Dive
Chicago, Jan. 22.—The Illinois State Athletic Commission closed its hearings today on published charges by Heavyweight Boxer Harry Thomas that he had participated in fake fights with Max Schmeling and Tony Galento and announced a decision would be given January 29.

The Chicago Tribune published Thomas' charges that he lost to Schmeling at New York, December 13, 1937, and to Galento at Philadelphia, December 14, 1938, by previous arrangement.

Prompt Pay Closes Fast on Outside to Win Hialeah Feature



Prompt Pay (4) shown yesterday winning the \$1,200 purse in the fifth race at Hialeah, finishing barely a head of Liberty Queen (2), against rail, who was a head better than Sundodger (5), center. Prompt Pay is entered in \$20,000 Flamingo Stakes by Herbert W. Woolf, Kansas City sportsman, who won past renewals with Technician and Lawrin.

Carnegie Tech Names Baker Football Coach

Kern's Assistant for Three Seasons Signs Two-Year Contract; Is Pitt Graduate; Skladany Appointed as Chief Aide

Pittsburgh, Jan. 22.—Dr. Eddie Baker, for three years first assistant and backfield coach, today was named head football coach at Carnegie Tech, succeeding William F. (Bill) Kern.

He steps into the post that Kern resigned to become head coach at West Virginia University because the outlook at Tech seemed as dismal as the Tartans' 1939 grid record. He was given a 2-year contract.

Baker enrolled at the University of Pittsburgh from Nanticoke, Pa., and was graduated from the school of dentistry in 1931. Like Kern, he was assistant at Pitt under Dr. John Bain (Jack) Sutherland, but accompanied Kern to Tech at the close of the 1936 season.

Permanent Series
A Possibility, Says President of A. A. U.
By the Associated Press
New Orleans, Jan. 22.—The sport and genial president of the National Amateur Athletic Union, Lorenzo Di Benedetto, declared today the Pan-American games were "a certainty" for this year and might become a permanent series for Western Hemisphere nations.

"This would certainly solidify relations of the Americas," he said. "Of course it calls for time and first we must get a full organization set up to start the 1940 games."

He said plans for staging the games in the United States this summer, in lieu of the Olympics which are among the talking stage, with working already under way for organizing a definite program.

But the A. A. U. committee which he appointed to take steps for the 1940 games, he added, is looking beyond this year toward a permanent periodic meet for the Americas.

"The committee, with other organizations, expects to prepare a constitution for an international association to have jurisdiction over the Pan-American games every four years or often if desired," he said. "The association would award the games to different countries just as the international Olympic committee does."

The A. A. U. president said Latin American countries were "ready to participate," and that the first suggestion for Pan-American games to supplant the Olympics this year came from Alexander Hogarty, an American who is athletic director of Ecuador.

Miguel Mosenck, a Tulane graduate and chairman of the Cuban Olympic committee, has told Di Benedetto Havana would like to stage such games.

The A. A. U. Pan-American games committee, appointed by Di Benedetto, met in New York last week and invited officials of 32 other sports-controlling bodies to join and form an organization "really representative of all sports." They are going on the assumption that Finland will have to relinquish her plans for the Olympics by the deadline allowed her, April 1.

Hialeah Park Feature Won By Prompt Pay

Liberty Queen Beaten At Wire by \$4.50 Shot; Sundodger Third

By the Associated Press
Hialeah Park, Fla., Jan. 22.—Prompt Pay, the good looking and well regarded colt with which Herbert M. Woolf hopes to score his third straight victory in the \$20,000 Flamingo Stakes—the Kansas City sportsman took the last two renewals with Technician and Lawrin.

The Medway Stable's Liberty Queen lost out in the last few strides while holding another head margin over Mrs. M. C. Breen's Sundodger. J. E. Widener's lone Flamingo eligible, Town Boy, was a close fourth.

Prompt Pay, which won in his recent debut at 6 furlongs, added to the success of well backed horses today. He paid \$4.50 and finished in 1:23.3-5.

The promising colt suffered a quarter crack as a juvenile. He was sent back to the farm and consequently did not get to the races last year. He is sound now and many shrewd judges of horsemanship call him the likely winner of the Flamingo late next month.

Of the 11 starters in the feature, six are eligible for the Flamingo. They are Prompt Pay, Sundodger, Town Boy, Dusky Duke, Thais Me and Betty's Bobby. The latter finished fifth today.

In Close Quarters
Prompt Pay was in close quarters along the inner rail until the head of the stretch. Then Paul Ryan took him around the leaders for clear passage. The Woolford Farm colorbearer just got up to beat out the pacesetter Liberty Queen.

Sundodger, second until the closing strides, barely stayed out Town Boy, which had raced in third place most of the journey, slightly ahead of Prompt Pay.

Mike Caffarella popped up with See RACES, Page 26, Column 8.

A. A. U. Refuses Track Stars Travel Permits

New York Association Forbids Woodruff, Venzke, Beetham and Others To Enter Boston Meet Saturday

New York, Jan. 22.—The registration committee of the Metropolitan Association of the A. A. U. tonight refused to issue traveling permits to five track stars who are entered in the Prout Memorial games at Boston Saturday night.

The five, now running for metropolitan organizations are John Woodruff, Olympic 800-meter champion, of the Grand Street Boys' Association; Venzke, nationally known miler of the New York A. C.; and Charlie Beetham, Howie Borck and Harold Cagle, of the Sixty-ninth Regiment Association. Beetham is the national 800-meter champ.

The Metropolitan Association refused the permits because of its policy to keep local stars in New York for New York competitions. The metropolitan championships are being held Saturday night at the Thirtieth Regiment Armory.

Billy Maguire, manager of the Sixty-ninth Regiment Association, was so incensed at today's action that he threatened to "break loose" all our stars from the Metropolitan Association and allow them to register in different associations outside the metropolitan area.

Irish to Play 4 Home Games
South Bend, Ind., Jan. 22.—Elmer Layden, Notre Dame athletic director, announced today the Irish 1940 nine-game football schedule, which calls for four home contests.

Georgia Tech, originally to have played host to the Irish at Atlanta, will come to South Bend for a contest October 12. The College of the Pacific opens the Irish season here October 5.

The complete schedule: October 5, College of the Pacific, here; 12, Georgia Tech, here; 19, Carnegie Tech, here; 26, Illinois, at Champaign; November 2, Army, at New York; November 9, Navy, at Baltimore, Md.; 16, Iowa, here; 23, Northwestern, at Evanston, Ill.; and December 7, Southern California, at Los Angeles.

Tommy came back in the final round determined to finish the business. He shot a left jab to Alfano's chin that snapped the latter's head back and followed it up with a right hook to the left eye that was already half closed and bleeding from two small cuts.

Alfano's knees sagged, but he hung on gamely while Tucker hit him almost at will with both hands. Up to that fatal seventh, it had been an even battle, with Alfano punishing Tucker around the body with an attack which had the New

See FIGHT, Page 21, Column 1.

A New DiMaggio, San Salvatore, Writes for a Job

San Francisco, Jan. 22.—Another DiMaggio will be with the San Francisco Seals when they begin spring training February 12.

Three DiMaggios have come and gone to the majors. There's the famous Joe, of the New York Yankees; his older brother, Vince, now with the Cincinnati Reds; and little Brother Dominic, who goes to the Boston Red Sox this spring.

No comes San Salvatore DiMaggio, an 18-year-old Monterey, Calif., fisherman, who wrote Manager Lefty O'Doul he was a good player, that he'd had plenty of experience with semipro outfits down Monterey way—and that he was a cousin of Joe, Vince and Dom.

"And," of course, said O'Doul, "when we found out he was a DiMaggio, we were interested."

To Whom It May Concern:

Clark Griffith unwittingly gave Yankee holdouts a new weapon when he engineered the legislation forbidding the Yankees to trade with other major league clubs . . . thus the Yankees are on the spot in dealing with players who know they can't be replaced . . . the first foaf of 1940 belongs to Alfred G. Vanderbilt's Sagamore Stud . . . it is a colt by Discovery-Wise Mother and was born on January 3 . . . crack of the week was Elmer Layden's answer to the question of whether the Big Ten would invite Notre Dame to replace Chicago University in the Conference . . . said Layden with a smile: "I don't think the Big Ten wants a 'breather' like Notre Dame" . . . the early nineteenth century golfers in England were required to wear red coats . . . Confucius says: Dusky Fox will win 1940 Kentucky Derby . . . Goldie Ahearn signed no contracts to promote boxing rights at Griffith Stadium . . . he is operating under a verbal agreement with Clark Griffith.

Don Meade's failure to bring home winners at Hialeah, where last year he was the standard jockey, might be ascribed to the use of the new-fangled Puett starting gate . . . the new gate gives every jockey an even break and reduces the premium on smartness at the barrier . . . Meade, one of the best get-away jockeys and long known as a front runner, can't use his skill at the gate . . . Jimmy DeMaret, the Pacific Coast pro who won the San Francisco Open, has completed in all major tournaments for the past three years but the only four he has won have been Pacific Coast affairs . . . the Brooklyn Dodgers are counting on the fact that General Manager Larry McPhail and Bennie McCoy are from the same home town of Grandville, Mich., to land Free Agent McCoy for Brooklyn . . . the Nats are interested not only in Free Agents McCoy and Roy Cullenbine, but in a pitcher named John Bachunok whom Landis' decision freed from the Detroit-owned Beaumont Club, of the Texas League.

Lucky Teter's Bangtails Are Doing All Right

It is no less than strange that Amateur Athlete Glenn Cunningham, who is not supposed to capitalize on his fame, chose a Nation-wide, commercially-sponsored radio program to announce that he was retiring from track at the end of this season . . . it may be perfectly all right for Managers Gabby Hartnett, Bill Terry and Doc Prothro to concede the 1940 National League pennant to the Cardinals, but Clark Griffith would probably brain Buckey Harris if Harris even hinted publicly that the Yankees would repeat . . . Casey Berger, the Turner Arena wrestling referee who sees a dozen airplane spins every week, appropriately enough has taken employment at the Washington airport . . . Lucky Teter, whose dare-devil auto show thrilled Washington fans at the Capitol Speedway, is not doing badly at Hialeah, either . . . five of his horses have won purses there.

The \$25 a jockey is paid for a winning race and the \$10 bucks he makes for a losing mount, isn't a profit . . . he must pay the laundry fees on the owner's silks . . . and when you see a spilled jockey walking sort of dazedly down the track after losing his mount, don't be too sure he's merely walking in a daze . . . the chances are he's hunting for his whip, which is a costly affair made of whalebone and sets him back anywhere from \$15 to \$25 . . . Hialeah doesn't own the Puett starting gate which opens every stall simultaneously . . . the patent owners merely rent the gates to the tracks at a staggering daily rental . . . use of the gate, however, brings the track a nice financial return in addition to pleasing the customers by prompt starts . . . it enables the track to provide more time for betting between races . . . thus makes for bigger wagering totals . . . Frankie Crosetti, who batted only .233 last season was drawing a \$22,000 salary, yet the Yanks are squawking at the demands of Red Rolfe, who wants \$18,000 for batting .329 and leading the league in runs scored and two-base hits.

It's All Very Strange to Mr. Dizzy Trout

Dizzy Trout, the Detroit pitcher, inquires how Judge Landis can take nine months to investigate his case and then come up with the decision that he is a free agent, and then decide the next day that he is not a free agent . . . Trout, who visualized offers running as high as \$30,000 which he could pocket, should sue Landis for mental anguish, or something . . . Joey Archibald has turned down an offer of \$10,000 to risk his title against Pete Seitz in New York . . . he's demanding \$15,000 . . . N. B. A. President Heinie Miller is campaigning for a revision of the boxing rules which would nullify technical knockouts in cases where fighters are so badly out but a blow that they cannot continue . . . Miller proposed to award the fight to the boxer who was ahead at the time of the injury . . . the cause of the referee's foot is one of the handicapped when they become pros is that they are forbidden to learn the art of fighting on college teams.

The Chicago bank which is trustee for the white Sox can scarcely be blamed for wanting to sell the club . . . a few years ago the same bank was ordered by a court to pay \$400,000 to the owner of stock who suffered a sharp decline while being held in trust by the bank . . . if George Washington U. wins its nine remaining basketball games, it is a cinch to be invited to the Sportswriters Tournament at Madison Square Garden in March . . . the Colonials must dispose of Army, Toledo, Maryland, Virginia, St. John's, of Brooklyn, and Georgetown.

On the Line

With CONSIDINE

New York, Jan. 22.—When Glenn Cunningham hangs up those thin black running shoes at the end of this season the sports world will have lost one of its truly great champions. It won't be the same world a year from now, when we pick up a Sunday morning sports section and fail to observe that Cunningham won the "mile" the night before, in 4:13.2, beating Gene Venzke by a yard.

Cunningham's retirement plans, as told to Bill Stern over the air Sunday night, had in them a certain element of surprise. The quiet, gloomy, ascetic runner probably decided back in 1936 to stop running in 1940. Those close to him say that when Jack Lovelock sailed past him to win the 1,500 meter race at the Berlin Olympics, some great resolve fixed itself in Cunningham's mammoth heart. He became a man with a goal, and that goal was the 1940 games.

"So why go on . . ." He said over the air, after a discussion of how the war had wiped out all but the faintest hope of the Helsinki games. One man's grief, in a war, probably doesn't matter, but to us there is something poignant about the way this game old guy keeping himself going, years after he should have retired—waiting for another crack at the race in which he suffered his most galling defeat. He broke the Olympic record, he broke the world record, he broke the hearts of two men, so terrific a pace did the winner and the frustrated runner-up set. But he lost.

Glenn Is a "Machine" With Color

Cunningham was, and is, a contradiction to a somewhat prevalent belief that to be a popular champion one must have that kind of cheerful communion with the crowd that made Ruth great. He was, and is, a grim, semi-bored, studious, haggard fellow who, with supreme indifference, on most reporters and his few of the popular heroes' mounds. His color is the quiet color of mechanical perfection. He reports, warns up, runs, and goes home to his wife and baby daughters. But, somehow, there is more than the machine in him—particularly in those stretch drives when he's stuck that chest out and begin to dig into the track with the fire of a great controlled devil.

We're sorry he can't close his book the way he wanted to close it, winning a big one for his country in a strange foreign land. But he has done enough. Nobody will ever forget Glenn Cunningham, a clean, game guy, when he hangs up those shoes. For his soles will go marching on.

Around Jacobs Beach they say that the only trouble with Pedro Montanez is that "he's got a little geezer in him." That means, essentially, that he's a pretty well grounded fable that Dempsey experienced back fever before many of his fights, but this probably was a case of "sick nerves." For most fighters the fight itself is a blessed relief, and the sting of a punch creates not half the anguish that waiting to fight does. Tunney laughed himself to relax in a kind of half hypnotized sleep, before a match. Lou Ambers will sing . . . Loud, harsh, off-key. To keep from worrying.

Fear, some experts believe, is a right quality that will keep a fighter out of the pitfalls into which the courageous bully-boys plunge, and at the same time make them turn berserk with fury when cornered or badly hurt. Jess Willard left behind him a reputation as being a kind of lumbering guy with no more competitive fire than a goat. Once he fled out of a ring, and they had to drag him back to get him to finish a fight. But against Dempsey he came into the ring simply oozing with confidence (while Dempsey dignified like a nervous little boy) and big Jess was still doggedly swinging those big gloves near the end, when he looked down and saw that he was dead and gone.

For these wandering reasons we don't go along with a knot of experts who believe that Henry Armstrong is going to chase Pedro Montanez out of the ring tomorrow night at the Garden, when they fight for the welterweight championship.

Gene Tunney Dosed, Ambers Sings
Extreme tension before a fight often has been mistaken for fear. There is a pretty well grounded fable that Dempsey experienced back fever before many of his fights, but this probably was a case of "sick nerves." For most fighters the fight itself is a blessed relief, and the sting of a punch creates not half the anguish that waiting to fight does. Tunney laughed himself to relax in a kind of half hypnotized sleep, before a match. Lou Ambers will sing . . . Loud, harsh, off-key. To keep from worrying.

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2 Former World's Champions Term Hostak a "Natural"



Al Hostak, Seattle's middleweight contender, gets the nod of approval from Benny Leonard (left) and Mickey Walker (right), former world lightweight and middleweight champions, respectively. Hostak is in Chicago for his January 29 bout with Tony Zale.

PAUL JONES *A Gentleman's Whiskey* **IT'S DRY**
Since 1865

ICE HOCKEY
WASHINGTON EAGLES
vs.
BALTIMORE ORIOLES
8:30 P. M. TONIGHT
Adm. 85c, \$1.10, \$1.35, inc. tax
RIVERSIDE STADIUM
Phone 26th & D N.W. Phone

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Bill Ackerman On Fishing—



takes
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 shoot on
 January 28 out on
 his Ager road
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 the March of
 Dimes.

A worthy
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There was more than
 deaths from it, this
 Maryland than during
 vious year.

Most of the cases
 traced to rabbits in
 Western States, and
 infections occurring at
 handlers.

There will probab
 on further importa

Associated Press WIREPHOTO

The greatest equine show record in the world was concluded by Senator Crawford in the National Western Stock Show in Denver. The world champion trotting horse wears a blanket of orchids while Ben Hall, his constant caretaker, holds the gold cup, his last award

There is a move over to real estate and the minimum limits and game fishes in the District.

Certainly needed, the keels have been to ground of illegal fish Maryland and Virginia.

Increased interest fishing this winter reason in back of stream of inquiries, keep about Florida, tall a column busy. Boiled down to be might be interesting there are more than of fish in our only al waters. Of some

By the Associated Press
New Orleans, La., Jan. 22.—Slipping under the wire with a magnificent drive that caught the others napping, Rough Diamond, a brown

Frout, captured the featured sixth at the Fair Grounds today by a neck.

While Conville and Flying Jack were settling the pot and trying to run each other into the ground, Rough Diamond stayed close to the pace—and in the end had the drive—only to be shot out of the wire in 1:49 to take the major share of the \$600 purse.

The sixth, for 4-year-olds and up-wards, was won by one of the one and sixteenth row and the winner paid \$4.20 for a \$2 ticket.

Conville, firing badly at the finish, had to make third, as Flying Jack nipped him at the wire.

Hialeah Park
Entries With
Marred Ratings

By the Associated Press		(HUSSETT)	
FRST	Time, \$500; claiming for maiden		
2-year-olds			
1	John H. Jockey	W. Odds Rate	
2	I'm the Guy (Mallian)	118	5-1
3	Two Horse (Nash)	118	5-1
4	Masada (Roberts)	118	5-1
5	The Mustang (Nash)	118	5-1
6	Clock Time (Donoso)	118	5-1
7	Two Horse (Nash)	118	5-1
8	Overcoming (Wright)	120	20-1
9	Son Jim (May)	118	20-1
10	Red Bull (Madonado)	118	20-1
11	Remala (Anderson)	118	20-1
12	White Time (S. Jenick)	118	20-1
13	White Time (S. Jenick)	118	20-1
14	Honeybob (Roberts)	118	20-1
15	1960 NC RACE 3-year-olds, claiming for \$1,000		
1	ward		
2	Flowera M. (Finchum)	104	15-1
3	Two Horse (Fracker)	108	5-1
4	Two Horse (Fracker)	108	5-1
5	Two Horse (Fracker)	108	5-1
6	Discombe (Donoso)	118	20-1
7	Two Horse (Fracker)	118	20-1
8	Two Horse (Fracker)	118	20-1
9	Gold Band (Schmidt)	118	20-1
10	Orin (Harrell)	118	20-1
11	Two Horse (Fracker)	118	20-1
12	Cherover (N. W. Smith)	107	20-1
13	Two Horse (Fracker)	118	20-1
14	Affirmation (Ramsey)	118	20-1
15	Two Horse (Fracker)	118	20-1
16	Mrs. and G. Rine entry		
17	Two Horse (Fracker)		
18	Two Horse (Fracker)		
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97	Two Horse (Fracker)		
98	Two Horse (Fracker)		
99	Two Horse (Fracker)		
100	Two Horse (Fracker)		

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Office Hour (P. A. Smith)	107	15-21
11 Rose-Croix (H. J. Smith)	108	15-21
12 Bequest (Mazzanti)	109	15-21
13 Don Boncompagni (Hoberg)	110	15-21
14 A G O (Conover)	111	15-21
15 Yellow Rose (Packer)	97	20-26
16 The Old Man (H. J. Smith)	112	15-21
17 Flying Destiny (Hoberg)	103	15-21
18 The Old Man (H. J. Smith)	112	15-21

miles (at the tariff); purse, \$1,400; the Oaks; for 4-year-olds; and upward to \$10,000.

19 Glad (H. J. Smith)
 113 | 15-21 || 20 Green (J. R. Smith) | 114 | 15-21 |
21 The Old Man (H. J. Smith)	112	15-21
22 The Old Man (H. J. Smith)	112	15-21
23 The Old Man (H. J. Smith)	112	15-21
24 The Old Man (H. J. Smith)	112	15-21
25 The Old Man (H. J. Smith)	112	15-21
26 The Old Man (H. J. Smith)	112	15-21
27 The Old Man (H. J. Smith)	112	15-21
28 The Old Man (H. J. Smith)	112	15-21
29 The Old Man (H. J. Smith)	112	15-21
30 The Old Man (H. J. Smith)	112	15-21

[illegible]

11	Office Hour (P. & Son)	107	15-2	Regular, Circus, Transquility Farm—Mon	
12	Office Hour (P. & Son)	107	15-2	Time, Pureside, Transquility Farm—Mon	
13	Bequest (Matrillani)	107	20-1	Alfred G. Vanderbilts—Swam!, Balloon	
14	Don Bonomo (Hoberst)	107	20-1	H. M. Warner—Sky Dog, Gallant Dream,	
15	A. G. (Gonzalez)	107	20-1	Time, Pureside, Transquility Farm—Mon	
16	Yellow Rose (Packer)	97	20-1	Whitney—Kneafsey, Flash Command, J.	
17	Tommy (Gonzalez)	107	20-1	Whitney—Kneafsey, Flash Command, J.	
18	Flying Destiny (Record)	107	10-1	Grampa, Counterjumper, South Tar, Calery,	
19	Wings (at the turf); purse, \$1,400; the			Wood Wolf, Mrs. J. H. Whitney—Tipper	
20	Octoberbreed, for 4-year-olds and upward			Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
21	Green (J. Kenia)	104	15-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
22	Memory Book (Ashcroft)	114	4-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
23	Memory Book (Ashcroft)	114	4-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
24	Flying Les (Robertson)	113	15-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
25	Coltr-Pak (Packer)	108	20-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
26	Counterjumper (Donohoe)	113	6-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
27	Cardinals (Cardella)	98	3-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
28	Parson (Pritchman)	98	3-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
29	Shot Fire (Smith)	98	3-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
30	I. W. E. Boats, entry.			Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
31	SEVENTH—One and one-sixteenth			Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
32	miles; purse, \$1,000; claiming; for 4-year-			Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
33	olds and upward			Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
34	Sam Mica (Hesse)	137	4-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
35	Conrad Mann (Packer)	136	4-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
36	Conrad Mann (Packer)	136	4-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
37	Flax (Graham)	136	4-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
38	Flax (Graham)	136	4-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
39	Combabe (Cardella)	156	10-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
40	Combabe (Cardella)	156	10-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
41	Double B. (Schmidt)	135	15-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
42	Double B. (Schmidt)	135	15-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
43	Double B. (Schmidt)	135	15-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
44	Double B. (Schmidt)	135	15-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
45	Double B. (Schmidt)	135	15-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
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54	Double B. (Schmidt)	135	15-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
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67	Double B. (Schmidt)	135	15-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
68	Double B. (Schmidt)	135	15-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
69	Double B. (Schmidt)	135	15-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
70	Double B. (Schmidt)	135	15-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
71	Double B. (Schmidt)	135	15-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
72	Double B. (Schmidt)	135	15-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
73	Double B. (Schmidt)	135	15-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
74	Double B. (Schmidt)	135	15-2	Wing, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper, Tipper,	
75	Double B. (Schmidt)	135			

Sale—Automobiles 98

RALLER 1936 De Luxe Coupe; 6 pass.; 100 h.p.; engine; \$899. Terms Co. 2078 (Dahler).

MERCURY \$725
1939 4-door Trunk Sedan. Radio and heater, interior black finish, immediate delivery. Call for details. Dealer's weekly new tires and a motor that fairly jumps. Original owner. Price reduced by original owner who certainly knew how to care for and handle a car. Call for details. Dealer's office in a lifetime offer. Liberal terms.

HYATTSVILLE AUTO CO.
Your Dearborn Buick Dealer
Hyattsville, Md. Phone BR. 4025

OLDSMOBILE \$420
1937 2-Dr. Trunk Sedan. New tires; A-1 condition. Call for details. Dealer's office.

PASANKO MOTORS—Pittsburgh,
Oldsmobile Park Md. (Ballo. Blvd.) OR. 3206

CHEVROLET \$799
1938 2-door Big Six Trunk Sedan. Beautifully driven only 6,000 miles by original owner. Beautiful gumglut finish. Same as new. Excellent mechanical condition. Wonderful savings at our low price only \$799. Trade and terms.

STANLEY H. WOODMAN, Inc.,
6th and Florida Ave. S.E. Atl. G664.

OLDSMOBILE—1938 5-passenger—4-door
Trunk Sedan. 6 cylinder, gray finish, excellent mechanical condition. Heater, good mechanical condition. Dealer's office at 1903 C. C. C. guarantees open trade. Call for details. Dealer's office.

CAPITOL CADILLAC CO.
1222 22d St. N.W. Natl. 3306.

PACKARD \$295
1935 4-door trunk sedan, truly a car of class and distinction, exceptionally attractive appearance and fine performance, very clean. You simply cannot find a better value at this price.

FRANK SMALL, JR.
1553 Pa. ave. S.E. Lincoln 2077.

PACKARD 1936 Straight 8, Series 4000, 4-door, 5-pass. Sedan; 6-wheel equipment; beautiful condition; excellent appearance and fine performance; quick sale. Terms and trade. Hill & Associates, 1114 Vermont ave. n.w., Natl. 0850.

PACKARD—1938 de luxe "H" 4-dr. trk. sedan,
4630; terms Co. 618-d-3.

PACKARD \$575
1937 4-Door Touring Sedan. Custom heater, beautiful ray finish, fine clean interior appearance and fine performance. Splendid motor; truly a car of class and distinction. Dealer's office. Dealer's office own for years to come; liberal trade; convenient terms.

STUART MOTOR CO.
428 West New York Ave. N.Y. Ma. 3000.

PACKARD 1936 "120" Trunk Sedan, radio, heater, mechanically A-1, conditionally guaranteed. Dealer's office. Dealer's office only down At Kay, Lt. 7460.

PLYMOUTH \$799
1937 2-Dr. Touring Sedan; clean; mechanical condition; dealer's office.

LUSTINE-NICHOLSON MOTOR CO.
Hyattsville, Md. Ballo. Blvd. GR. 2200.

PLYMOUTH—1936 Trunk Sedan. Excellent
condition. Dealer's office. Dealer's office only \$289.

COAST-IN, INC.
4th and Fla. Ave. NE. Atl. 4628.

PLYMOUTH—1935 Rumble Seat Coupe. New
wheels. 1245. TOM'S AUTO SERVICE, INC. n.w. ME. 2460.

PLYMOUTH \$415
1937 De Luxe 4-door trunk sedan, radio and heater, excellent mechanical condition, clean interior of excellent material appearance and fine performance. This car represents remarkable values; liberal trade easy terms.

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2007 Nichols Ave. S.E. Lincoln 2077.

PLYMOUTH—1937 De Luxe Sedan. Original
finish; excellent tires; spotless interior; excellent mechanical condition and fully guaranteed for your safety. Compare for full appreciation. Drive now!

CHESTERN MOTOR CO.
1511 Florida Ave. N.W. Hobart 5000.

PLYMOUTH—1937 4-door coupe. Liberal
trade choice from all and are in excellent condition throughout. Choice at \$235. Terms and trade. Dealer's office.

22d and N. Sts. N.W. ME. 4004.

PLYMOUTH \$275
1936 Coupe with rumble seat; radio and heater; exceptionally clean; mechanically perfect. Dealer's office.

HALEY'S INC.
2020 M St. N.W. National 1900.

STUDEBAKER \$399
1937 2-Dr. Trunk Sedan. Radio and heater; full de luxe equipment; beautifully finished body; fully guaranteed by original owner. Dealer's office.

STEWART MOTOR CO.
3d and D Sts. N.W. Meade 3800.

STUDEBAKER—1937 Dictator Sed. Run-
good cond.; acc. ALex. 3368-e after 5000.

STUDEBAKER \$599
1936 4-door Standard Trunk Sedan. Beautiful black finish is like new. Equipped with white sidewall tires. Very low mileage. Excellent mechanical condition reflected in its superb condition. A real buy! Only \$595. Liberal trade and terms.

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'37 DE SOTO — 5-passenger trunk sedan. Truly beautiful, excellent mechanically \$425

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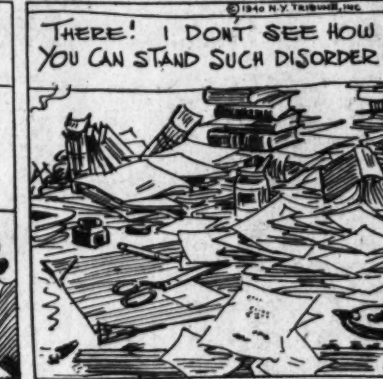
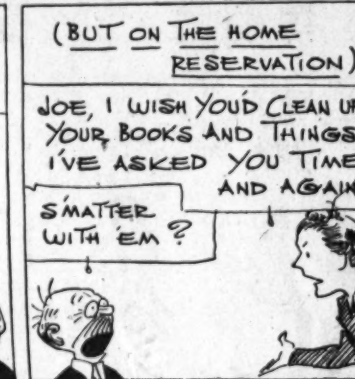
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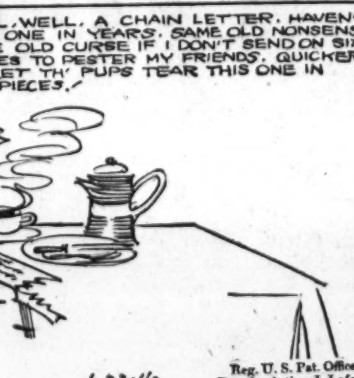
BY ARTHUR FOLWELL AND ELLISON HOOVER



NAPOLION AND UNCLE ELLY



SPENCE EASLEY



Daily Cross Word Puzzle

ACROSS

1. Usual in splendor 23. Large fishing nets 36. Potted vegetable 50. Anglo-Saxon money of account

6. Decree 24. Chop off 37. Obliteration 53. Package 63. Greatest amount

10. Cistern 25. Fragrant 39. Voracity 54. Package 64. Exploit

14. Priest's linen 27. Water vessel 41. Obtained 55. Oak bark used for leather processes

28. Military men 42. Bathed 56. Thorny flowers 57. Wing-shaped 58. Drip through a branch

16. Live plant 33. To check by 43. Thorny flowers 57. Wing-shaped 58. Drip through a branch

17. Women rulers 35. River embankment 47. Became lachrymose 59. Excessive name 60. Denoting maiden

20. Intermittent fever 35. River embankment 47. Became lachrymose 59. Excessive name 60. Denoting maiden

21. Solidity to jelly 48. Worn by friction 62. Impeal

DOWN

1. Pertaining to a branch 33. A Western lily with an edible bulb 34. Bolster up 35. Crowbar 36. Shaking noisily 37. Villain 38. Policeman: colloq. 39. Publishing staff 40. Tennis equipment 41. Go one's way 42. Old Italian playing card 43. Proportion of one thing to another 44. To the back 45. Anything ripe for the plucking 46. Airplane: colloq. 47. Wretched attire 48. Tailor 49. Denoting maiden 50. Dogmatic creed

YESTERDAY'S SOLUTION.

NONCHALANT FIRM APOLOGIZER UNTO VITUPERATE ZEAL ANUS DAN NOZZLE LEBEL'S SCHEDULE PAPPY BORER GEN ARRY SORER SLAY SAI CHORD COVLY SYMPHONY BOW ROUE DAW ELL SCRAWL AIR STUN PLAY DEMORALIZE RUDE EXONERATOR NEAR RESENTMENT

Listen! with Slocum

The news that Edward G. Robinson would be in town for the President's Birthday shindig brings to mind one of the weirdest personal experiences since the day I saw one of the country's really great cinema lovers with his toupe on askew.

A couple of years back, in my capacity as a salaried minion in the CBS press department in New York, I was thrown into somewhat personal contact with Mr. Robinson and found him a very fine gent, indeed.

Not for a minute would I want you to feel that I'm one of those fellows who thinks Dorothy Lamour speaks only pidgin English because she talked that way in a cinema once, or that Boris Karloff's muscular reflexes are controlled by a dry battery and six-cylinder engine because I saw him in "Frankenstein." On the other hand, for many a moon now, I have seen Robinson hurling death and bad grammar all over the screen. While I wasn't really surprised when I discovered he didn't carry a machine gun, I didn't expect to find the polished and affable gentleman that was Mr. Robinson.

To begin with, as they never say at dear old Oxford, I suspect they build Robinson's machine guns to scale. He's that tiny. He doesn't speak out of the corner of his mouth, and just like you and me, he's scared of headwaiters. When Mrs. R. says "Let's go home now, dear," he

Private Lives

By Edwin Cox

GREATEST HINDSIGHT SHOT.
IN OFFICIAL ENGLAND IS
LORD PRIVY SEAL
SIR SAMUEL HOARE.
HE DOES IT ALL WITH THE
AID OF MIRRORS!

LIKE A MONK'S CELL
IS THIS
MYSTERIOUS HIDE-AWAY
BEHIND A
SECRET PANEL
IN THE OFFICE OF
ELY CULBERTSON.
HERE, WITH ONLY
A COT,
A KITCHENETTE
AND A GAMING TABLE,
THE BRIDGE-WIZARD
RETIRES TO COMMUNE
WITH HIS CARDS.

FRAMED POKER HAND
ON THE WALLS OF NEW YORK'S
CARNEGIE HALL: TEN, JACK,
QUEEN, KING AND ACE OF HEARTS!
IT WAS ONCE HELD BY
MAURICE VON PRAAG,
PHILHARMONIC MANAGER.

Contract Bridge

By Florence Osborn.

If you have difficulty bidding slams, take heart. Look at the blunders made by a few of our smart contributors will do a lot to cheer you up.

N. J. Z., Jr., submits this hand, asking "Who was to blame for bidding six?"

The cards:

North
74
K5
AK853
KJ76

West
NORTH
WEST
SOUTH
EAST
Pass
Pass
Pass
Pass

Under ordinary circumstances this would be a gambling six-spade bid. Declarer has a losing club, but if the hearts break 3-3, one ruff will establish the suit. It is unlikely, however, due to the freakish nature of both hands plus the warning in the opponent's bid, that anything like a 3-3 heart break will develop.

North should not go to six, but should take his partner back to four spades, a preference of suits. With his strength in diamonds or clubs, he should not try for a slam.

Ship Movements

At New York
Arrived Yesterday
No arrivals scheduled.
Arrive Tomorrow
Manhattan, from Naples.
Sailing Today
Beemsterdijk, for Rotterdam.
Express, for Sezonika.
Sailing Tomorrow
No sailings scheduled.

Lighting the Kitchen

In planning the location of lighting fixtures in the kitchen, the prospective home owner should bear in mind that the two focal points of the kitchen are the stove and the sink.

Today's Radio Highlights

Aunt Molly Jackson has exchanged her home in the Kentucky mountains for a flat in New York, but she has lost none of her native ability as an interpreter of the love ballads of pioneer America. This morning she makes the first of two appearances with Alan Lomax-WJLS, 9:15 p. m.

Pearl Buck, the only American woman to receive the Nobel prize in literature, speaks at the conclusion of the Gallant American Women broadcast which dramatizes the story of America through the eyes of pioneer women writers-WMAL, 2 p. m.

From Baltimore, the National Colored Choral Symphony of 75 voices presents a program of spirituals and modern interpretations-WOL, 7:30 p. m.

Dudley Digges, celebrated character actor of the screen, and Oscar Levant, whose "A Smattering of Ignorance" has been highly praised by the critics, smatter away on Information Please-WMAL, 8:30 p. m.

Sam Jaffe, who was the Grand Lama of Shangri-la in "Lost Horizon," plays Sganio, the Indian who greeted the pilgrims in the English tongue when they landed in Massachusetts-WMAL, 9 p. m.

Victor Lusinchi speaks from the General Headquarters of the French staff from somewhere in France-WOL, 9:15 p. m.

Alfred Wallenstein conducts the Concerto No. 18 in B flat on the Mozart Concerto Series-WOL, 9:30 p. m.

The United States Junior Chamber of Commerce presents its annual National Distinguished Service Award to the young man under 35 who has made the greatest contribution to the United States during the last year-WMAL, 11:05 p. m.

Tuesday, January 23		Washington	Eastern Standard Time
WMAL 476M-630KC	WRC 316M-950KC	WOL 229M-1,230KC	WJLS 206M-1,460KC
6:00	Gordon Hitmark		Arthur Godfrey
6:15			
6:30	Today's Prelude	Ari Brown	
6:45			
7:00			
7:15	Boordon; News		
7:30	STATION PDS	Walter Compton	News & Godfrey
7:45	PRESENTS	Art Brown	Arthur Godfrey
8:00	News; PDS	News; Hittmark	
8:15	Present	Gordon Hitmark	Arthur Godfrey
8:30	Earl Godwin		Walter Compton
8:45	Melodianna		Art Brown
9:00	News; B. Club	News; M's Mason	Wm. Courage
9:15	The	Mary Mason	Mrs. Northcross
9:30	Breakfast	Club Three Romes	Walter Compton
9:45			
10:00	Wildwood Ch.	Man I Married	Successful Living
10:15	Day is Ours	John's Other Wife	Traffic Court
10:30	Mary Marlin	Just Plain Bill	Keep Fit
10:45	Novaltes	Woman in White	Choir Loft
11:00	European News	David Harum	Peggy Fitzgerald
11:15	Dr. Malone	Wilton Kaye	Life Begins
11:30	Traveling Chef	Against the Storm	Hits and Bits
11:45	The Doctor Says	Guiding Light	E. Butterfield
AFTERNOON PROGRAMS			
12:00	Indian Indigo	News	Luncheon Music
12:15	Phil Brito	The O'Neill's	Walter Compton
12:30	National	Organ Recitals	String Orchestra
12:45		Farm and	The Carters
1:00	Home Hour	Mile o' Dimes	The Happy Gang
1:15	Virginia Hays	Read of Life	Wilton Kaye
1:30	Spyglass	Some Like	Tony Wakeman
1:45	European News	It Old	
2:00	Gallant Ameri-	Betty and Bob	
2:15	cas	Grimm's Daughter	
2:30	Army Band	Valiant Lady	
2:45		Church Hymns	
3:00	Divorce Orphan	Mary Marlin	Walter Compton
3:15	Chase Twins	Ma Perkins	Tony Wakeman
3:30	Anthony's Aff.	Pepper Young	
3:45	Bookends	Vic and Sade	
4:00	Club Matinee	Backstage Wife	
4:15		Stella Dallas	
4:30	March o' Dimes	Lorenza Jones	
4:45	News	Widow Brown	
5:00	It's Five	Girl Alone	Meet Miss Julia
5:15	O'clock	Midstream	Johnson Family
5:30	Bad Barton	Jack Armstrong	Jimmy Allen
5:45	Tom Mix	Betty Barrett	Orphan Annie
EVENING PROGRAMS			
6:00	Sports Review	News; Streamliner	Sports Resume
6:15	European News	Streamliner	Tune Time
6:30	Radio Varieties	Bankhage	Walter Compton
6:45	Lowell Thomas	Streamliner	Melodic Game
7:00	Easy Aces	Fred Waring	Fulton Lewis, Jr.
7:15	Mr. Keen	I Love a Mystery	Synopation
7:30	Thomas E.	Melody Camosa	National Colored
7:45	Dewey	Little Brown Book	Choral Symphony
8:00	The Aldrich	Johnny	Ned Jordan
8:15	Family	Present	Secret Agent
8:30	Information	Pot of Gold	Morton Gould's
8:45	Please		Orchestra
9:00	Cavalcade	Battle of the Sexes	Victor Lusinchi
9:15	America	Fibber McGee	Mozart Concerto
9:30	European News	Molly	
9:45	Hockey Game		
10:00	European News	Bob Hope	Toronto
10:15	Washington		Symphony
10:30	Eagles	Uncle Walter's	News
10:45	Ice Hockey	Dog House	Toronto Symph.
11:00	News	News and Sports	Jack McLean's
11:15	Messenger's Orch.	Weems' Orch.	Orchestra
11:30	Music Ton	Blue Barons	Dick Jargen's
11:45	Deane	Orchestra	Thompson Or.

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By ELLERY QUEEN

Chapter 10

The Dragon's Teeth

AFTER dinner that evening Kerrie, on the plea of feeling ill after her accident, excused herself and glanced pointedly at her friend.

VI followed several minutes later, and Kerrie locked all the doors of her rooms.

"Well, Kerrie? What do you think?"

Kerrie was pale. "I'm the only one who rides Panjandrum, and the horseshoe nails were loosened deliberately. Somebody tried to kill me today. The same one who tried to kill me the other night."

"Kerrie. Why don't you call the police?"

"There'd be no way to prove our suspicions. We've got to prove... someone did it—the one who did."

"Or Ellery Queen. He's a detective. He—"

"No! He's... I just couldn't. I won't crawl to him for help. Vi."

Kerrie sat down on her bed and smoothed the spread. "There's only one person in this world who would benefit from my death. Vi."

Her voice trembled. "And that's Margo! She's so terribly extravagant. Her weekly checks are mortgaged for months ahead. Mr. Goossens told me yesterday when I asked, 'She wants my share, and if I die, she'd get it. And then—she hates me because of... him. It's Margo, Vi—Margo who climbed into my room the other night, Margo who loosened those nails this morning!'"

"Let's get out of here," whispered her friend. "Give it up, Kerrie. You haven't been happy here, anyway, with all that money. Kerrie, let's go back to Hollywood."

Kerrie's mouth set stubbornly. "I won't be chased away."

"It's not the money," cried Vi. "It's this big man of a chippy-chipper who looks like Bob Taylor. Don't tell me!"

Kerrie looked away.

"You're in love with him and because you are, you're proposing to keep living in the same house with a—blonde swivel-hips who's tried twice to kill you and won't stop till she has!"

"She won't drive me away," said Kerrie in a low voice.

BEFORE VI awoke the next morning, Kerrie stole out of the house and hurried down to the stables.

Jeff Crombie, Tarrytown blacksmith, was just getting out of his runabout.

"Oh, Miss Shawn," he removed his hat, twisting it in his permanently blackened fingers. "I was just comin' up to see you. I hear you had a fall yesterday."

"It was nothing, Jeff," smiled Kerrie.

"I sorta feel responsible, Miss Shawn," said the smith. "Your groom told me on the phone the right forehoof came almost off. I just shod the mare yesterday mornin' with my own hands, and I can't see how—"

"Now, Jeff, it wasn't your fault. Forget it."

"But I'd like to have a look at that shoe, Miss Shawn."

"Such a bother about a little accident! Panjandrum must have caught her right forefoot in the cleft of a buried rock, and at the speed she was making the shoe was wrenched almost completely away from the hoof."

"Oh," said the smith. "I didn't want you thinkin' it was any carelessness of mine, Miss Shawn. You feelin' all right?"

"Right as rain, Jeff."

"Sorry about the mare. She was a daisy."

"Is Jeff?"

"The blacksmith was astonished. 'Ain't you shot her yet?' he'd be thinking she'd be better off, poor thing, out of her misery—"

"Dr. Pickens told me about a certain veterinary in Canada who's supposed to be able to mend horses' broken legs. Some new method that gets them over the bad period and makes them good as new. So I'm shipping Panjandrum North today."

The smith touched his eyebrow with two soiled fingers and drove off, shaking his head.

Kerrie went into the stable. The mare lay in soft straw, a temporary splint holding her broken foreleg stiff. Dr. Pickens, the local veterinary, had also padded and swathed her other legs from hoof and pastern to above the knees. Panjandrum's great-moist eyes looked dull and unhappy.

"How is she?" Kerrie asked the groom.

"So-so, Miss. Hasn't done much kickin'. Doc Pickens was here again

this mornin' and gave her some-thin' to quiet her. But I don't know how long she'll stay that way."

"Poor darlin'." Kerrie knelt in the straw and stroked the glossy neck. "I'm havin' that stable cat up from the New York yards just as quickly as possible. They'll have it on the Tarrytown siding at 11 o'clock."

"Doc says he's goin' along, Miss."

"Yes, and I want you to go, too, Henry. We've got to save her life."

"Yes, Miss." Henry did not seem too sanguine.

Kerrie rose, brushing her knees. She said casually: "By the way, Henry, have you seen Miss Cole this morning? I wanted to ask her—"

"Why, no, Miss. She told me yesterday, after she brought Lord Barhurst in, that she wouldn't ride today."

"Oh, Miss Cole rode yesterday?" murmured Kerrie. "About what time, Henry? I didn't see her on the path."

"She rode before you did, Miss Shawn. Regular horsewoman, Miss Cole is. Even unsaddled Lord Barhurst herself when she came in—wouldn't let me touch him."

"Yes," smiled Kerrie, "she's quite an enthusiast. How is she as a groom—"

"To tell the truth, Miss, I didn't see her. She sent me on down into town in her car for something—a new kind of saddle soap. When I got back—that was just before you and Miss Day came down for Panjandrum and the stallion—Lord Barhurst was unsaddled, right proper, and Miss Cole was gone."

Kerrie's heart leaped. So Margo had been in the stable, alone, before. There were plenty of tools about, and she was a powerful woman. It wouldn't have been hard for her to loosen most of the nails in Panjandrum's shoe... It had been Margo!

"Henry," Kerrie tried to keep her voice from betraying her. "I shouldn't want Miss Cole to think I'd been—well, you know, checking up on her. You know how women are about things like that."

She smiled at him. "So don't mention that I'd been asking you questions about her, eh?"

"No, Miss," said Henry, looking puzzled. "Not if you don't want me to. Only it's funny you should tell me that, just after Mr. Queen told me the same thing."

"Mr. Queen?" said Kerrie sharply. "He's been here this morning? Asking questions, too?"

"Yes, Miss, and about Miss Cole, too. He said not to say anything to her, or to—"

Henry stopped, struck.

"Or to me?"

"Well—yes, Miss. I didn't mean to, but it sort of slipped out."

Henry's grip on the \$5 bill Beau had given him tightened in the pocket of his jodhpurs.

"I'm sure you didn't. Where is Mr. Queen now?"

"He had me saddle Duke for him and rode up the path."

Kerrie sauntered out of the stables. She glanced casually over her shoulder after a few yards to see if the groom was watching her. When she saw he was not, she ran like a doe.

KERRIE SPED up the bridle-path, her sports shoes making no sound in the soft earth.

So he was spying! He had heard about her accident!

The only one who could have told him was Margo. He hadn't been at the house yesterday, but just before dinner last evening Margo had had a telephone call, and from her dulcet tone and coy air the caller could only have been...

Kerrie tried not to think his name. Margo had murmured something about calling him back—later. She must have told him then.

And here he was. Furtively. When Kerrie came to the turn in the path beyond which she had been thrown the previous morning, she stopped, warned by Duke's distinctive whinny.

She stole into the woods paralleling the bridle-path and noiselessly made her way to a screen of trees and bushes near the spot where Panjandrum had fallen. She peered out through the leaves of a clump of wild blueberry bushes.

Duke was moving slowly along, nosing in the grass and bushes beside the path for succulent tidbits.

And he... he was on his hands and knees in the path, nosing, too. Like a bloodhound. He was skin-

ning the surface of the ground with his palm, brushing grains of dirt aside. He knelt sideways to her, his eyes intent on the earth.

Was it possible he suspected? But how could he? Of course! He knew about the first attempt in her bedroom. That was it. And, learning about her "accident," he suspected at once that it might have been no accident at all. Or else... But Kerrie shut her mind to "or else." There was a horrid possibility—

He growled excitedly, starting her. He was hunched over the path now, examining two pieces of twisted metal. The other two horseshoe nails—he'd found them!

He jumped to his feet and glanced suspiciously around. Kerrie shrank. Then he slipped the two nails into his pocket, leaped on Duke's back, and galloped off toward the stables.

Or else...

Kerrie came slowly out of the bushes. Or else he knew it was no accident. Or else... he was Margo's confederate and had sneaked down here early in the morning to get hold of the telltale evidence of those wrenched nails, to dispose of... to dispose of the evidence!

Kerrie stood still in the path. It couldn't be. He just couldn't be that... But he and Margo were thick as—yes, thieves! Why not murderers? She had seen him kiss Margo that morning in the garden. They were always together. They were always whispering, running off into dark corners, hours of it... And later, Margo would look like a tigress after a full meal. All puffs and claws. Her white cheeks pink with an inner excitement. That hateful glitter of triumph in her slanted Egyptian eyes. And he...

He thought money was everything. He had said so, in a moment of what must have been unusual honesty for him. Kerrie thought she understood. There had been a time when money seemed all-important to her, too. He didn't have much himself. Kerrie was sure of that. It wouldn't be so unusual for a poor man under the spell of a ruthless, beautiful woman like Margo to help her plan the death—

of...

Kerrie cried out: "No!"

The sound of her own voice brought her to her senses. She became conscious of the woods, and that she was alone in them.

She started back for the house at once. First she went slowly. Then her stride lengthened. Then she began to trot. And then to run. And finally she was sprinting along the path between the sentinel walls of the woods like a frightened rabbit pursued by a pack of hounds in full cry.

KERRIE drove her roadster up to the station at a few minutes past 11. The stable car she had ordered was lying on the spur beyond the station. Henry, the groom, was on the platform talking to the agent.

"Is Panjandrum all right, Henry? Did you get her into the car without any trouble?"

"She's lyin' in there snug as a bug, Miss Shawn."

"Where's Dr. Pickens?"

"He'll be along in a few minutes. There's still plenty of time for the 11:30. Don't worry about the mare, Miss."

"I think I'll sort of say goodbye to her," said Kerrie slowly. "No, don't bother, Henry."

She trudged along to the siding. Outside the stable car she stopped short, frowning. Some one was in the car.

She couldn't see his face; but his wide back was unmistakable. He was squatting on his heels before Panjandrum, doing something quickly and powerfully, as if haste were imperative, to the mare's left forefoot. Bandages and packing were strewn about the car's floor.

Kerrie watched in a storm of breathlessness. What was he up to now?

Beau grunted with satisfaction and straightened up, and she saw what he had been doing. He had removed the mare's left forehoof.

He examined it hastily, then thrust shoe and loosened nails into the bulging pocket of his baggy sackcoat. And he bent over again to replace the packing and bandages. The mare lay still, and his big hands worked with rapidity.

Kerrie leaned against the side of the car, miserable. Of course. Margo must have loosened the nails of the left forehoof as well as of the right. Just to make sure she thought bitterly. No one had thought to examine it except... And how could he have known unless Margo had told him?

Removing the evidence of her guilt again!

Kerrie took command of herself. At least she had one card up her sleeve. He—she—didn't know she knew. She had passed her fall off as an accident. They thought she didn't suspect. Let them! That was her only protection now.

She stole off a few yards and then approached the car noisily. And she called out in a voice she tried to make unconcerned: "Dr. Pickens! Is that you in the car?"

Beau appeared in the doorway instantly.

"Oh! Hello," said Kerrie. "I thought it was the veterinary in there. What are you doing?"

He jumped to the ground. "I heard about your accident and—"

"Come to pay your respects to the horse?"

He said abruptly: "You all right?"

"Never better, thank you."

"Well," he stood frowning at the ground. "I guess I'll amble along. Hope the mare can be saved."

He strode away. Kerrie did not look after him. She went into the stable car. From there, she looked. He was plying up and down behind the station—near her car!

To Be Continued

TERRY AND THE PIRATES



BIG CHIEF WAHOO



MICKEY FINN



DIXIE DUGAN



DONALD DUCK



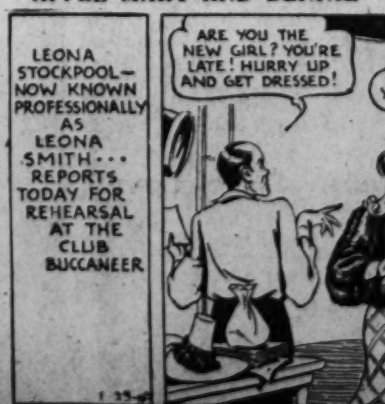
DON WINSLOW OF THE NAVY



NED BRANT—A Story of College Athletics



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BY SAUNDERS AND WOGGON



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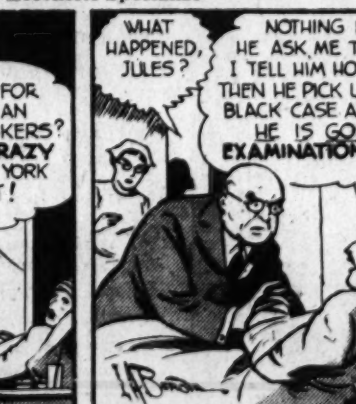
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His Sole's in His Work!



The Eccentric Specialist



BY BOB ZUPPKE



Mary Worth's Family



BY MILTON CANIFF



BY LANK LEONARD



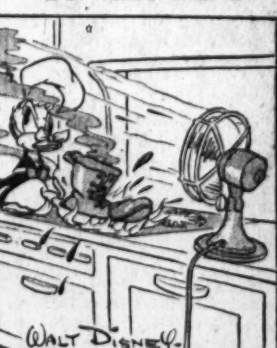
BY J. P. McEVY AND H. J. STRIEBEL



BY WALT DISNEY



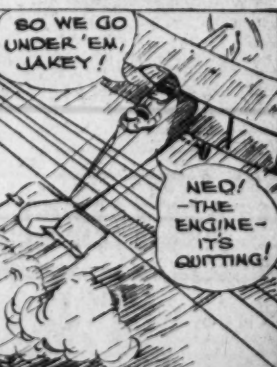
BY FRANK MARTINEK



BY BOB ZUPPKE



By Dale Allen



BY BOB ZUPPKE



Grin and Bear It

By Lichty



Cure of War Conferees Hear Plea for Finns

U. S. Might Do Better
To Aid Allies Now.
Says Dr. Gideonse

America might stand its best chance of keeping out of war by helping embattled Finland, Dr. Harry D. Gideonse, president of Brooklyn College, told the Fifteenth Conference on the Cause and Cure of War here last night.

On support of Finland, he declared, hangs not only the future of Scandinavian democracy but the future of world democracy. If, during the European war, he warned, the "Allies are brought as nearly to their knees as they were in 1918," this Nation will undergo the same emotional experience that brought her into the last war.

Dr. Gideonse, a former Harvard University economics professor, suggested that it might be advisable for the United States to "throw all into the Allied side now as a means of keeping our boys home."

"Price of Peace" Stressed
The conference heard Dr. Gideonse declare:
"The price of peace is commitment to definite action in case of infringement by aggression. We have had enough of moralizing. The Pope and the President both agree that a lasting world peace must be 'organized.' Educationally, it is far more important to stress the price of peace rather than the purpose of peace."

Public Opinion "Weird"

"American public opinion at present," he declared, "is the weirdest mixture of irresponsible isolationism and incessant meddling with other people's business." For recent utterances on international affairs he cited Col. Charles A. Lindbergh as "a kind of political illiterate, but somewhat representative of public opinion."

The 600 delegates in the Washington Hotel applauded when Dr. Gideonse endorsed an international police force with all civil and military aviation operated as an "international public utility."

Miss Josephine Schain, conference chairman, declared that America should "do everything short of war to strengthen the defense against those who seek to settle controversies by force." She suggested that a beginning might be made by "ceasing to supply . . . Japan."

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, 81-year-old founder of the conference, is expected in Washington when Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt addresses delegates at a banquet tomorrow night.

Help Invited In Naming Streets Of Silver Spring

The Allied Civic Groups of Silver Spring, Md., last night voted to request civic groups to name members to a committee considering the renumbering and renaming of streets.

The committee will submit its report to member bodies of the organization before passing it on to the Maryland Park and Planning Commission.

Members of the committee include Blair Lee 3d, chairman; Paul M. Coughlin, vice chairman; Berry A. Clark, Lieut. Calvin W. Schaeffer, Stewart Lashley, George W. Davis, L. B. Moulton, R. C. Halbach, John L. Dean, F. J. Felker, Rhee Burkett, T. H. Parkman, Harry B. Horne and John Geary.

\$45,235 Restitution Paid in Virginia

Richmond, Va., Jan. 22 (AP)—The State wage and hour office reported today that Virginia firms have paid \$45,235 in restitution to employees as the result of violations of the wage and hour act since it was put into effect in October, 1938.

W. C. Cole, director of Region 5, which includes Virginia, said the amount averaged approximately \$15 for each of the 6,973 employees who received payments about \$5 Virginia concerns have been affected.

Motta Dies at 69; Swiss Statesman

Berne, Switzerland (Tuesday), Jan. 23 (AP)—Giuseppe Motta, five times President of Switzerland and a member of the government since 1911, died at his home here today. He was 69. At the time of his death he was chief of the political department.

It's a Safe Bet That They're Talking About Autos



JOHANNES SCHIOTT ERNEST M. LIED LEE D. BUTLER R. J. (Dick) MURPHY
Secretary Past President Cochairman Mgr., W. A. T. A.
Dealers in the automotive industry "talk shop" at the convention of the National Automobile Dealers Association at the Mayflower Hotel. More than 200 members registered yesterday. The conclave will be opened formally today at 10 a. m. A luncheon sponsored by the Washington Automotive Trade Association will be held at 12:15 p. m.

Syphilis Cases Rising, Health Council Told

30 Pct. Gain Disclosed
By Dr. Vonderlehr;
Detection Better

Effectiveness of methods for detecting syphilis has increased 300 per cent in the last two years, Dr. R. A. Vonderlehr, assistant surgeon general of the U. S. Public Health Service, reported to the National Advisory Health Council yesterday.

At the same time, Dr. Vonderlehr told the semiannual gathering of medical scientists and educators the number of persons in the United States submitting to tests for syphilis has doubled since the end of 1937. Last year 5,500,000 persons were examined for the disease, Dr. Vonderlehr said.

The health official, who heads the venereal disease section of the Health Service, in reporting on progress of syphilis control under the Federal venereal disease act, also disclosed an increase of from 30 to 35 per cent in the number of newly acquired or acute cases under treatment.

In addition, Dr. Vonderlehr said, use of effective arsenical drugs in treatment of the disease increased by 5,000,000 doses between 1938 and 1939.

Dr. J. W. Mountain, assistant surgeon general in charge of State relations, gave the council evidence of accelerated health activities in the States. The Federal Government, he reported, is participating in \$51,000,000 of State health programs.

He listed work in pneumonia and cancer control and industrial and dental hygiene among fields in which State and local health departments have shown increasing interest.

Members of the council were greeted at a meeting in the Public Health Service auditorium in the morning by Thomas Parran, the surgeon general, and Paul V. McNutt, Federal security administrator. In the afternoon the council made a detailed study of research activities at the National Institute of Health.

Jackson's Son Honored

New Haven, Conn., Jan. 22.—William Eldred Jackson, Yale junior and son of Attorney General Robert H. Jackson, tonight was elected vice chairman of Yale Daily News, one of the most important campus newspapers. Kingman Brewster, of Cambridge, Mass., was named chairman.



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Postlude

Mrs. Lawrence Townsend presents Jean Tennyson, soprano; Orren Pernel, violinist, and Felix Salmond, violoncellist, in the "Moyg House" Hotel, ballroom. Monday morning. Accompanists: Arpad Sandor, Brooks Smith and Ralph Berkovitz.

At her 116th musical morning yesterday, Mrs. Lawrence Townsend introduced to Washington Jean Tennyson, American soprano and Orren Pernel, English violinist, in the company of an artist whose visits here are too rare to satisfy his many admirers, Felix Salmond. This triplicity of talent somewhat crowded the program to the detriment of each participant, although all the auditors may not agree with that dictum, since some concertgoers like plenty of variety.

That peerless chivalier of the cello, Felix Salmond, was naturally the dominant personality in the recital. One of the greatest masters of the instrument on the technical side, he has a tone quite his own and his musicianship is without reproach. In the firmness of his bowing, the surety of his intonation, and the luscious quality of his cantabile, he is unique in his generation, while his artistic perception illuminates the music that he plays.

His contributions to the program were the andante from Rakhmaninov's G minor sonata for cello and

piano, the "Berceuse" of Faure, Glazunov's "Serenade Espagnole," the intermezzo from Lalo's D major concerto, and a melody dedicated to him by Frank Bridge. His readings were penetrating in interpretation and eloquent in the poetry of his tone.

Making her first appearance here, Orren Pernel devoted her first group to the gravity of Bach's so-called "Air on the G String" and the scintillating gaiety of Mozart's G major rondo. The composition in which she really allowed one to estimate her abilities was Joaquin Turina's "Poema de una Sanlucana," which requires imagination, skill and interpretative finesse. On the basis of that performance, one pronounces her an intelligent artist, sincere in purpose and persuasive in method. Although her tone is not always impeccable, she has a sound and capable technique. Her most interesting trait disclosed on this occasion was her obvious sympathy with modern music.

If Jean Tennyson's voice were as lovely as her face, she would be a singer of well-nigh irresistible fascination. One regrets, however, that her upper tones counteract the magic of her countenance. As she produces them, they are constrained, robbed of their resonance and mal-treated with vibrato. From the difference in quality between the round and well-colored lower tones and the whiteness of the high register, one surmises that she has a natural mezzo voice which may yet be developed into richness.

In her two groups of songs, she gave her hearers the aria "Adieu, note petite table," from Massenet's "Manon," Koechlin's "La Lune," Hahn's "Dune Prison," Bemberg's "Venetian Song," the "Ave Maria" from Verdi's "Otello," Guarnieri's "Caro il mio bambino," Warren's "My Lady Lo-Fu" and Walter

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Funeral Today For Mrs. Rogers In Arlington, Va.

Services for Mrs. Catherine M. Rogers, 59, Arlington County civic leader, will be at 9:30 a. m. today at St. Charles Catholic Church, Arlington. Burial will be in Columbia Gardens.

Mrs. Rogers was a charter member and former president of the Arlington County Chapter of the American Red Cross, and organizer of half a dozen women's civic groups. She was decorated by the War Department in 1918 for selling liberty bonds.

A resident of Arlington County for 27 years, she died Saturday at her home, 1216 North Vernon street. Surviving are her husband, John W. Rogers, and a brother, J. Charles Callahan, of Washington.

Midwest Attacks Rail Rates

Five Midwestern States petitioned the Interstate Commerce Commission yesterday to reconsider its recent decision in the North-South freight rate case. The States were Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio and Wisconsin.

The commission ordered lower rates effective February 1 on a dozen manufactured articles moving from Southern producing areas into the North.

The Midwestern States, in a joint brief, charged that the commission failed to follow "appropriate rate-making factors" but predicated its

decision "upon the economic effect" which the new rates are calculated to produce.

The Midwestern States charged the South did not want "mile-for-mile parity."

"It wants to reach the market of the North against the competition of Northern producers who are located closer to these destinations, the petition added.

Northern railroads have filed notice with the commission that they intend to seek reconsideration of the case.

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